

AQUARIUS USER GUIDE

Aquarius Dataset Version 5.0

Guide Version: 8.0

November 27, 2017

Revision: 21

Document #: JPL D-70012 AQ-010-UG-0008

JPL URS CL#: 17-5944

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center (PO.DAAC)

Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology

4800 Oak Grove Drive

Pasadena

California 91109-8099

Document Change Record

Author	Reason for Change	Pages/paragraphs changed	Date of revision
Gregg Foti	1. Original Draft	All	11 Aug. 2011
Chris Finch	2. Clean up section 4.2, other minor edits	All	16 Sep. 2011
J. Vazquez	3. Changed footprint sizes of radiometer and scatterometer	6,7	20 Oct 2011
J. Vazquez	4. Updated table on Level 3 metadata		25 Jan 2012
V. Tsontos	5. Editorial review		26 Jan 2012
V. Tsontos	6. Update of Level 2 metadata variables associated with the release of version 1.2.2 of the Aquarius dataset	29	16 Mar. 2012
V. Tsontos	7. Update of Level 2 metadata variables associated with the release of version 1.2.3 of the Aquarius dataset	29	16 Mar. 2012
V. Tsontos	8. Added copyright information to title page	1	22 Mar. 2012
V. Tsontos	9. Updated Level 2 & 3 metadata for version 1.2.3 of the Aquarius dataset. Formatting improvements.	Various	29 Mar. 2012
V. Tsontos	10. Updated Level 2 & 3 metadata for version 1.3 of the Aquarius dataset.	Various	20 Apr. 2012
V. Tsontos	11. Updated Level 2 scatterometer-related descriptions based on information from the L2 Data Description excerpt/update document AQ-485-0541 (6/3/2012)	Section 4.2 & associated tables Acronyms, Appendices	07 Jun. 2012
V. Tsontos	12. Updated document based on comments received from A. Freedman (JPL)	Minor edits of the following: Tables 8,10,12,14,15,22; Section 7; Appendix 2	14 Jun.2012
V. Tsontos	13. Updated Radiometer & Scatterometer Flag information based on document Aquarius_Level-2_Flags_1.3.2.pdf from D. Levine (GSFC)	Tables 11 & 12	21 Jul. 2012
V. Tsontos	14. Updated L2 metadata and dataset information based on document Aquarius_Level-2_Data_Products_1.3.2.pdf (G. Feldman) and examination of v1.3.2 L2 files	Tables 7-15 and associated section text	8 Aug. 2012
V. Tsontos	15. Updated L2 metadata and dataset information based on document Aquarius_Level-2_Data_Products_1.3.5.pdf (G. Feldman) and examination of v1.3.5 L2 files	Section 4. Tables 7-15 and associated section text	22 Oct. 2012
V. Tsontos	16. Updated L2 metadata and dataset information based on document Aquarius_Level-2_Data_Products_1.3.5.pdf (G. Feldman) and examination of v1.3.5 L2 files (G. Feldman) and examination of v1.3.7 L2 files	Section 4. Tables 5, 7-15 and associated section text	3 Jan. 2013
V. Tsontos	17. Revamped several sections and restructured doc. Changes include:	Numerous	6 Feb. 2013 20 Feb 2013 21 Feb 2013

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - list and direct links to key external Aquarius Tech docs in relevant Guide sections - Updated Data Access section (no registration) and added Tools & Services information. - added figures in Introduction section - Updated L1, L2 & L3 metadata based on V2.0 file inspection, and source V2.0 data specification document from provider OBPG (eg. Aquarius_Level-2_Data_Products_2.0.doc, F. Patt). -Removed references and tables on L3- Binn products - modified Appendices 		
V. Tsontos	18. Updated several sections with new information pertaining to V3.0 of the dataset. Changes include: 1) added description of improvements with the new dataset 2) updated links to include new external V3.0 technical documentation, 3) added information on new tools/services now available for Aquarius, 4) updated Matlab reader section, 5) updated L2 & L3 metadata tables/description based on V2.0 file inspection, and source V3.0 data specification document from provider OBPG.	Numerous	5-7 Feb. 2014 7 Apr. 2014 20 Apr. 2014
V. Tsontos	19. Updated several sections with information/descriptions relating to the new V3.0 L2 SSS_bias_adj variable and associated L3 datasets. Updated the summary of V3.0 changes section. Updated links for the latest V3.0 technical documents. Added a description on SeaDAS in the tools & services section.	Numerous	2-3 Jun. 2014
V. Tsontos	20. Updated several sections with information/descriptions relating to v4.0 of the Aquarius data and associated changes: new variables and L3 datasets. Updated all links for the latest V4.0 technical documents and tools/ services.	Numerous	20-26 Jun. 2015 & 13 Jul. 2015
V. Tsontos	21. V5.0 end-of-mission update. Edited several sections with information/descriptions relating to v5.0 of the Aquarius data and associated changes: updates to metadata attributes, new variables and L3 datasets. Updated all links for the latest V5.0 technical documents and tools/ services.	Numerous	1-6 Nov. 2017 & 27 Nov. 2017

Summary

The Aquarius/SAC-D mission is a joint effort between NASA (National Aeronautics and Space Administration) and the Argentinian Space Agency, CONAE (Comisión Nacional de Actividades Espaciales), and is the first mission with the primary goal of measuring salinity from space in support of oceanographic and climate science-related applications. The Aquarius/SAC-D observatory carries the Aquarius microwave radiometer built to be an order of magnitude more accurate than any previous earth science radiometers previously launched. Other instrumentation onboard includes a scatterometer providing coincident measurements used in sea surface roughness corrections. Complementary use of both the high sensitivity Aquarius radiometer and the scatterometer aboard the SAC-D satellite are critical for obtaining more accurate salinity retrievals needed for water cycle studies and earth science applications.

On June 10, 2011 the Aquarius/SAC-D mission was launched, and the flow of public evaluation data products (V1.1) from Aquarius began on 8/27/2012. On February 2013 a key milestone was achieved by the Aquarius Science Team with the official release of the first validated Aquarius dataset (V2.0). This was followed in June 2014 with the release of the Aquarius V3.0 dataset implementing a range of enhancements in the sea surface salinity (SSS) retrieval algorithm. These included: corrections for ascending/descending orbit biases, improvements in the salinity retrieval roughness correction (use of both V and H polarizations), modifications to the radiometer drift correction, Antenna temperature polarization coefficients (TND), and flagging protocols used also in the production of L3 datasets. Release of the V4.0 dataset in July 2015 was a further important milestone for the Aquarius project with the achievement of the mission accuracy requirement (0.2 PSU RMS globally, on monthly and 150km x150km scales). Specific SSS retrieval algorithm enhancements with V4.0 included: improvement of the salinity retrieval geophysical model for SST bias, empirical correction for observed coupling of the 3rd and 1st Stokes parameter, significant wave height correction, estimation of SSS uncertainties (both systematic and random components), and inclusion of a new density variable. A range of new L3 datasets, monthly and seasonal climatology products, plus 7-day and 28-day running mean products, were also introduced with V4.0.

November 2017 marks the culmination of calibration/validation efforts over the course of the Aquarius/SAC-D mission with the public release of the official end-of-mission NASA Aquarius mission V5.0 dataset. This new version implements additional algorithm advances further improving global SSS accuracy metrics further below mission requirements. A set of new L3m Spiciness and rain-flagged SSS products also accompany the release of V5.0.

Like its predecessor, the Aquarius V5.0 end-of-prime mission dataset spans the complete 3 year, 9 nine month period of Aquarius science data availability, from August 25, 2011 through June 7, 2015 when an unrecoverable hardware failure caused the end of the mission at 12:53:17 UTC. While no future forward processing of Aquarius data will be possible as a consequence, future reprocessing of the Aquarius data is likely under NASA salinity program continuation efforts. Subsequent updates will be released when measurable improvements in retrieval algorithms and data are achieved.

The Aquarius data are processed and provided by the Aquarius Data Processing System (ADPS) at the Ocean Biological Processing Group (OBPG, NASA/GSFC). The Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center (PO.DAAC, NASA/JPL) is the designated NASA data archive for the Aquarius project. PO.DAAC hosts all Aquarius datasets identified by the Science Team for long-term archival and distribution. This document is a guide to understanding, reading, accessing and using the Aquarius data products available from PO.DAAC. Pointers to detailed documentation on specific technical matters pertaining to Aquarius and other key external information resources are also provided.

Table of Contents

Summary	4
Table of Contents.....	5
List of Figures	7
List of Tables	7
1 Introduction.....	8
1.1 Overview of Aquarius V5.0 Algorithm & Processing Changes.....	8
1.2 Guide Purpose.....	9
1.3 Overview of the Aquarius/SAC-D Mission	9
1.3.1 Sea Surface Salinity Definition.....	10
1.3.2 Aquarius Orbit.....	10
1.3.3 Aquarius Instruments	10
1.3.4 Aquarius Salinity Retrieval Overview.....	10
1.3.5 Aquarius Processing and Data Flows.....	11
1.4 Aquarius Information Resources & Documentation.....	13
1.4.1 User Support	13
1.4.2 On-line Information Resources	13
1.4.3 Aquarius Technical Documentation.....	13
2 Aquarius Data Discovery & Access	16
2.1 Search.....	16
2.2 Data Access via FTP and Site Organization.....	16
2.2.1 ReadMe Files	16
2.2.2 Data Directories	17
2.2.3 Documentation Directory	17
2.2.4 Reader Software Directory.....	18
2.3 Data Access via Web-services.....	18
2.3.1 OPeNDAP.....	18
2.3.2 THREDDS.....	18
2.3.3 PO.DAAC Web-Services.....	18
2.4 Data Access via Tools	19
2.4.1 Aquarius/SAC-D Event Log.....	19
2.4.2 Level-2 Browsers.....	19
2.4.3 HITIDE Level-2 Subsetting	20
2.4.4 Aquarius Level-3 Browsers.....	21
2.4.5 SOTO L3 Visualization	21
2.4.6 LAS L3 Subsetting & Visualization	22
2.4.7 SeaDAS Aquarius Data Processing, Visualization & Analysis.....	22
2.4.8 Reader Software	23
3 Aquarius Data Products.....	27
3.1 Level-0 Product	27
3.2 Level-1A Product	27
3.3 Level-2 Product	27

3.4	Level-3 mapped Products	28
3.5	File Naming Conventions	47
4	Aquarius Data Product Structure	49
4.1	Global Metadata Attributes	49
4.2	Level-1A Product Description	54
4.3	Level-2 File Organization & Description	58
4.3.1	Global Metadata	58
4.3.2	“Aquarius Data” Group Variables	61
4.3.3	“Block Attributes” Group Variables	73
4.3.4	“Aquarius Flags” Group Variables	74
4.3.5	“Navigation” Group Variables	81
4.3.6	“Converted Telemetry” Group Variables	83
4.4	Level-3 File Organization & Description	85
4.4.1	Level-3 Standard Mapped Image File Structure	86
5	Aquarius Data Accuracy and Validation	89
6	References	90
7	Acronyms & Abbreviations	94
8	Appendix 1: Aquarius Ancillary Data	95
9	Appendix 2: PO.DAAC Dataset Level Metadata	96
10	Appendix 3: Archival of Aquarius Evaluation Datasets	98

List of Figures

Figure 1. Aquarius Mission Design and Measurement Approach.	9
Figure 2. Aquarius Project Interfaces.....	11
Figure 3. Overview of Aquarius Data Processing via ADPS at OBPG/GSFC	12
Figure 4. Roadmap to the Aquarius Documentation	14

List of Tables

Table 1. PO.DAAC FTP-site Organization for Aquarius by Product Level	17
Table 2. Aquarius V5.0 L2 & L3 standard mapped image (SMI) Datasets (177) by Product Level/Type .	30
Table 3. Aquarius Data File Naming Conventions.....	48
Table 4. Aquarius Data file Global Attributes by Data Product Level/Type.	49
Table 5. Aquarius L1A Global Attributes and Values Listed by Category.	54
Table 6. Aquarius L1A Data Variables and Associated Attribute Values by Group.	55
Table 7. Aquarius L2 Data File Global Metadata Attributes by Category.	59
Table 8. Description of “ <i>Aquarius Data</i> ” Group of Aquarius Level-2 Files.	62
Table 9. Variables associated with the “ <i>Block Attributes</i> ” Group of Aquarius Level-2 files.	73
Table 10. Variables belonging to the Level-2 file group “ <i>Aquarius Flags</i> ”.	74
Table 11. Attributes associated with members of “ <i>Aquarius Flags</i> ” L2 data group.	75
Table 12. Conditions indicated in <i>radiometer_flags</i> variable of the Level-2 “ <i>Aquarius Flags</i> ” group	77
Table 13. Conditions in <i>scatterometer_flags</i> variable of the Level-2 “ <i>Aquarius Flags</i> ” group.	80
Table 14. Data variables belonging to the Level-2 file group “ <i>Navigation</i> ”.	81
Table 15. Data variables belonging to the Level-2 file group “ <i>Converted Telemetry</i> ”.	83
Table 16. Aquarius L3 Mapped Global Metadata Attributes.	86
Table 19. List of Abbreviations and Definitions Employed in the Aquarius User Guide Document.....	944
Table 20. Dataset-level Metadata for Archived Datasets in PO.DAAC’s On-line Catalogue.	96

1 Introduction

This document is the Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center's (PO.DAAC) Aquarius data user's guide. The Guide is current to V5.0 of the Aquarius data, the end-of-mission dataset, which was released and made publicly available via the PO.DAAC in November 2017. Previous releases of versions 2.0 in February 2013 and V3.0 in June 2014 were important milestones for Aquarius as they represented respectively the first and second operational, validated science data releases for Aquarius by the mission. The release of the Aquarius V4.0 end-of-prime-mission dataset marked further advances exemplified by the attainment of mission accuracy requirements for sea surface salinity (SSS) retrieval (0.2 PSU RMS globally, on monthly and 150km x150km scales). The Aquarius V5.0 dataset signifies the culmination of calibration/validation efforts of the mission at its close with further enhancements to the Aquarius algorithm and improvements in the quality and accuracy of the data. Changes introduced with V5.0 are summarized in section 1.1 below. A set of new L3m Spiciness and rain-flagged SSS products also accompanies the release of V5.0.

With the termination of Aquarius mission science operations due to an unrecoverable hardware failure at 12:53:17 UTC on June 7, 2015, no future forward processing of the Aquarius data has been possible. Thus as was the case for its predecessor version, the V5.0 dataset comprises the entire 3 year, 9 month record of validated Aquarius data produced by the mission from August 25, 2011 through June 7, 2015. This end-of-mission V5.0 dataset constitutes a further important contribution in the area of remotely sensed salinity of particular importance to the studies of climate, the earth's water cycle, and processes underlying salinity variation in the oceans. The Aquarius algorithm and expertise in salinity garnered during the Aquarius/SAC-D mission are now also being successfully applied to SSS retrieval from the NASA Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) mission, providing continuity in regular, global scale, high quality salinity observations. Future occasional reprocessing of the Aquarius data is likely under NASA salinity program continuation efforts as further measurable improvements in SSS retrieval algorithms and data quality are achieved.

1.1 Overview of Aquarius V5.0 Algorithm & Processing Changes

A complete [summary of changes](#) to Aquarius V5.0 algorithms and processing relative to the previous version (V3.0) is given below. Pointers to corresponding V5.0 documentation providing more detailed technical description on these aspects are also provided. No changes in either the radiometer calibration algorithm, scatterometer algorithm or quality flags occurred in V4.0. A complete listing of technical documentation covering improvements also from prior Aquarius versions is given in [section 1.4.3](#).

Changes in radiometer algorithm: (from the [Summary of Changes with V5 document](#))

Detailed Documentation: [V5.0 ATBD Addendum](#) (*Algorithm & Radiometer Calibration Changes for V5.0*).

- The source of the ancillary sea surface temperature (SST) field has been changed from the NOAA OI SST to the SST field from the Canadian Meteorological Center (CMC).
- The reference sea surface salinity (SSS) field that is used in the sensor calibration and in the derivation of TA_expected (i.e. forward algorithm) has been changed from HYCOM SSS to the analyzed monthly Scripps ARGO SSS product.
- The model for the component of celestial radiation reflected from the surface into the radiometer antenna has been updated based on a model derived from the difference between fore and aft observations of the SMAP (Soil Moisture Active Passive Mission) L-band radiometer.
- The empirical symmetrization correction which corrects asc/dsc differences has been rederived to reflect improvements in the correction for the reflected galaxy.

- The model for absorption by atmospheric oxygen has been changed from Wentz and Meissner (2016) to Liebe et al. (1992).
- Various components of the surface roughness correction model have been updated from the model of Meissner et al. (2014).
- A few changes have been made to the sensor calibration and calibration drift correction.
- In the maximum likelihood estimate (MLE) of the salinity retrieval algorithm, V-pol and H-pol have equal weight.
- The L2 files include instantaneous rain rates based on the NOAA CMORPH rain product used to filter data for rain in the calibration drift correction and also for validating the Aquarius SSS retrievals.

1.2 Guide Purpose

The purpose of this user guide document is to provide a comprehensive description of the content, format, and usage of the Aquarius data products, and the supported Level-2 swath and Level-3 mapped image data in particular. Information on how to access all Aquarius data products hosted at PO.DAAC is provided. Information resource and pointers to specific, detailed technical documentation of potential importance to Aquarius users are also given. We begin with a brief, general overview of the Aquarius mission.

1.3 Overview of the Aquarius/SAC-D Mission

[Aquarius](#) is a mission of original discovery and exploration that aims to measure sea surface salinity from space in order to provide a global view of salinity variability needed for climate studies. The mission is a collaboration between [NASA](#) and [CONAE](#) (Comisión Nacional de Actividades Espaciales), the Space Agency of Argentina.

Three decades of scientific and technological development have made it possible to accurately measure sea surface salinity (SSS) from 657 kilometers above the earth's surface. The Aquarius/SAC-D satellite orbits the earth approximately every 98 minutes, and with a swath width of 390 km across-track, completely surveys the earth every 7 days (Figure 1). Given target applications, the mission specification is for monthly averaged SSS at 150 km spatial resolution to an accuracy of 2 parts per thousand (PSU). With over 86% of global evaporation and 78% of global precipitation processes occurring over the ocean, the unprecedented frequency, broad-scale coverage, and accuracy of remotely sensed salinity data from Aquarius will provide important new insights on the hydrological cycle, oceanographic processes, and climate, greatly expanding upon extremely limited past measurements.

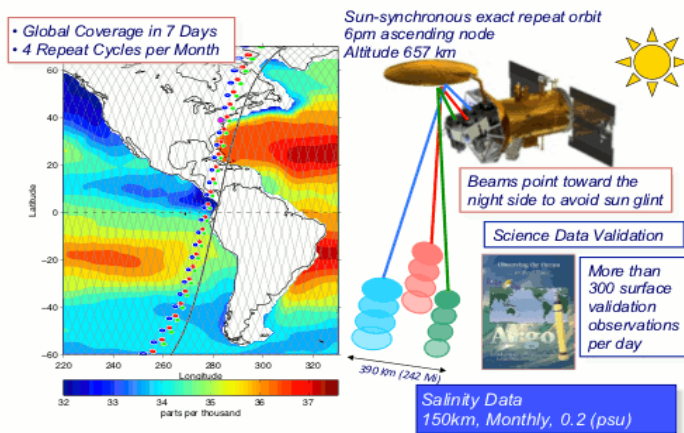


Figure 1. Aquarius Mission Design and Measurement

1.3.1 Sea Surface Salinity Definition

[Sea surface salinity](#), or [SSS](#), is the salinity of seawater near the surface of the ocean that is expressed in practical salinity units (PSU) or grams of salt/1000 grams of seawater. Aquarius uses an L-band microwave radiometer with a 1.414 GHz range that penetrates to approximately 1mm below the ocean surface. Brightness temperatures are derived from three such radiometers and are used to determine the salinity. Corrections for the roughness of the ocean surface, based on an onboard scatterometer as well as sea surface temperature, must be applied to determine an accurate SSS. Thus the resultant salinity may be considered a measurement characteristic of the top 1mm of the ocean surface.

1.3.2 Aquarius Orbit

- Sun-synchronous exact repeat orbit
- Global coverage in 7 days
- Altitude of 657 km
- Orbit period ~97 minutes 52 seconds -- 14 to 15 orbits per day – 103 orbits per week
- An orbit is defined as starting when the SAC-D spacecraft passes the South Pole.
- Ascending node of 6pm (crosses equator while traveling north at 6pm local time and while traveling south at 6am local time). This ascending node allows it to straddle the boundary between dawn and dusk at all but the highest latitudes.

1.3.3 Aquarius Instruments

- 3 radiometers in push broom alignment
- Beams are at incidence angles of 28.7, 37.8, and 45.6° incident to the ocean surface. The beams point away from the sun to mitigate glint.
- Footprints for the beams are: 74 km along track x 94 km cross track, 84x120 km and 96x156 km yielding a total cross track of 370 km.
- Radiometers measure brightness temperature at 1.414 GHz in the horizontal and vertical polarizations (T_H and T_V).
- Includes a scatterometer to measure ocean backscatter in each footprint. The scatterometer will alternately get data from each of the radiometer feed horns at 1.26 GHz. This instrument is used for surface roughness corrections to the salinity data, and has an approximate 390km swath.
- [Additional instruments aboard the Aquarius/SAC-D observatory](#) currently not directly involved in salinity measurement include: MWR, NIRST, HSC, DCS, ROSA, CARMEN I, TDP.

1.3.4 Aquarius Salinity Retrieval Overview

The Aquarius remotely sensed salinity measurement is accomplished by measuring microwave emission from the sea surface in terms of brightness temperature, and correcting for other natural emission sources and sinks. Ocean brightness temperatures (T_b) are related to the dielectric properties of seawater as described by the “Klein and Swift” dielectric model function, and at lower microwave frequencies, these properties are modulated by salinity. The 1.413 GHz (L-band) frequency used by Aquarius radiometers is sufficiently sensitive to salinity to be viable and is legally protected for scientific purposes (radio astronomy and Earth remote sensing) from radio interference. The three Aquarius microwave radiometers measure microwave brightness temperature (in units of Kelvins, K) in the vertical and horizontal polarizations (T_{bH} and T_{bV} , respectively). The radiometers also measure polarimetric channels to correct for the Faraday rotation of the signal as it passes through the ionosphere. However, the largest single error source is ocean surface roughness effects due to wind and waves; therefore, the Aquarius instrument includes an integrated

L-band (1.26 GHz) radar scatterometer to measure simultaneous oceanic backscatter in the footprint and undertake the correction based on coincident roughness measurements. The smallest errors appear in the tropical and mid-latitudes, and the largest in the sub-polar regions. Over the open ocean, salinity ranges only from about 32 to 37 PSU. An accuracy of about 0.2 PSU (or 0.1 K) global RMS when data are averaged monthly on 150-km scales is, therefore, needed to achieve the mission's science goals. Full technical details on the Aquarius algorithms are given in the [Aquarius Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document \(ATBD\) and related addenda](#) and in the [Scatterometer ATBD](#).

1.3.5 Aquarius Processing and Data Flows

The basic flow of data between components involved in the acquisition and processing of data for Aquarius/SAC-D are summarized in figures 2 and 3 below.

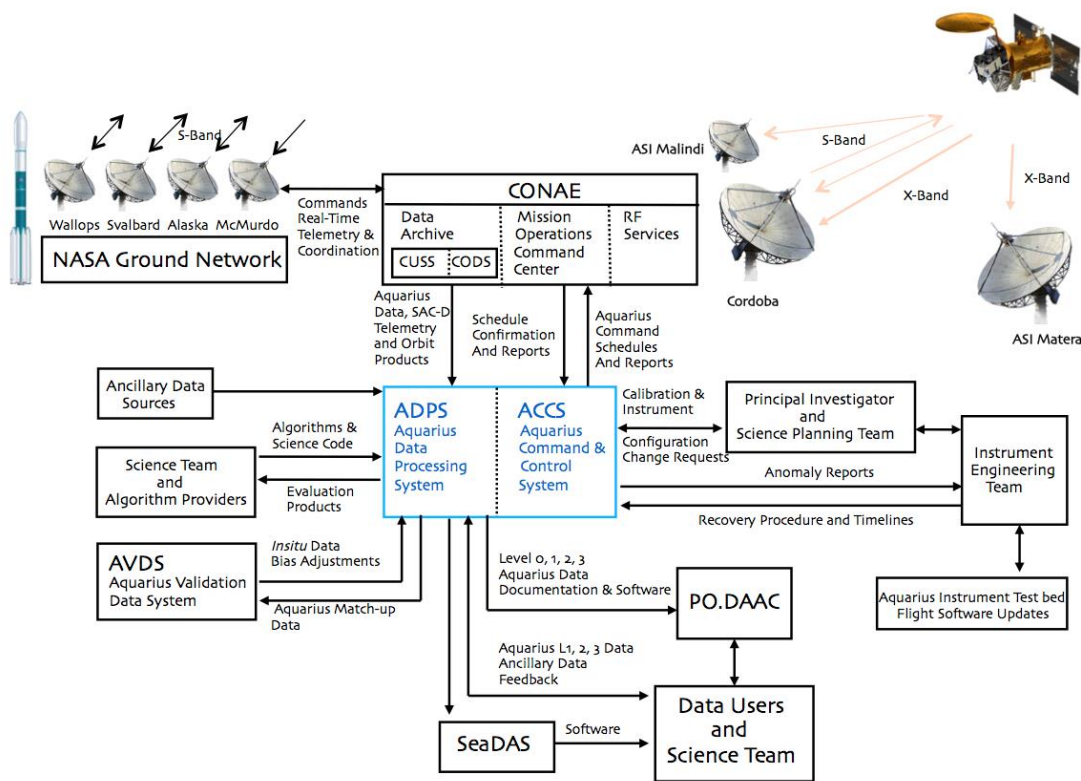


Figure 2. Aquarius Project Interfaces.

Processing Overview

Raw Aquarius HRD data files and HRT telemetry files are downlinked and archived at CONAE via a network of ground receiving stations (figure 2). An orbit may be downlinked multiple times to the CONAE ground station at Cordoba and the Matera ground station operated by the Agenzia Spaziale Italiana (ASI). Science data processing (Level-0 through Level-3 products) is undertaken by the Ocean Biological Processing Group (OBPG) at [NASA/GSFC](#). The best quality source Aquarius data are selected for each orbit during the Level-0 to 1A data processing.

Summarized in figure 3, the key stages of Aquarius science data processing via the ADPS (Aquarius Data Processing System) include:

- Level-0 Preprocessor: process each HRD downlink file to produce a single time-ordered set of Aquarius science blocks and removes duplicates.
- Level-0-to-1A: separate Level-0 files into orbits, unpack science data, incorporate overlapping ephemeris and SAC-D HKT and convert Aquarius HKT.
- Level-1A Merge: consolidate Level-1A files from overlapping downlinks into a single, best-quality full orbit product.
- Level-1A-to-2: perform calibration, atmospheric correction and salinity retrieval for Aquarius science data – radiometer and scatterometer code delivered by RSS ([Remote Sensing Systems](#)) and JPL ([NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory](#)).
- Level-2-to-3 Binning: Level-2 salinity and wind speed retrievals for one day geographically projected and collected into equal-area bins.
- Level-3 Binning and Mapping: Level-3 binned files aggregated to longer time periods (weekly, monthly, etc.) and projected onto map grid.

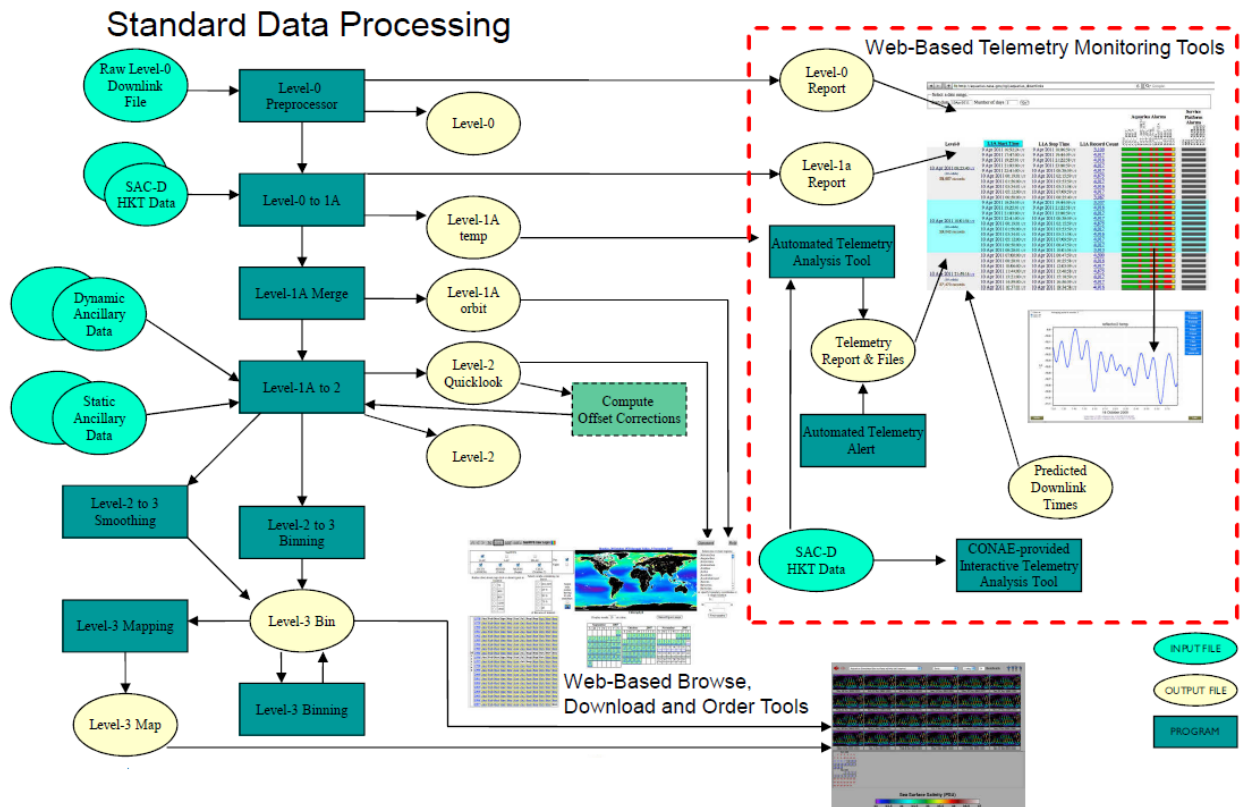


Figure 3. Overview of Aquarius Data Processing via ADPS at OBPB/GSFC

Processing additionally involves the usage of ancillary model data fields from the operational HYCOM and NCEP models (see Appendix 1 for further details on source inputs, and Aquarius Level-2 ancillary field descriptions in section 4.3.2).

Processing Frequency

At the time of writing of this Guide, Aquarius V5.0 data are processed through the end of the mission with no further forward processing of data due to the mission ending hardware failure experienced on June 7, 2015.

Data Access

Archival of and access to all Aquarius datasets is via the [PO.DAAC](#), the NASA Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center located at JPL (figure 2). PO.DAAC is the designated archive of record for Aquarius/SAC-D, responsible for the long-term archival and stewardship of Aquarius datasets (L0 through L3), key technical documents, and other related mission artifacts. PO.DAAC also provides active user support for Aquarius data users. Archived Aquarius data holdings can be searched via PO.DAAC's [online data catalog](#) and data can be accessed via a range of available [services and tools](#). Details of how users can discover and access Aquarius data products are given in section 2 below.

1.4 Aquarius Information Resources & Documentation

The present document focuses on format, access and usage aspects of the Aquarius data products for the validated, V5.0 end-of-mission release of the dataset. In this section, key information resources pertaining to Aquarius are provided together with a list of other important documentation on specific technical issues and prior version releases. Items listed are also referenced in related sections of this Guide as necessary.

1.4.1 User Support

PO.DAAC provides user support services for Aquarius. Any questions regarding Aquarius data holdings, from how to access the data through questions on data format and usage, can be submitted via email to our user services team at: podaac@podaac.jpl.nasa.gov or salinity@podaac.jpl.nasa.gov. PO.DAAC also maintains and encourages the use of its online [salinity forum](#) for fielding questions, posting information and for hosting discussions between data users and the Aquarius science team.

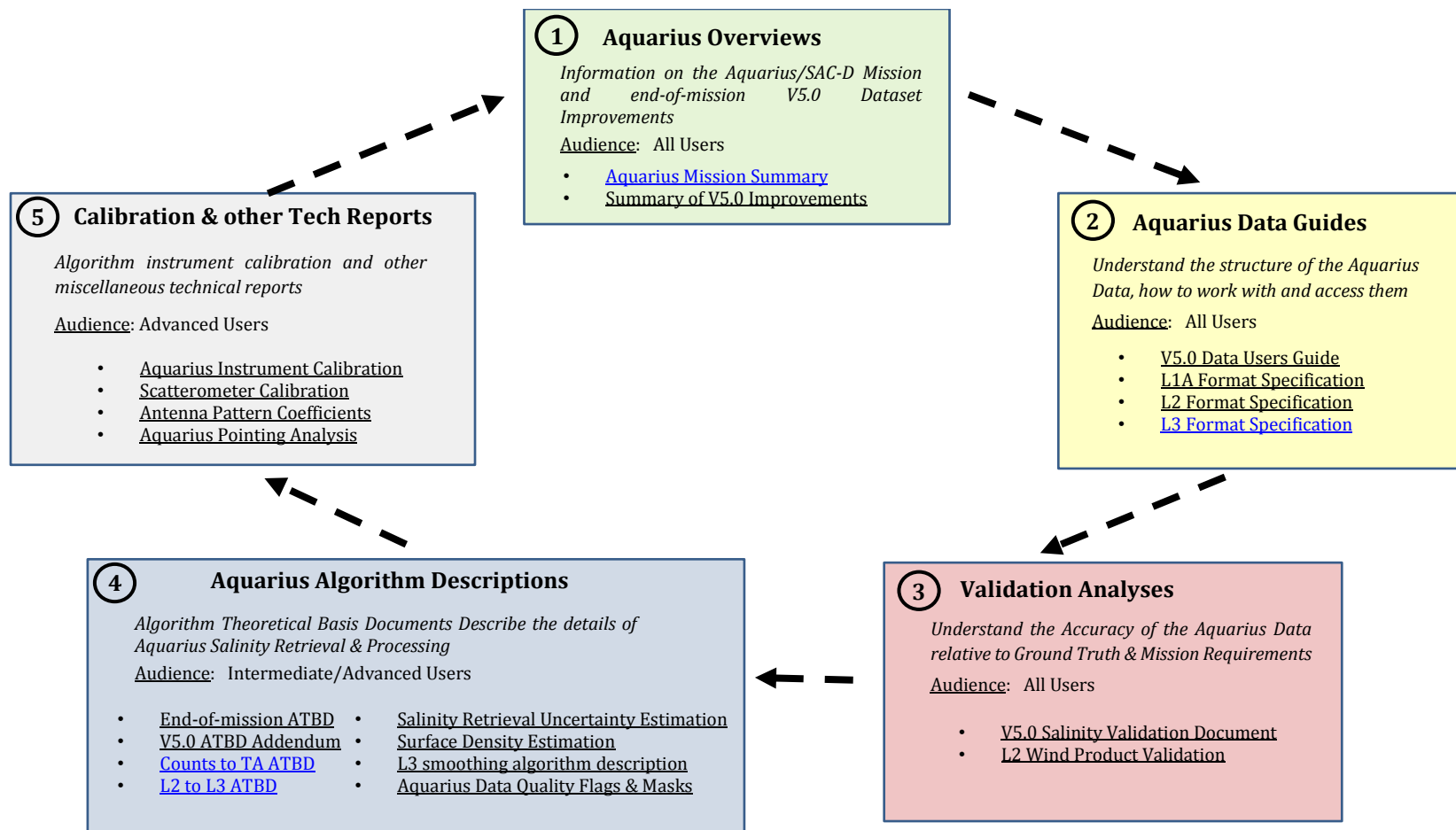
1.4.2 On-line Information Resources

General information on the Aquarius mission and its current status is available from the project website: <https://aquarius.nasa.gov/>. A [comprehensive list](#) of Aquarius/SAC-D online data access and telemetry monitoring resources are available on this site. The mission site also hosts the Aquarius [Event Log page](#), which dynamically returns information on all maneuvers, anomalies, and other critical events while also providing [graphical summaries](#) of these data. Additional information on Aquarius is available via the PO.DAAC [salinity](#) and [Aquarius](#) portal pages, and at [OBPG/GSFC web-site](#), the data provider for Aquarius (ADPS). During science mission operations through June 2015, their Aquarius Ground System WIKI provided links to a range of useful information resources, including the Major Events and Software Change Log.

1.4.3 Aquarius Technical Documentation

All key technical documents relating to Aquarius are available from the PO.DAAC public [FTP-site](#) and listed further below by category with links. The document producer is also specified. Items without hyperlinks and not on the FTP-site are in preparation. Figure 4 provides a synoptic roadmap to the Aquarius technical documentation.

Figure 4. Roadmap to the Aquarius Documentation: documents categorized by type, user audience and in suggested reading sequence
 All links are clickable and point to the source document on the PODAAC FTP-site.



Data Description Documents

- [Aquarius Data Users Guide](#) (PO.DAAC) – this document
- [L1A Data format description](#) (OBPG)
- [L2 Data format description](#) (OBPG)
- [L3 Data format description](#) (OBPG)

Algorithm Description Documents

- [L2-ATBD](#) (Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document) including radar/radiometer wind geophysical model function (RSS/GSFC) with ATBD Addendum [1](#) , [2](#) documents for V2.0 of the dataset. Further updated ATBD documentation for V3.0 algorithm and APC changes: [V3.0 ATBD Addendum III](#) (GSFC/RSS), [V3.0 APC Update memo](#). V4.0 and V5.0 algorithm improvements are captured in the [V4.0 ATBD Addendum IV](#) (GSFC/RSS) and [V5.0 ATBD Addendum V](#) (GSFC/RSS – Meissner, Wentz, Le Vine, 2017) documentation respectively. A consolidated [Aquarius mission ATBD](#) document is also available (*). Uncertainty estimation for salinity retrievals is documented in a [separate ATBD Addendum document](#), as is the computation of [Aquarius-derived Sea Surface Density](#).
- [Radar ATBD and Radar RFI algorithm](#) (JPL)

Flagging Documents

- [Flags and masks applied in L2 and L3 V3.0 data processing](#) (GSFC/RSS)
- [V3.0 performance Degradation/QC Flagging Memo](#) (RSS)

Instrument Calibration (post-launch) Documents

- [Radiometer calibration methodology with RFI algorithm description](#) & [V3.0 Addendum](#) (GSFC/RSS)
- [Pointing correction analysis](#) (RSS)
- [Radar scatterometer calibration report](#) (JPL)

Aquarius Salinity Validation Documents

- [Aquarius V5.0 Salinity data validation analysis](#) (ESR/JPL/U. Hawaii)
- [Aquarius V4.0 and V3.0 Salinity data validation analysis](#) (ESR)
- [Aquarius V2.0 Salinity data validation analysis](#) (ESR)

L3-Smoothing Document

- [L3 smoothing algorithm description](#) (implemented for L3 monthly smoothed products - ESR)

Technical documentation providers:

ESR	Earth and Space Research
GSFC	NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
JPL	NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory
PO.DAAC	Physical Oceanography DAAC, NASA/JPL
RSS	Remote Sensing Systems

* In preparation at the time of writing of this Guide

2 Aquarius Data Discovery & Access

This section describes how users can search for Aquarius data products via the PO.DAAC website portal and then access the data via available tools and services. Aquarius data archived at PO.DAAC include Level-0, Level-1A, Level-2, and Level-3 products (see section 3 for details). Please note though that only L2 and L3 Aquarius data are supported, visible via a portal search, and accessible via Tools & Services. All Aquarius products L0 through L3 are accessible via the PO.DAAC public FTP-site.

2.1 Search

The [PO.DAAC portal](#) supports interactive, drill-down searches and exposure of our data product catalogues by measurement parameter, sensor, satellite platform, collection or keyword. Simply entering the keyword “Aquarius” in the dataset search bar on the main portal page returns a [list of all Aquarius datasets](#) maintained within the PO.DAAC archive with associated metadata descriptions. Similar results can be obtained by drill-down selection via the “Browse Dataset” toolbar on the home page. Listed datasets can be further filtered by processing level, spatial and temporal resolutions, latency and other attributes and criteria via the faceted search panel on the left of the page. Clicking on individual dataset items listed returns a page with complete dataset-level metadata descriptions for the selected product. The associated “Data Access”, “Documentation” and “Granule (File) Listing” tabs are pages that respectively provide:

- A list of particular data access services (FTP, OPeNDAP, THREDDS, Web-services) available for the particular dataset, together with an indication of file format and compression information.
- A list of information resources and other documentation available for a give dataset.
- A complete listing of available data files for that product, organized by Year/Month/Day levels that can be expanded and drilled down into.

Details of catalogued dataset level metadata captured by the PO.DAAC DMAS system (Data Management & Archive System) are provided in Appendix 2.

2.2 Data Access via FTP and Site Organization

All Aquarius validated datasets and related resources are accessible via the public PO.DAAC FTP-site (<ftp://podaac-ftp.jpl.nasa.gov/allData/aquarius/>). The contents and organization of the Aquarius portion of this site is described below. *

2.2.1 ReadMe Files

The root level Aquarius folder contains three ReadMe files that summarise some information provided here and in other sections of this User’s Guide. *README.TXT* describes the site layout. Information documenting current known issues with the Aquarius dataset is available in the text file *README.KnownIssues*. *README.EventLog* describes the source, location and contents of available Aquarius Event log information. While much of this information is also captured in this Guide, users should periodically consult the READMEs for the most up to date information on these aspects. Information in the README files is dataset version independent.

* For information on how to access prior, Aquarius datasets (pre-V4.0) see Appendix 3. Note also that V4.0 will be retired from distribution within six months of the November 2015 public release of V5.0

2.2.2 Data Directories

Aquarius data on the FTP-site range from Level 0 through 3 products and are organized according to the pattern summarized in table 1.

Table 1. PO.DAAC FTP-site Organization for Aquarius by Product Level

Aquarius Data Type	Access URL prepend with ftp://podaac-ftp.jpl.nasa.gov/allData/aquarius/
Level-0	L0/SSS_0/<YYYY>/<DDD>
Level-1A	L1/SSS_1a/<YYYY>/<DDD>
Level-2	L2/<version>/<YYYY>/<DDD>
Level-3	L3/mapped/<version>/<freq>/<category> <YYYY> ...

Where:

- <YYYY> is the Year e.g. 2013 (applies to all product levels)
- <DDD> is the Julian Day of year e.g. 312 (applies to product levels 0-2)
- <version> is the version of the Aquarius dataset e.g. V5.0 (applies to all product levels 2-3)
- <freq> is the L3 product time interval: daily, 7day, monthly, seasonal, annual (applies only to level 3)
 - o R7 and R28 frequencies represent running 7 and 28-day mean products available since V5.0
 - o MC & SC frequencies represent monthly and seasonal climatology products available since V5.0
 - o Cumulative represents mission series mean products available since V4.0
- <category> is the L3 product category as follows: (applies only to level 3)
 - SCIA – maps based on data from *ascending* passes only
 - SCID – maps based on data from *descending* passes only
 - SCI – maps based on all/combined data (no filtering on ascending/descending pass)
 - SCISM – monthly smoothed salinity maps produced from combined data

Highest level sub-directories contain Aquarius data at different processing levels, from the raw binary L0 data through to the L3 mapped (gridded) products available for sea surface salinity and wind speed on daily, weekly, monthly, seasonal and annual intervals. For Level-2 data and above, files are then arranged in subdirectories by dataset version (eg. /V5). Then files are organized in lower level subdirectories by time period (eg. /Year, /DayOfYear), and in the case of L3 additionally by product time interval (daily|7day|monthly|3month) and product category (SCIA|SCID|SCI|SCISM). Note that a smoothed product is only available for monthly salinity. All other L3 mapped products are available for salinity, wind speed and density parameters for all 9 time intervals mentioned above and category combinations (ascending, descending, combined).

Information on Aquarius data products of all levels available from PO.DAAC is given in section 3 below with complete characterizations of L1A, L2 and L3 file format and metadata attribute and variable descriptions in section 4. Other than the L0 data that is binary, all other data files are in HDF5 format (<http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5/>) and bz2 compressed. Each data file has a corresponding, similarly named .md5 file that contains checksum information used to validate file transfers over the network and assure the integrity of the data.

2.2.3 Documentation Directory

The FTP-site Aquarius root level subdirectory /**docs** contains the User's Guide to the Aquarius data together with other key documents on specific technical aspects provided by the Aquarius Science Team. A listing of available items was given in section 1.4.3 above. Since this documentation is data version dependent,

users should consult available documents and associated version directory corresponding to the dataset version they are using (e.g. */docs/v5*).

2.2.4 Reader Software Directory

The FTP-site Aquarius root level subdirectory */sw* contains software written in MATLAB and IDL that can be used to read the HDF5 level-2 and level-3 data. A later section (2.4.5) describes the usage of these routines. Reader software provided will work for all versions of the Aquarius data.

2.3 Data Access via Web-services

All Aquarius datasets are additionally available via OPeNDAP and THREDDS Web-services from PO.DAAC.

2.3.1 OPeNDAP

OPeNDAP is a data transport architecture and HTTP-based protocol widely used by the earth science community and supported by PO.DAAC. It allows both interactive person-to-machine and automated machine-to-machine access to data, with optional additional data sub-setting options specified by an extended URL. The structure of the basic OPeNDAP URL for accessing Aquarius L2 and L3 datasets is as follows with an underlying directory organization for granule access via this protocol being identical to that previously described for FTP:

<https://opendap.jpl.nasa.gov/opendap/SalinityDensity/aquarius/>

2.3.2 THREDDS

Aquarius data are also accessible from PO.DAAC via THREDDS (Thematic Realtime Environmental Distributed Data Services), a framework for dynamic distributed aggregation, cataloging and publication of datasets, metadata and associated resources via the Internet. THREDDS catalogues at PO.DAAC for Aquarius salinity and wind speed datasets can be accessed via the following URLs respectively:

https://thredds.jpl.nasa.gov/thredds/catalog/ncml_aggregation/SalinityDensity/aquarius/catalog.html

https://thredds.jpl.nasa.gov/thredds/catalog/ncml_aggregation/OceanWinds/aquarius/catalog.html

Complete L3 daily, 7day, monthly, and seasonal, running mean and climatology series for salinity, wind speed and density respectively are aggregated and accessible via THREDDS. For each THREDDS aggregation, access is available via a range of protocols including OPeNDAP, WCS, WMS, NCSS, some of which permit interactive subsetting by space/time parameters. Dynamic plotting options are also available for selected data series and subsets via THREDDS.

2.3.3 PO.DAAC Web-Services

CWS (**C**onsolidated **W**eb **S**ervices) are an integrated set of Web-services developed at the PO.DAAC to facilitate automated searching and subsetting of both archived datasets and associated files. These Web-services provide users with an application programming interface (API) that can be accessed through standard web protocols (HTTP) with well-defined parameter extensions. CWS enables simple calls as HTTP requests issued via user code programmatically or from a Web-browser to discover datasets and files listing matching user defined filters, returning associated object metadata, and undertaking spatio-

temporal subsetting of data according well-specified parameters. Detailed documentation on these capabilities together with usage specifications and examples are available at <https://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/ws/>. CWS is available for Aquarius and many other datasets archived at the PO.DAAC. These Web-services at the core of some of the PO.DAAC client tools described in the following section.

2.4 Data Access via Tools

Aquarius datasets are also accessible via a suite of Aquarius and PO.DAAC Web-based tools. These are summarized briefly here with access links are provided.

2.4.1 Aquarius/SAC-D Event Log

The Aquarius mission website hosts the Aquarius [Event Log page](#). This tool dynamically returns information on all maneuvers, anomalies, and other critical events that occurred during mission science operations together with a listing of impacted data files.

Filter	Event Class	Date	Start Time	Stop Time	Duration	Description	Class	
	ADONALY	2011-09-11	14:18:43Z	2011-09-11	15:19:12Z	3636	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER
	ADONALY	2011-09-11	14:18:43Z	2011-09-11	15:19:12Z	3636	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER
	ADONALY	2011-09-13	15:14:42Z	2011-09-13	16:15:12Z	3636	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER
	ADONALY	2011-09-13	15:14:42Z	2011-09-13	16:15:12Z	3636	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER
	ADONALY	2011-09-15	16:15:12Z	2011-09-15	17:15:42Z	3636	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER
	ADONALY	2011-09-15	16:15:12Z	2011-09-15	17:15:42Z	3636	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER
	ADONALY	2011-09-15	19:46:00Z	2011-09-15	19:46:00Z	2400	Orbit Maneuver	MANUEVER

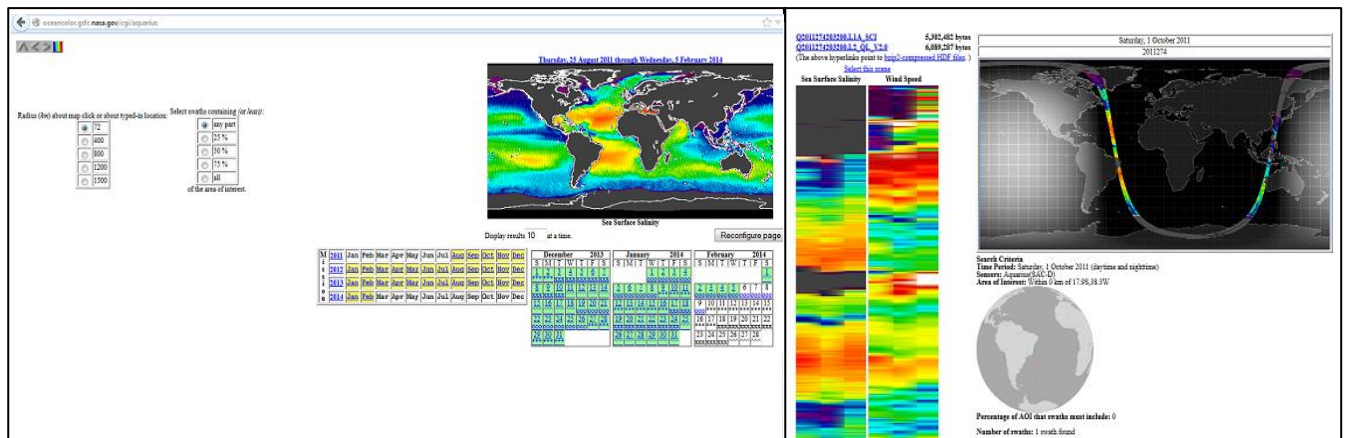
Various options for filtering the data are available, and a useful option also exists that allows users to download the log information on this page in CSV format. [Graphical summaries](#) of Aquarius/SAC-D maneuver and anomaly event statistics are also provided.

Spacecraft Maneuver and Anomaly Tracking

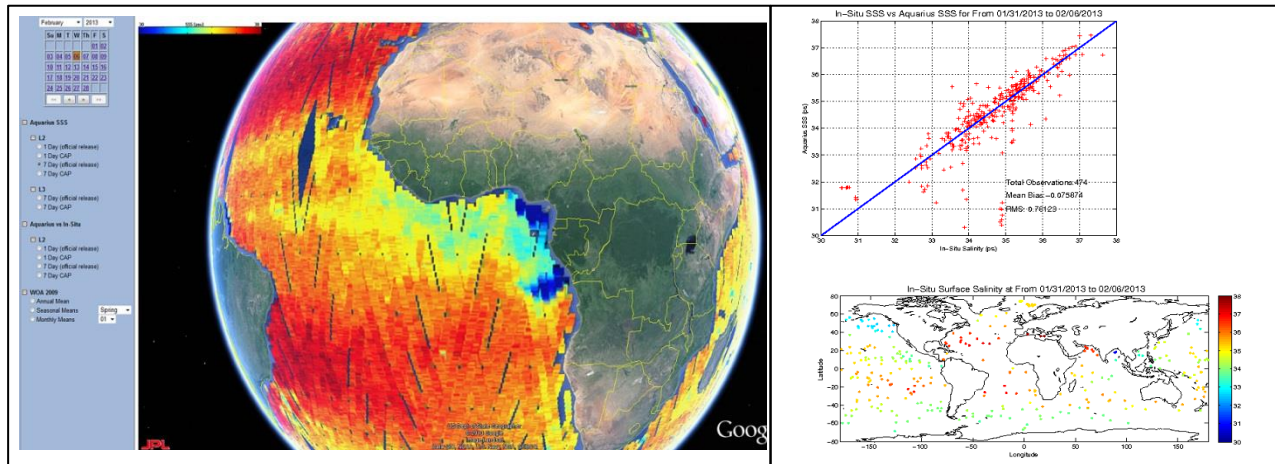
Month	Time Spent in Maneuvers							Time Spent in Anomalies							
	days	hh:mm:ss	0%	0.01%	0.1%	1%	%	days	hh:mm:ss	0%	0.01%	0.1%	1%	%	
Dec 2011	00	11:00	[Progress bar]					0.025	00	00:00	[Progress bar]				
Jan 2012	00	00:00	[Progress bar]					0	00	18:50	[Progress bar]				
Feb 2012	00	00:00	[Progress bar]					0	00	00:32	[Progress bar]				
Mar 2012	04	47:32	[Progress bar]					0.644	07	07:36	[Progress bar]				
Apr 2012	00	52:08	[Progress bar]					0.121	05	57:42	[Progress bar]				
May 2012	00	23:00	[Progress bar]					0.052	00	36:00	[Progress bar]				
Jun 2012	00	52:10	[Progress bar]					0.121	00	10:46	[Progress bar]				
Jul 2012	00	39:40	[Progress bar]					0.089	1	21:29	[Progress bar]				
Aug 2012	00	22:03	[Progress bar]					0.049	04	52:00	[Progress bar]				
Sep 2012	00	21:35	[Progress bar]					0.05	1	46:27	[Progress bar]				
Oct 2012	00	22:09	[Progress bar]					0.05	1	03:41:45	[Progress bar]				
Nov 2012	00	52:10	[Progress bar]					0.121	1	23:55:00	[Progress bar]				
Dec 2012	00	21:59	[Progress bar]					0.049	03	10:48	[Progress bar]				
Jan 2013	00	52:10	[Progress bar]					0.117	02	46:28	[Progress bar]				
Feb 2013	00	00:00	[Progress bar]					0	00	00:00	[Progress bar]				
Mission to Date 448 days 28:08:11	10	57:36	[Progress bar]					0.102	7	13:55:23	[Progress bar]				

2.4.2 Level-2 Browsers

OBPG provides a useful tool for browsing Aquarius Level 2 data by date and geographical locale (left panel of figure below) and listing data files matching specified criteria. This Level-2 Browser accessible via <https://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/cgi/aquarius> also allows users to visualize salinity and wind speed swath data for all 3 Aquarius beams for selected individual L2 orbital files (figure right panel).



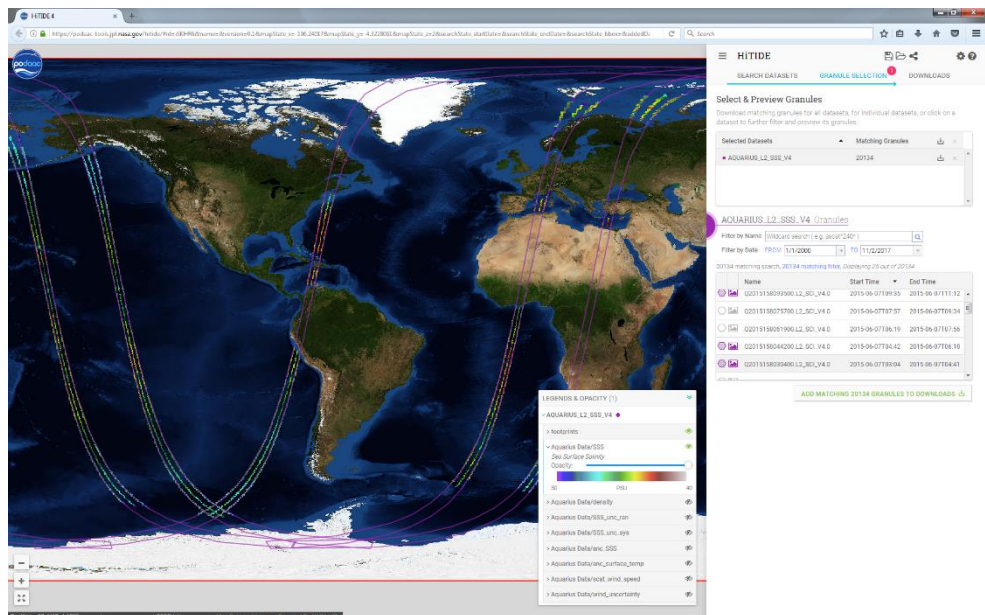
Another helpful tool for visualizing L2 orbital and L3 mapped salinity data is available at <http://sss.jpl.nasa.gov> (left panel of figure below) . This tool also facilitates visual comparisons between datasets, including plots and maps illustrating observed differences between *in-situ* (Argo-float) and satellite-based salinity measurements from Aquarius (figure right panel).



2.4.3 HITIDE Level-2 Subsetting

The **H**igh-level **T**ool for **I**nteractive **D**ata **E**xtraction (**HITIDE**) is a web-based interface facilitating the search, imaging, and extraction of select Level-2 "swath" datasets from PO.DAAC's archive. The HITIDE user interface client is powered on the back-end by a set of PO.DAAC web services (see section 2.3.3 above), providing advanced L2 data discovery and spatio-temporal subsetting capabilities via HTTP requests based on a standardized URL syntax. Users can interactively discover, visualize and subset Aquarius L2 data with HiTIDE via the following link:

<https://podaac-tools.jpl.nasa.gov/hitide/>.

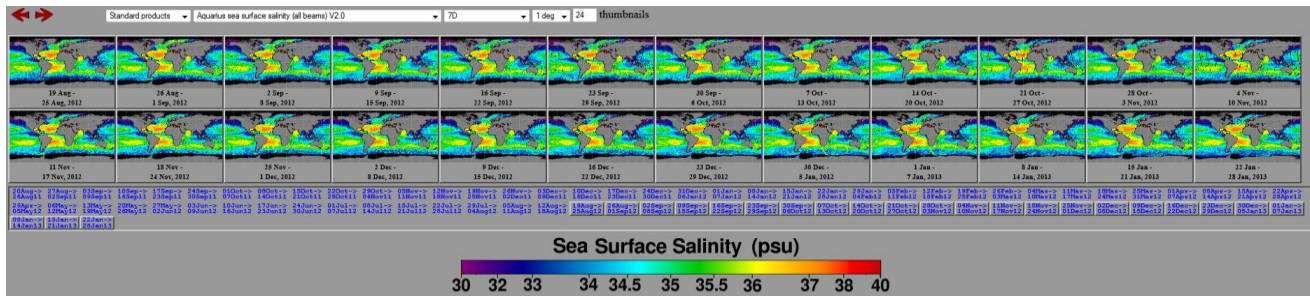


2.4.4 Aquarius Level-3 Browsers

The Aquarius Level-3 Browser tool is available at <https://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/aquarius/gallery>. Illustrated adjacent and intuitive to use, the browser allows effortless navigation and viewing of PO.DAAC Aquarius imagery data holdings by time period (Daily, Weekly or Monthly composite) as individual global sea surface salinity (SSS) maps and animation sequences.

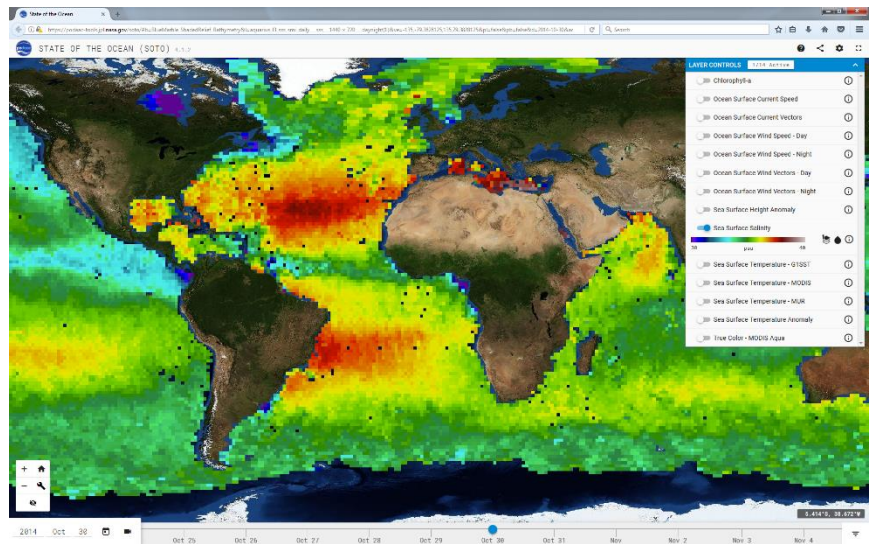


A similar useful tool for browsing Aquarius Level-3 products is available from the data provider (OBPG) at <https://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/cgi/l3>. This tool allows users to view both Aquarius salinity (SSS) and wind speed products for all available time intervals (daily, 7day, monthly, seasonal, annual) including the monthly smoothed SSS product, with the option also of examining data outputs per beam.



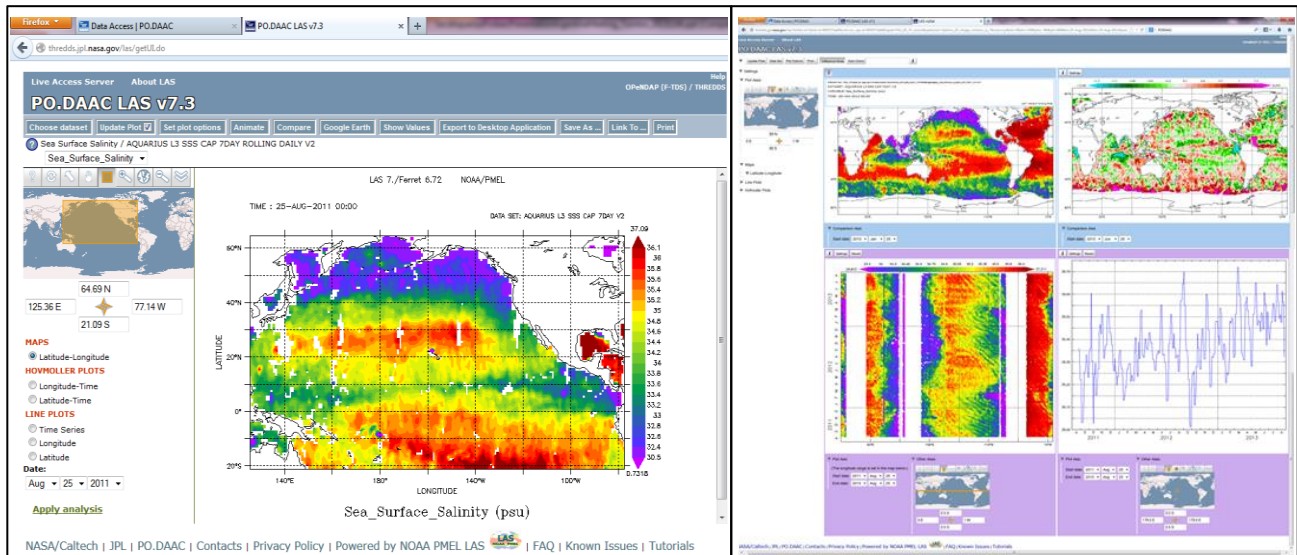
2.4.5 SOTO L3 Visualization

The SOTO (State of the Ocean) tool is a browser-based application allowing interactive visualization and animation of complete time series of a range of key environmental imagery data layers, including Aquarius salinity maps. For Aquarius, SOTO integrates the V5.0 L3, 7-day running mean product, providing global coverage, daily maps over the duration of mission science operations (25 Aug. 2011 – 7 Jun. 2015). SOTO can be accessed via <https://podaac-tools.jpl.nasa.gov/soto>.



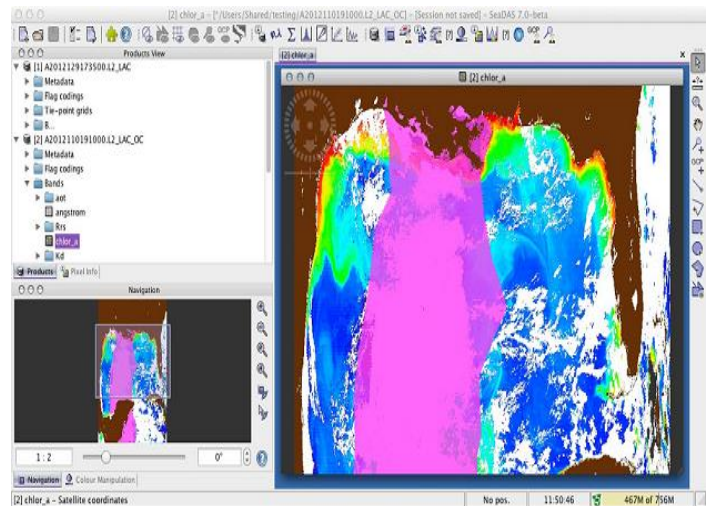
2.4.6 LAS L3 Subsetting & Visualization

The [LAS](#) (Live Access Server) tool is a web-based application for visualizing and subsetting Level 3 datasets archived at the PO.DAAC, including the Aquarius daily, 7day and monthly mapped salinity, wind speed and density data. LAS provides an intuitive graphical interface for applying spatio-temporal filters on selected datasets. It also supports analyses based on visual comparisons, simple data transformations and data layer differencing. Graphical output options include maps, Hovmoller and various types of XY-plots (eg. time series, transects). Data subsetting in LAS can be exported easily in a range of file formats, including netCDF, and ASCII comma and tab delimited files. A tutorial and quick start guide to LA are available [here](#).



2.4.7 SeaDAS Aquarius Data Processing, Visualization & Analysis

[SeaDAS](#) (SeaWiFS Data Analysis Package), developed at NASA/GSFC and as of v7.0 in collaboration with the developers of the European Space Agency's BEAM software, is a comprehensive software suite for the processing, quality control, analysis and display of remote sensing data, including Aquarius and other NASA satellite missions (eg. SeaWiFS, MODIS, MERIS, and VIIRS). The package supports satellite data processing from L0 through L3, and is integral to ADPS, the Aquarius Data Processing System implemented by the mission. SeaDAS source code, compiled binaries, and data processing modules, including that for Aquarius, are all freely available [online](#). The software is available in both Linux and Windows operating system distributions, but only the former currently supports the satellite data processing capability. Both versions provide a comprehensive set of tools and an intuitive interface for working interactively with remote sensing data.



2.4.8 Reader Software

Users simply wanting to browse the structure, metadata and data contents of Aquarius data files interactively via a GUI tool should consider the following free and easy to use software packages: [Panoply](#) (NASA/GISS) and [HDFview](#) (HDFgroup). For users wanting to access Aquarius data for analysis, PO.DAAC provides routines in MATLAB and IDL in the [\SW directory](#) of the FTP-site to read the Aquarius L2 and L3 HDF5 data files. This section briefly describes the usage of these routines. Complete documentation is provided in the source files themselves. Basic familiarity with the MATLAB and IDL scientific programming environments is assumed.

2.4.8.1 MATLAB Reader

The MATLAB reader software available consists of a generalized HDF5 function (*readHDF5*), with an optional wrapper script (*callFuncs_ReadHDF5_PlotAquarius.m*) that illustrates typical usage of the reader function and provides a plotting option via an Aquarius plotting routine (*plotAquarius.m*) that is also provided. In terms of key data output, for the Level 3 file, these MATLAB routines returns all metadata with longitude and latitude vectors (360 and 180 elements respectively) and a 2-dimensional [360x180] data array of the particular file variable (eg. SSS, Wind Speed, Density, anc_SST) corresponding to the 1 degree spatial resolution, global coverage Aquarius L3 product. For the L2 product, the routines return structure variables capturing all file metadata and variable data for all five variable Groups, each variable consistently dimensioned by the Number of Data Blocks= typically 4083 x Number of Radiometer Beams= 3, and possibly additional polarization dimensions. This read software was created using MATLAB version 7.4.0.287 with HDF5 libraries. Further details on read and wrapper routines are given below. All source code .m files contain detailed documentation as inline comments.

Reading & Plotting Aquarius Data via the Wrapper Script “callFuncs_ReadHDF5_PlotAquarius.m”

The MATLAB script file provided “*callFuncs_ReadHDF5_PlotAquarius*” is a high level/wrapper script that can be used to read any arbitrary HDF5 file (including Aquarius L2 and L3 data files), display its metadata, optionally list all file meta/data elements, and plot specified Aquarius L2 swath or L3 gridded variables. The script utilizes and illustrates how the source HDF5 reader function and Aquarius-specific plotting functions are called from within a simple MATLAB script.

USAGE

Run the script either from the MATLAB command prompt or by executing via the IDE-GUI. The script minimally invokes the data reader function (*readHDF5*) to read ALL file metadata and variable arrays to memory as structures, and optionally provide listings and/or call the plotting function to graphically display the data according to user selections.

DEPENDENCIES

The script calls the following source files and functions written in MATLAB and provided by PO.DAAC:

```
readHDF5.m      readHDF5(fpath, fname, ListFlag)
plotAquarius.m  plotAquarius(VarData, LevelFlag, PlotParameter,
                        TitleText, PlotMinValue, PlotMaxValue)
```

INPUTS ("User Inputs" code block section)

```
fpath: file path
fname: file name of source HDF5 data file
ListFlag: True/False setting to optionally output complete metadata &
          data listings sequentially for each file element
PlotFlag: True/False setting to plot Aquarius L2 or L3 data per user
          defined value range
```

PlotMinValue, PlotMaxValue: values defining the preferred value range
for plotting

L2PlotParameter: (L2 only) argument from the list below (based on the dataset index within the
HDF file) specifying the L2 variable to plot

```
-- Aquarius L2 dataset indices for plotting (from Group1 '/Aquarius Data') --  
SSS (Sea Surface Salinity)           = 22  
Scatterometer Wind Speed            = 170  
ancSSS (ARGO Ancillary SSS)         = 42  
ancSST (Ancillary SST)               = 50 (in K: adjust Plot Min/Max accordingly)  
ancWindSpeed (NCEP Wind Speed)      = 57
```

Note: index values corresponding to a given variable are valid as stated for V5.0 of the Aquarius dataset but may change for new versions of the L2 data file if the variables provided or there order changes. MATLAB commands for deriving the index of any arbitrary L2 variable are illustrated further below.

OUTPUTS

- numGlobalAttributes: variable with a count of the total number of global file Attributes
- numDatasets: variable with a count of the total number of file Datasets
- numGroups: variable with a count of the total number of file Groups
- globalMetadata: structure containing global file attributes
- dataset: structure variable (dimensioned by numDatasets) of the form dataset(n).Name|Attributes|Data

Where:

Name: element name

Attributes: concatenated element attributes (types & values)

Data: element data array

- group: structure variable (dimensioned by numGroups) of the form group(m).Name|numAttributes|Attributes|numDatasets
group(m).dataset(n).Name|Attributes|Data

Where:

numAttributes: number of element attributes

numDatasets: number of element datasets

Name: element name

Attributes: concatenated element attributes (types & values)

Data: element data array

- [Optional] - complete listing of all HDF5 file metadata and data elements to the screen (MATLAB command window). Note: output can be multiple pages long!
- [Optional] - plot figure to screen

Reading Aquarius Data Directly via the function “readHDF5.m”

The MATLAB function file provided “*readHDF5.m*” reads into memory in its entirety any arbitrary HDF5 data file selected by the user, with an option for additionally displaying file contents as listings to screen (MATLAB command window). This includes all available file metadata and hierarchically structured data elements, including global attributes and both Dataset and Group level metadata. Input arguments require specification of the file path, data filename and a listing output flag.

USAGE

Call the "readHDF5(fpath, fname, ListFlag)" function from either the MATLAB command line or within a script using suitable argument values.

INPUTS ARGUMENTS readHDF5(fPath, fName, ListFlag)

fpath: file path (include terminal "\" in the path string eg. C:\data\)

fname: name of source Aquarius HDF5 L2 or L3 data file

ListFlag: True/False flag setting to output data listings sequentially

OUTPUTS

numGlobalAttributes: variable with a count of the total number of global file Attributes

numDatasets: variable with a count of the total number of file Datasets

numGroups: variable with a count of the total number of file Groups

globalMetadata: structure containing global file attributes

dataset: structure variable (dimensioned by numDatasets) of the form

dataset(n).Name|Attributes|Data

Where...

Name: element name

Attributes: concatenated element attributes (types & values)

Data: element data array

group: structure variable (dimensioned by numGroups) of the form

group(m).Name|numAttributes|Attributes|numDatasets

group(m).dataset(n).Name|Attributes|Data

Where ...

numAttributes: number of element attributes

numDatasets: number of element datasets

Name: element name

Attributes: concatenated element attributes (types & values)

Data: element data array

[Optional] - complete listing of all HDF5 file metadata and data elements to screen

EXAMPLE:

```
[numGlobalAttributes, numDatasets, numGroups, globalMetadata, dataset, group, groupInfo] = readHDF5('C:MyPath', 'MyDataFileName', False);
```

Accessing & Working with Aquarius Data Variables in MATLAB

Entering the following function call at the MATLAB command line reads all metadata and group variables of the named Aquarius HDF5 file (L2 or 3) into memory from the designated file path and assigns them accordingly to the list of variables within brackets without outputting data to screen:

```
[numGlobalAttributes, numDatasets, numGroups, globalMetadata, dataset, group, groupInfo] = readHDF5('C:MyPath', 'MyDataFileName', False);
```

To then work with any group variable of interest one will first need to determine its reference index value. To determine the array index of any given Aquarius Data variable id that is not known (say 'rad_TbH' for example), use the following two commands after first having issued the aforementioned command to read the data into Matlab:

```
ParamNameCellArr = {group(1,1).Dataset.Name}
ParamIndx=find(ismember(ParamNameCellArr, 'rad_TbH'))
```

- The first command here simply converts the relevant portion of the group Structure containing name information into a CellArray that can then be easily interrogated by the second command
- The second command then returns the index of the CellArray matching the specified string criteria (eg. 'rad_TbH' with an index of 32 in this case).
- To find out the indices for any other parameter, simply substitute in their name in line 2 above instead of 'rad_TbH':

Once you have the necessary index for your variable of interest, execute the following sequence of commands to capture the associated parameter data into a simple MATLAB variable. This will likely be easier to work with than having to reference more the complicated structure variable containing all Group data.

For example:

```
MyVarRadTbH = group(1,1).Dataset(1,32).Data
Lat = group(1,5).Dataset(3).Data
Lon = group(1,5).Dataset(4).Data
```

- Substitute in the index of the specific variable that you want to work with locally (ie. line 1: 32 in the case of *rad_TbH*).
- Lines 2 and 3 show how to capture and assign corresponding Aquarius block georeferencing data into *Lat* and *Lon* variables.

2.4.8.2 IDL Reader

For users of IDL, the “*h5_browser*” is a GUI-based tool part of the IDL software suite that is easy to use and particularly helpful for inspecting Aquarius data products. For users wanting to read the Aquarius data particularly for analysis purposes in the IDL environment, PO.DAAC provides two IDL readers: one for the Level-2 data (*read_aquarius_hdf_L2.pro*), and one for the Level-3 data (*read_aquarius_hdf_L3_mapped.pro*). Both can be run interactively from the IDL command line.

read_aquarius_hdf_L2.pro

Usage: *rdhdf5_aq, file, data1, prt=PRT*

Input: is simply the Aquarius Level-2 file name and path.

Outputs:

- IDL structure “*data1*” contains the full array of the different parameters in the level 2 data.
- Output file “*finfo.tags*” contains a full listing of all the attributes & variables contained in different groups of the Level-2 file.

read_aquarius_hdf_L3_mapped.pro

Usage: *rdhdf5_aq, file, data1, prt=PRT*

Input: is simply the Aquarius Level-2 file name and path.

Outputs:

- IDL structure “*data1*” contains the fully mapped 1 degree sea surface salinity data contained in the L3 file.
- Output file “*finfo.tags*” contains a full listing of all the attributes & variables of the Level-3 file.

3 Aquarius Data Products

Aquarius data archived at PO.DAAC include Level-0, Level-1A, Level-2, and Level-3 products. All files are in HDF5 format with the exception of the binary Level-0. The full suite of Aquarius data products (L0 through L3) are publicly available via the PO.DAAC, but only the L2 swath/orbital and L3 gridded/mapped are supported. Archived but unsupported products at PO.DAAC include L0, and L1A data. An overview of Aquarius dataset types is provided below, and a complete listing of archived products by level is given in table 2. A total of 177 L2 through L3 products are provided as part of the Aquarius V5.0 release. New Aquarius version releases such as V5.0 or V4.0, V3.0 and V2.0 before it typically only involve changes to L2 and L3 products, and not to the source L0 and L1A data. Users should also not that while both L0 and L1A products are available from the PO.DAAC only the L2 and L3 are actually supported.

3.1 Level-0 Product

Level-0 files are raw binary data downloaded from the satellite. Typically, 4 files per day were produced during mission science operations (Phase E). These data were delivered to the Aquarius Ground Segment (AGS) at Goddard from the Argentinian Space Agency, CONAE. Processing was then undertaken at OBPB/GSFC via the ADPS.

3.2 Level-1A Product

Level-1A data products are produced from the L0 products. The ADPS sorts the raw data by time and places the data into 1 orbit (~98 minute) files with 10 minutes before and after the orbit appended to it resulting in ~118 minutes of data. The files include block attributes, converted telemetry, navigation, and raw Aquarius data. The file structure, including granular metadata and variables, can be found in section 4.2. Each file contains data for 1 orbit of Aquarius (~98 minutes) yielding 14 or 15 files per day. An orbit is defined as starting when the SAC-D spacecraft passes the South Pole. An orbit may be downlinked multiple times (either to the CONAE ground stations at Cordoba or other stations supported by CONAE). The best quality data are selected for each orbit during the L0 to 1A data processing and used to create the input L1A file.

3.3 Level-2 Product

An Aquarius Level-2 product is generated by the ADPS from the corresponding source L1A product and is stored as one physical HDF file. Thus as for the L1A, each L2 file contains data for 1 orbit of Aquarius (~98 minutes) yielding 14 or 15 files per day. The L2 product contains the geo-physical measurements as computed from the L1A data, either at the instrument or the observed surface locations along with coordinates of viewed locations and navigation data. The instrument data includes the radiometer observed brightness temperatures and scatterometer normalized radar cross-section (NRCS) data, with calculated sea surface salinity and wind speeds derived from these. L2 files also contain some variables with ancillary data from select sources. L2 orbital/swath files additionally contain quality flags, block data and navigation data. As the Aquarius instrument gets data through 3 feed horns/beams on the instrument, flag and navigation have dimensions of $n \times 3$, where n = the number of data points for each feed horn. The data point frequency is on observation every 1.44s. Detailed descriptions of the file structure including granular metadata and variables can be found in section 4.3. A summary of associated L2 flags is given in section 4.3.4.

Key changes to the V5.0 level-2 product relative to V5.0 include the addition of 58 new variables, all but one within the Aquarius_Data group with the other within Aquarius_Flags. A list of the new L2 variables is given below, with full descriptions in section 4.3:

anc_SSS_hycom, anc_surface_temp_err, anc_surface_temp_SSS_sens, EIA_err, EIA_SSS_sens, IU_coupling_err, IU_coupling_SSS_sens, NEDT_3_err, NEDT_3_SSS_sens, NEDT_H_err, NEDT_H_SSS_sens, NEDT_V_err, NEDT_V_SSS_sens, rad_galact_Ta_err, rad_galact_Ta_SSS_sens, rad_far_rot_ang, rad_geo_rot_ang, rad_moon_Ta_err, rad_moon_Ta_SSS_sens, rad_pol_rot_ang, rad_TbV_ice_contam_err, rad_TbV_ice_contam_SSS_sens, rad_TbV_land_contam_err, rad_TbV_land_contam_SSS_sens, rad_wind_dir_rand_err, rad_wind_dir_rand_SSS_sens, rad_wind_speed_rand_err, rad_wind_speed_rand_SSS_sens, rad_wind_speed_syst_err, rad_wind_speed_syst_SSS_sens, RFI_level_err, RFI_level_SSS_sens, rim_anom, rim_anom1, rim_anom3, rim_anom5, rim_bf_irr, rim_irr, rim_pss, rim_sss, spiciness, SSS_matchup, SSS_unc, SSS_unc_EIA, SSS_unc_galact_Ta, SSS_unc_IU_coupling, SSS_unc_moon_Ta, SSS_unc_NEDT_3, SSS_unc_NEDT_H, SSS_unc_NEDT_V, SSS_unc_RFI_level, SSS_unc_surface_temp, SSS_unc_TbV_ice_contam, SSS_unc_TbV_land_contam, SSS_unc_wind_dir_rand, SSS_unc_wind_speed_rand, SSS_unc_wind_speed_syst, rim_status_flag

Highlights include:

- a new Spiciness variable
- several variables providing further decomposition of contributing sources of uncertainty in SSS retrieval by type (SSS_unc_...) and error sources (..._err)
- the introduction of collocated Rain Impact Model (RIM) data and matchup ARGO SSS data
- addition of some new ancillary variables (anc_...)

In addition to the standard Aquarius L2-SCI product, this version release also includes an L2-CAL and L2-QL product, so three L2 V5.0 products total. The L2-SCI is the complete, science quality L2 Aquarius product. The Aquarius V5.0 L2-QL (quicklook) product includes the instrument wiggle correction and exponential drift correction, whereas the L2-CAL product includes only the instrument wiggle correction.

3.4 Level-3 mapped Products

Aquarius Level-3 standard mapped image (L3m SMI) products contain bin averaged, gridded data on sea surface salinity or wind speed. In addition to the suite of L3m products available since V4.0, version 5.0 sees the introduction of the new Spiciness, and Rain-flagged SSS products. Monthly SSS L3m SSS products now also include estimates of SSS uncertainty, both random and systematic components.

All L3 mapped salinity, density, spiciness, wind speed, density and ancillary-SST products are generated for the same spatial and temporal resolutions. Each L3m file has a spatial resolution of 1 degree, and values represent averages for grid cells over predefined temporal intervals. Daily, 7 day, monthly, seasonal (3 months) and annual products are available. New since V4.0 are the R7, R28, MC and SC products, represent running 7- and 28-day mean and monthly and seasonal climatology products respectively. V4.0 also introduced a series of Cumulative products that are Aquarius mission series average maps for the range of L3m data variables. The full suite of L3m time interval products are retained in V5.0.

Additionally, L3 Ascending (A), Descending (D) products are provided for all time periods and for all measurement parameters (SSS, Spiciness, Density, Wind Speed, Density, anc_SST). These employ retrieved values for ascending and descending passes of orbits respectively. These disaggregated datasets are provided given known subtle differences between ascending and descending orbit values. Monthly, smoothed combined, ascending and descending L3 salinity products are also provided.

Thus a total of 174 level 3 mapped products are provided as part of the Aquarius V5.0 release. Sea surface salinity, spiciness and density mapped products are computed as averages across all 3 radiometers as well as individual instrument files. Daily files have more sparse spatial coverage as it takes 7 days for Aquarius to completely cover the earth. Details of the file structure, including granule metadata and variable information, can be found in section 4.4.

Note: while corresponding L3-binned dataset are used in the production of the L3m products, as of version 2.0 of Aquarius, only L3m products are archived and publicly distributed by the PO.DAAC for the mission.

Table 2. Aquarius V5.0 L2 & L3 standard mapped image (SMI) Datasets (177) by Product Level/Type with Associated Descriptions and Metadata. L0 and L1A Aquarius data, not part of the V5.0 re-processing, are also listed for completeness.

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
0	AQUARIUS_L0_SSS	Aquarius Level-0 Sea Surface Salinity	1 observation every 1.44 seconds. Repeats orbit track every 7 days.	N/A	Swath
1A	AQUARIUS_L1A_SSS	Aquarius Level-1A Sea Surface Salinity Aquarius L1A data contains raw Aquarius, navigation and telemetry data. Each granule covers 118 minutes, a 98 minute orbit plus 10 minutes of overlap with the following and previous orbits.	1 observation every 1.44 seconds. Repeats orbit track every 7 days.	N/A	Swath
2	AQUARIUS_L2_SSS_V5	Aquarius Level-2 Sea Surface Salinity Aquarius L2 data contains sea surface salinity, radiometer, scatterometer, ancillary, flags, converted telemetry and navigation data. Each granule covers a single 98 minute orbit.	1 observation every 1.44 seconds. Repeats orbit track every 7 days.	N/A	Swath
2	AQUARIUS_L2_SSS_CAL_V5	Aquarius Level-2 CAL Sea Surface Salinity Aquarius L2 CAL data contains sea surface salinity, radiometer, scatterometer, ancillary, flags, converted telemetry and navigation data. Each granule covers a single 98 minute orbit. The product includes both the instrumental wiggle correction and exponential drift correction	1 observation every 1.44 seconds. Repeats orbit track every 7 days.	N/A	Swath
2	AQUARIUS_L2_SSS_QL_V5	Aquarius Level-2 QL Sea Surface Salinity Aquarius L2 QL data contains sea surface salinity, radiometer, scatterometer, ancillary, flags, converted telemetry and navigation data. Each granule covers a single 98 minute orbit. The product includes only the instrumental wiggle correction	1 observation every 1.44 seconds. Repeats orbit track every 7 days.	N/A	Swath
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SM_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Monthly Smoothed Aquarius Level 3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image contains data gridded and smoothed SSS averaged monthly (see Lillie & Lagerloef, 2008)	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Smoothed
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_7DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 7-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 7-day moving window.	Daily (with 7-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMI_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS data averaged over the mission.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged daily.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by week.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged monthly.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SM_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Monthly Smoothed Aquarius Level 3 rain-flagged sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image contains data gridded and smoothed SSS averaged monthly (see Lillie & Lagerloef, 2008)	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by season.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by year.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_7DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 7-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 7-day moving window.	Daily (with 7-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by month.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMI_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Salinity Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Aquarius L3 Salinity standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded Salinity data averaged over the mission.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged daily.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by week.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged monthly.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by season.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by year.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_7DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image 7-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 7-day moving window.	Daily (with 7-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by month.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SPICINESS_SMI_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded Spiciness data averaged over the mission.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged daily.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by week.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged monthly.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by season.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by year.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_7DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image 7-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 7-day moving window.	Daily (with 7-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Density Standard Mapped Image Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by month.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface density standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_DENSITY_SMI_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded density data averaged over the mission.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged daily.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image 7 Day Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by week.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged monthly.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by season.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by Year.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_7DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image 7-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 7-day moving window.	Daily (with 7-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMI_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded Wind Speed data averaged over the mission.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SM_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Smoothed Aquarius Level 3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image contains data for ascending passes gridded and smoothed SSS averaged monthly (see Lillie & Lagerloef, 2008).	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Smoothed Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMIA_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SM_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Smoothed Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image contains data for ascending passes gridded and smoothed SSS averaged monthly (see Lillie & Lagerloef, 2008).	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Smoothed Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Ascending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMIA_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Ascending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Ascending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Density Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Ascending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Ascending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Ascending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Ascending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Ascending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMIA_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Ascending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Ascending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged daily using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Ascending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by week using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Spiciness Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged monthly using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Ascending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by season using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Ascending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by year using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Ascending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 28-day moving window using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Ascending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by month using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Ascending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMIA_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Ascending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Ascending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged daily using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Ascending Standard Mapped Image 7 Day Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by week using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Ascending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged monthly using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Ascending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by season using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Ascending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by Year using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Ascending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded Wind Speed averaged by 28-day moving window using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Ascending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded Wind Speed climatologies averaged by month using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Ascending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded Wind Speed climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMIA_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Ascending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded Wind averaged over the mission using values for ascending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SM_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Smoothed Aquarius Level 3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image contains data for Descending passes gridded and smoothed SSS averaged monthly (see Lillie & Lagerloef, 2008).	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Smoothed Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 sea surface salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS_SMID_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Descending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SM_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Smoothed Aquarius Level 3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image contains data for Descending passes gridded and smoothed SSS averaged monthly (see Lillie & Lagerloef, 2008).	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Smoothed Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Descending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_SSS-RainFlagged_SMID_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Rain-Flagged Sea Surface Salinity (SSS) standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Descending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Descending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged daily using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Descending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by week using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Density Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged monthly using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Descending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by season using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Descending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by year using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Descending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS averaged by 28-day moving window using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Descending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by month using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Descending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped image data contains gridded SSS climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Density_SMID_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Density Standard Mapped Image Descending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Density standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Descending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged daily using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Descending Standard Mapped Image 7Day Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by week using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Spiciness Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius Level 3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged monthly using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Descending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Descending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by season using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Descending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by year using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Descending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data averaged by 28-day moving window using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Descending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by month using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Descending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped image data contains gridded data climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_Spiciness_SMID_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Spiciness Standard Mapped Image Descending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Spiciness standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded SSS averaged over the mission using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Descending Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged daily using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Descending Standard Mapped Image 7 Day Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by week using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Descending Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged monthly using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Descending Standard Mapped Image 3 Month Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by season using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	3 Months	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Descending Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 wind speed standard mapped image data contains gridded wind speed averaged by Year using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Descending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded Wind Speed averaged by 28-day moving window using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Descending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Descending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded Wind Speed climatologies averaged by month using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Sea Surface Salinity Standard Mapped Image Descending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped image data contains gridded Wind Speed climatologies averaged by season (3 month periods) using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3_WIND_SPEED_SMID_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Wind Speed Standard Mapped Image Descending Cumulative Aquarius L3 Wind Speed standard mapped cumulative image data contains gridded Wind averaged over the mission using values for Descending portions of orbits only.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Daily Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a daily time interval.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI 7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image 7 Day Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 7 day time interval.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Monthly Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a monthly time interval.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI 3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 3 month time interval.	3 Month	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Annual Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on an annual time interval.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI 7DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image 7-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 7-day moving window.	Daily (with 7-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI 28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMI MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution as monthly climatologies.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMI_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here to 1 deg. spatial resolution as seasonal climatologies (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMI_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here as mission-wide averages 1 deg. spatial resolution.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Daily Ascending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a daily time interval.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image 7 Day Ascending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 7 day time interval.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Monthly Ascending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a monthly time interval.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Ascending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 3 month time interval.	3 Month	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Annual Ascending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on an annual time interval.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Ascending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMIA_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Ascending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution as monthly climatologies.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMIA SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Ascending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for ascending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution as seasonal climatologies (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMIA CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Ascending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here as mission-wide averages for ascending passes at 1 deg. spatial resolution.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Ascending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMID DAILY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Daily Descending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a daily time interval.	Daily	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMID 7DAY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image 7 Day Descending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 7 day time interval.	7 Day	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMID MONTHLY_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Monthly Descending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a monthly time interval.	Monthly	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMID 3MONTH_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Seasonal Descending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 3 month time interval.	3 Month	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMID ANNUAL_V5	Aquarius Level 3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Annual Descending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on an annual time interval.	Annual	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST SMID 28DAY-RUNNINGMEAN_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Descending 28-Day running Mean Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution on a 28-day moving window.	Weekly (with 28-Day window)	WGS 84	Gridded Descending

Level	Product Short Name (PO.DAAC DMAS System)	Product Long Name & Description	Temporal Resolution	Ellipsoid Type	Mapping Type
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMID_MONTHLY-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Descending Monthly Climatology Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution as monthly climatologies.	Monthly Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMID_SEASONAL-CLIMATOLOGY_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Descending Seasonal Climatology Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here for descending passes to 1 deg. spatial resolution as seasonal climatologies (3 month periods).	Seasonal Climatology	WGS 84	Gridded Descending
3	AQUARIUS_L3 Ancillary SST_SMID_CUMULATIVE_V5	Aquarius Level-3 Ancillary Reynolds Sea Surface Temperature Standard Mapped Image Cumulative Descending Aquarius L3 Ancillary SST product based on NCDC Reynolds OI quarter degree dataset used in Aquarius processing and re-gridded here as mission-wide averages for descending passes at 1 deg. spatial resolution.	Mission	WGS 84	Gridded Descending

3.5 File Naming Conventions

All times and dates are reported in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

Level-0 data files have a unique file naming convention that is beyond the scope of this document. The following conventions apply to all of the Level-1A, 2, and 3 data files:

- The initial “Q” in the file name indicates that the file contains Aquarius data.
- The remaining part of the file name before the first period (“.”) indicates the time the data in the file covers:
 - [yyyy] is the year and [ddd] is the day of year of the data. For 7 day, monthly, seasonal, or annual Level-3 data, there are two pairs of [yyyy][ddd] representing the year/day-of-year of the start of the data, and the year/day-of-year of the end of the data. Level-3 daily files require only one set of [yyyy][ddd] to represent year/day-of-year of the data.
 - Level-1A and Level-2 data files indicate a more precise time for the start of the data by adding [hh][mm][ss], representing hours, minutes and seconds, after the [yyyy][ddd].
- The section of the file name between the first and second period indicates several different characteristics of the data file, with the complexity increasing with the level.
 - The initial “L” precedes the indicator for the data level: 1A – Level 1A; 2 – Level 2; 3b – Level-3 binned; 3m – Level-3 mapped image files.
 - The [period] field in Level-3 data file names indicates the time length of data contained in the file:
 - DAY – daily data
 - 7D – seven days
 - MO – monthly
 - SNxx – seasonal (3 months): where xx is SU for summer, AU for autumn, WI for winter, and SP for spring
 - YR – annual.
 - RMxx – running mean, where xx is 7 or 28 for 7-day and 28-day respectively.
 - MC – monthly climatology
 - SC – seasonal climatology
 - CU – cumulative (mission-wide)
 - The “SCI” in the file name indicates the data has been processed to scientific parameters. “CAL” indicates processing involving only the instrument wiggle. “QL” indicates processing involving both the instrument wiggle correction and exponential drift correction
 - [Bn] appended to the “SCI” in a L3 data file name indicates the data are from a single beam (B1, B2, or B3 indicate the beam number). Otherwise, the data are from all 3 beams.
 - [SM] appended to the “SCI” in a L3 data file name indicates the data are from all 3 beams but are smoothed. Smoothing is undertaken for the monthly salinity product only.
 - [A] or [D] appended to the “SCI” in a L3 data file name indicates the data employed in computing grid cell averages are from Ascending and Descending passes of orbits respectively.
 - Level-2 and 3 data also include a version indicator [Vn.n] to indicate the version and subversion number of the data (e.g. V5.0).
- Additional filename parameters exist depending on the specific product level. These are summarized in table 3 below.
- All L1A through L3 product files are in HDF5 format. Files will normally be stored and delivered with BZip2 compression, and this will be indicated with .bz2 appended to the file name.

The Aquarius file naming convention as applied to specific product levels is shown in the following table.

Table 3. Aquarius Data File Naming Conventions.

Aquarius Data Level	File Naming Convention
Level-3 Standard Mapped Image	<p>Q[yyyy][ddd][yyyy][ddd].L3m_[period]_SCI[Bn][SM]_V[n.n]_[dtype]_1deg</p> <p>dtype will either be “SSS”, “Density”, “scat_wind_speed”, or “anc_sst” indicating whether the products contains salinity, SST-bias adjusted salinity, wind speed or ancillary SST data.</p> <p>_1deg indicates that the SMI files have a 1 degree resolution.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <p>Q2014001.L3m_7D_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg Q2014001.L3m_7D_SCI_V5.0_RAIN_MASK_SSS_1deg Q2014001.L3m_7D_SCI_V5.0_Spiciness_1deg Q2014001.L3m_7D_SCI_V5.0_Density_1deg Q2014001.L3m_7D_SCI_V5.0_scat_wind_speed_1deg Q2014001.L3m_7D_SCI_V5.0_anc_sst_1deg</p>
Level-2	<p>Q[yyyy][ddd][hh][mm]][ss].L2_SCI_V[n.n]</p> <p>Level-2 files are for one orbit with an end time approximately 98 minutes after the start time.</p> <p>Example: Q2010340005700.L2_SCI_V5.0 Q2010340005700.L2_CAL_V5.0 Q2010340005700.L2_QL_V5.0</p>
Level-1A	<p>Q[yyyy][ddd][hh][mm]][ss].L1A_SCI</p> <p>Level-1A files are for one orbit with 10 minute buffers before and after the orbit. They have an end time approximately 118 minutes after the start time.</p> <p>Example: Q2007196201700.L1A_SCI</p>
Level-0	<p>[yyyy][mm][dd]_[hh][mm]][ss].AQ_L0</p> <p>yyyy, mm, dd, hh, mm, and ss are year, month, day, hour, minute and second of the start of the data.</p> <p>AQ stands for Aquarius</p> <p>_L0 indicates a level 0 file.</p> <p>Level-0 files have an end time approximately 14 hours after the start time. As 4 or 5 are produced per day there is built in overlap to achieve data redundancy.</p> <p>Example: 20070104_084659.AQ_L0</p>

4 Aquarius Data Product Structure

All Aquarius data files above L0 are in HDF5 format. The structure of these files is described here. While the details may vary between product levels and type, internally all have a consistent hierarchical organization with name of the file at the top level, a set of global metadata attributes within, and a series of dataset variable groups beneath. Groups function as both logical and physical data structure containers within files that can be hierarchically related in the HDF5 data model. Each group contains one or more variables each associated with a specific parameter, which themselves have attributes.

4.1 Global Metadata Attributes

Table 4 lists alphabetically and compares the global metadata attributes found in Aquarius data files by product level and type. Representative sample attribute values are also given. Full descriptions of global metadata attributes for Level-1A, L2 and L3 products are provided in later sections in tables 5, 7 and 16-17 respectively.

Table 4. Aquarius Data file Global Attributes by Data Product Level/Type. L3m attribute example values are for the SSS product.

Attribute	Data Type	L1A	L2	L3m
Anomaly_Status_String	String		Included only if anomaly occurs during orbit	
Cdm_data_type			swath	grid
Cycle_Number	Integer	2	125	
Conventions	String		CF-1.6	CF-1.6
Creator_email	String		data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov	data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov
Creator_name	String		NASA/GSFC/OBPG	NASA/GSFC/OBPG
Creator_url	String		http://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov	http://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov
Data_Bins	Integer			30974
Data_Center	String	NASA/GSFC Aquarius Data Processing Center		
Data_Maximum	Float			38.3064
Data_Minimum	Float			27.7696
Data_Type	String	SCI		
Date_created	String		2017-09-25T11:23:42.000Z	2017-09-26T14:04:01.000Z
Delta_TND_H_coefficient	Float		0.004769839, 0.0060151783, 0.0054100547	
Delta_TND_V_coefficient	Float		0.0057764184, 0.00512049, 0.0062645986	
Easternmost_Longitude	Float			180
End_Day	Unsigned Integer	249		
End_Millisecc	Integer	56038647		

Attribute	Data Type	L1A	L2	L3m
End_Orbit_number	Integer			19238
End_Time	String	2011249153358640		
End_Year	Integer	2011		
geospatial_lat_max	Float			90.0
geospatial_lat_min	Float			-90.0
geospatial_lat_resolution	Float			1.0
Geospatial_lat_units	String		degrees North	deg
geospatial_lon_max	Float			180.0
geospatial_lon_min	Float			-180.0
geospatial_lon_resolution	Float			1.0
Geospatial_lon_units	String		degrees East	deg
Grid_mapping_name	String			latitude_longitude
History	String		ifile=/data1/sdpsoper/vdc/vpu0/workbuf/Q2014010182600.L1A_SCI ofile=/data1/sdpsoper/vdc/vpu0/workbuf/Q2014010182600.L2_SCI_V5.0 ...	smigen par=Q20143352014365.L3m_M O_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg.param
Id	String		Q2014010182600.L2_SCI_V5.0	Q20143352014365.L3b_MO_SCI_V5.0.main/L3/Q20143352014365.L3b_MO_SCI_V5.0.main
identifier_product_doi	String			http://dx.doi.org
identifier_product_doi_authority	String			http://dx.doi.org
Input_Files	String	Q20110906_160229_T 20110906_115900_20 110906_135559.AQ_L 1A,Q20110906_16022 9_T20110906_133601 _20110906_153358.A Q_L1A,...	Q2011249170200.L1A_SCI	
Input_Parameters	String			
institution	String		NASA/GSFC OBPBG	NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Ocean Ecology Laboratory, Ocean Biology Processing Group
instrument	String		Aquarius radiometer, Aquarius Scatterometer	Aquarius
keywords	String		SURFACE SALINITY, SALINITY, AQUARIUS, ...	SURFACE SALINITY, SALINITY, AQUARIUS, ...
Keyword_vocabulary	String		NASA Global Change Master Directory (GCMD) Science Keyword	NASA Global Change Master Directory (GCMD) Science Keyword
L2_Flag_Names	Byte			POINTING,NAV,LANDRED,ICERE D,REFL_1STOKESMOONRED,REF L_1STOKESGAL,TFTADIFFRED,RF L_REGION,SAOVERFLOW,COLD WATERRED,WINDRED,TBCONS
_lastModified	String			2017-09-26T14:04:01.000Z
Latitude_Step	Float			1.0
Latitude_Units	String			Degrees_north
license	String		http://science.nasa.gov/earth- science/earth-science-data/data- information-policy	http://science.nasa.gov/earth- science/earth-science- data/data-information-policy
Longitude_Step	Float			1.0
Longitude_Units	String			Degrees_east
Map_Projection	String			Equidistant Cylindrical

Attribute	Data Type	L1A	L2	L3m
Mean_Solar_1415_MHz_Flux	Float		91.56463	
Measure	String			Mean
Metadata_Conventions	String			Unidata Dataset Discovery v1.0
Mission	String	SAC-D Aquarius		
Mission_Characteristics	String	Nominal orbit: inclination=98.0 (Sun-synchronous); node=6PM (ascending); ..	Nominal orbit: inclination=98.0 (Sun-synchronous); node=6PM (ascending); eccentricity=<0.002; altitude=657 km; ground speed=6.825 km/sec	
naming_authority	String			gov.nasa.gsfc.sci.oceandata
Node_Crossing_Time	String	2011249141030000	2011249172630000	
Nominal_Navigation	String		True	
Northernmost_Latitude	Float			90
Number_of_ATC_Frames	Integer	1228		
Number_of_Attitude_Samples	Integer	887		
Number_of_Beams	Integer	3	3	
Number_of_Blocks	Integer	4916	4083	
Number_of_Columns	Integer			360
Number_of_Lines	Integer			180
Number_of_Orbit_Vectors	Integer	120		
Number_of_RAD_Frames	Integer	1229		
Orbit_Node_Longitude	Float	58.6853	9.54973	
Orbit_Number	Integer	1294	1296	
Orbit_Start_Time	String	2011249134600000		
Orbit_Stop_Time	String	2011249152400000		
Pass_Number	Integer	82	84	
Percent_Data_Bins	Float			
Percent_Non-default_Radiometer_LUTs	Float	0		
Percent_RFI	Float	0.0	0	
Percent_Water	Float		0.629815	
platform	String		Aquarius/SAC-D	SAC-D Aquarius
Processing_Control	String	l1amerge_aquarius l1amerge.inputs /data1/sdpsoper/vdc/vpu0/workbuf		smigen par=Q2011145.L3m_DAY_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg.param
Processing_Level	Integer		2	L3 Mapped
Processing_Time	String	2011252145942000		
Processing_Version	String		V5.0	V5.0
Product_Center_Time	String	2011249143459840		
Product_Name	String	Q2011249134600.L1A_SCI		Q20143352014365.L3m_MO_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg
Product_version	String		V5.0	
project	String		SAC-D Aquarius	Ocean Biology Processing Group (NASA/GSFC/OBPG)

Attribute	Data Type	L1A	L2	L3m
Publisher_email	String		data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov	data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov
Publisher_name	String		NASA/GSFC/OBPG	NASA/GSFC/OBPG
Publisher_url	String		http://oceansci.gsfc.nasa.gov	http://oceansci.gsfc.nasa.gov
RAD Ancillary_File1	String		y2011090612.h5:N2011249_SST_OIV2 AVAM_24h.nc,N2011250_SST_OIV2AV AM_24h.nc,N201124912_QATM_NCEP_6h.h5,N201124912_QMET_NCEP_6h ...	
RAD Ancillary_File2	String		y2011090618.h5:N2011249_SST_OIV2 AVAM_24h.nc,N2011250_SST_OIV2AV AM_24h.nc,N201124918_QATM_NCEP_6h.h5,N201124918_QMET_NCEP_6h, ...	
RAD Ancillary_File3	String		y2011090700.h5:N2011249_SST_OIV2 AVAM_24h.nc,N2011250_SST_OIV2AV AM_24h.nc,N201125000_QATM_NCEP_6h.h5,N201125000_QMET_NCEP_6h, ...	
Radiometer_Calibration_Files	String		coeff_loss_v4.txt,coeff_nl.txt	
Radiometer_Data_Tables	String		land_tables.h5,gain_ice.h5,tausq.h5,ocean_reflectance.h5,mk_sss_algo_tables.h5,sun_tables.h5,sun_bak_tables.h5,galaxy_wind_tables_080111.h5,apc_matrix_090711.h5,dtb_dwin_090711.h5	
Radiometer_Flag_Limits	String		RFI: 15 7 Land: 0.005 0.02 Ice: 0.005 0.02 Wind: 7 15 Temp: 1 3 FluxD: 0.02 0.05 FluxR: 0.02 0.05 Glint: 0.02 0.05 Moon: 0.02 0.05 Gal: 0.02 0.05 RPY: 1 5 4 Flare: 5e-05 0.0001	
Radiometer_LUTs_Block_Count	Integer	4917, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0		
Radiometer_Long_Accumulations	Integer	8		
Radiometer_Offset_Correction	Float		-0.051605914, 0.069516964, -0.05597063, -0.029664312, -0.10964265, -0.04576162	
Radiometer_Polarizations	Integer	4	4	
Radiometer_Signals_per_Subcycle	Integer	5	5	
Radiometer_Subcycles	Integer	12	12	
Scatterometer_Ancillary_Files	String		SEAICEFILE1=N201124900_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,TECFILE1=N201124900_TEC_IGS_24h.h5,QMETFILE1=N201124912_QMET_NCEP_6h,QMETFILE2=N201124918_QMET_NCEP_6h,...	
Scatterometer_Coefficient_Files	String		atc_prt_convert_v4.txt,ext_temps_constants_convert_v4.txt,scat_temps_convert_v4.txt,radiometer_constants_convert_v4.txt,cmd_gn.dat	
Scatterometer_Polarizations	Integer	6	6	
Scatterometer_Processing_Control	String		limits L1B_limits_10-16-2009.txt - debug -1 -param_file params_10-5-2009.txt -dir_dat -apc_file	
Scatterometer_Subcycles	Integer	8	8	
Sensor	String	Aquarius		

Attribute	Data Type	L1A	L2	L3m
Sensor_Characteristics	String		Number of beams=3; channels per receiver=4; frequency 1.413 GHz; bits per sample=16; instantaneous field of view=6.5 degrees; science data block period=1.44 sec.	
Software_ID	String	0.01	1.12	
Software_Name	String			smigen
Software_Version	String			5.20
Source	String		Aquarius Mission Data Processing System (ADPS)	Q20143352014365.L3b_MO_SCI_V5.0.main
Southernmost_Latitude	Float			-90
spatialResolution	String			1.00 deg
standard_name_vocabulary	String			NetCDF Climate and Forecast (CF) Metadata Convention
Start_Day	Integer	249		
Start_Millisecc	Integer	48961045		
Start_Orbit (_number)	Integer			19136
Start_Time	String	2011249133601040		
Start_Year	Integer	2011		
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Applied	String			No
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Maximum	Float			70.0
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Minimum	Float			0.0
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Type	String			ATAN
sw_point_latitude	String			-89.5
sw_point_longitude				89.5
Supplementary_Matchup_Data	String		ARGO temperature: 14.209 ARGO pressure: 6.5 ARGO rho (calc): ..	
Temporal_range	String			MO
Time_coverage_end	String		2014-01-10T20:03:59.153Z	2015-01-01T01:33:47.701Z
Time_coverage_start	String		2014-12-01T00:22:37.417Z	2014-12-01T00:22:37.417Z
Title	String	Aquarius Level 1A Data	Aquarius Level 2 Data	Aquarius Level-3 Standard Mapped Image
Westernmost_Longitude	Float			-180

4.2 Level-1A Product Description

The filename for the Level-1A Aquarius product conforms to standards previously described and illustrated by the following example: **Q2013001004300.L1A_SCI**. In addition to global file metadata, Level-1A files contain data for a range of measured variables organized in five groups: *Block Attributes*, *Converted Telemetry*, *Navigation*, *Raw Aquarius Data*, *SAC-D Telemetry*. Tables 5 and 6 respectively list and describe attributes associated both with Aquarius L1A global file metadata and group variables. The source documentation on which this information is based is:

[Patt, F. et al. \(2013\). Aquarius Level-1A Data Product, September 2012. NASA/GSFC.](#)

Table 5. Aquarius L1A Global Attributes and Values Listed by Category.

Attribute Name	Description/Value	Type	Array Size
<u>MISSION and DOCUMENTATION ATTRIBUTES</u>			
Product Name	The name of the product file (without path). E.g. Q2012070005700.L1A_SCI.hdf	String(31)	Scalar
Title	Aquarius Level 2 Data	String(22)	Scalar
Data Center	NASA/GSFC Aquarius Data Processing Center	String(42)	Scalar
Mission	SAC-D Aquarius	String(15)	Scalar
Mission Characteristics	Nominal orbit: inclination = 98.0 (Sun-synchronous); node = 6 PM (ascending); eccentricity = <0.002; altitude = 657 km; ground speed = 6.825 km/sec	String(137)	Scalar
Sensor	Aquarius	String(9)	Scalar
Data Type	SCI	String(4)	Scalar
Software ID	Identifies version of the software used to create this product. (e.g. 1.05)	String(5)	Scalar
Processing Time	Local time of generation of this product; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. (e.g. 2012076162214000)	String(17)	Scalar
Input Files	The name of the Level-1A file (without path) from which the current product was created; stored in the product as part of its processing history. (e.g. Q2012001012500.L1A_SCI)	String(23)	Scalar
Processing Control	Input and processing control parameters used to generate the product. Vertical bars or carriage return characters serve as parameter information delimiters; stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. l1amerge_aquarius l1amerge.inputs /data1/sdpsoper/vdc/vpu0/workbuf	String(2158)	Scalar
<u>DATE/TIME ATTRIBUTES</u>			
Orbit Start Time	Start UTC of the first block of the orbit; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012070005700740	String(17)	Scalar
Orbit Stop Time	Start UTC of the last block of the orbit; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012070023458820	String(17)	Scalar
Start Time	Start UTC of the first block of the orbit; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012070005700740	String(17)	Scalar
End Time	Start UTC of the last block of the orbit; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012070023458820	String(17)	Scalar
Node Crossing Time	UTC of ascending node crossing; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012001014930000	String(17)	Scalar
Product Center Time	UTC of the mid-block of the orbit; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012070023458820	String(17)	Scalar

Attribute Name	Description/Value	Type	Array Size
Start Year	UTC year of first block of the orbit. e.g. 2012	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Start Day	UTC day-of-year of first block of the orbit. e.g. 70	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Start Millisec	UTC milliseconds-of-day of the first block of the orbit. e.g. 3420747	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
End Year	UTC year of last block of the orbit. e.g. 2012	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
End Day	UTC day-of-year of last block of the orbit. e.g. 70	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
End Millisec	UTC milliseconds-of-day of the last block of the orbit. e.g. 9298828	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
<u>DATA CHARACTERISTICS</u>			
Number of Blocks	Number of Aquarius science blocks in the orbit. (= 4917)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Number of Beams	Number of antenna beams; order is inner, middle, outer. (= 3)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Number of Orbit Vectors	Number of Orbit Vectors. (= 120)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Number of RAD Frames	Number of RAD Frames. (= 1229)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer Long Accumulations	Number of radiometer long accumulations (=8)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer Polarizations	Number of polarizations in raw radiometer data; order is V, +45, -45, H. (= 4)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer Subcycles	The number of 120 msec subcycles in a 1.44 second science block. (= 12)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer Signals per Subcycle	Number of radiometer antenna signal measurements in a 120 msec subcycle; first 2 are 20 msec, last 3 are 10 msec. (= 5)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Scatterometer Polarizations	Number of scatterometer receive polarizations; order is V, H; last dimension of the scat_rfi_flags array (= 2)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Scatterometer Subcycles	The number of 180 msec subcycles in a 1.44 second science block. (= 8)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
<u>FILE METRICS</u>			
Missing Blocks	Number of missing data blocks (e.g. 0)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Number of ATC Frames	Number of ATC Frames (e.g. 1229)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Number of Altitude Samples	Number of Altitude Samples (e.g. 887)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer LUTs Block Count	Number of blocks of Radiometer LUTs (e.g. 4917, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0)	Integer (32-bit)	8
Percent Non-default Radiometer LUTs	Percent of data in this product with non-default LUTs . e.g. 0.0	Float (32-bit)	Scalar
<u>ORBIT COORDINATES</u>			
Orbit Number	Orbit number from the start of the mission. e.g. 4024	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Orbit Node Longitude	Longitude of scene's orbit ascending node (longitude at equatorial crossing of PM-side node). e.g -109.2135	Float (32-bit)	Scalar
Cycle Number	Number of the weekly cycle from the start of the mission. Cycle 1 started with the first orbit on 25 August 2011. Each cycle will contain 103 orbits. e.g. 29	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Pass Number	Pass (orbit) number within the weekly cycle (1 to 103). e.g. 31	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar

Table 6. Aquarius L1A Data Variables and Associated Attribute Values by Group.

Group	Variable	Type	Data Space Array Dimensions	Long Name	Units	Range
Block Attributes	atc_frmnum	Integer (32-bit)	5200 x 1	ATC Frame Number		
	atc_subframe	Char (8-bit)	5200 x 1	ATC Sub-Frame Number		
	blk_sec	Float (64-bit)	5200 x 1	Block time, seconds of day	seconds	
	rad_frmnum	Integer (32-bit)	5200 x 1	Radiometer Frame Number		
	rad_subframe	Char (8-bit)	5200 x 1	Radiometer Sub-Frame Number		
Converted Telemetry	apdu_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	5200 x 5	Aquarius Power Distribution Unit analog telemetry		
	atc_omt1_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC OMT1 analog telemetry		
	atc_omt1_discrete_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC OMT1 discrete telemetry		
	atc_omt2_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC OMT2 analog telemetry		
	atc_omt2_discrete_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC OMT2 discrete telemetry		
	atc_omt3_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC OMT3 analog telemetry		
	atc_omt3_discrete_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC OMT3 discrete telemetry		
	atc_rbe_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC RBE analog telemetry		
	atc_rbe_discrete_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 17	ATC RBE discrete telemetry		
	deploy_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	5200 x 4	Antenna deployment analog telemetry		
	deploy_discrete_tlm	Integer (32-bit)	5200 x 7	Antenna deployment discrete telemetry		
	dpu_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 12	DPU analog telemetry		
	dpu_status_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 4 x 13	DPU discrete telemetry		
	ext_temp_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	5200 x 38	External Temperature Sensor analog telemetry		
	icds_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	5200 x 14	ICDS analog telemetry		
	icds_discrete_tlm	Integer (32-bit)	5200 x 8	ICDS discrete telemetry		
	radiom_nrt_tlm	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	1300 x 4 x 17	Radiometer discrete non-real-time telemetry		
	rbe1_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 21	RBE1 analog telemetry		
	rbe2_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 21	RBE2 analog telemetry		
	rbe3_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 21	RBE3 analog telemetry		
	rfe1_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 23	RFE1 analog telemetry		
	rfe2_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 23	RFE2 analog telemetry		
	rfe3_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	1300 x 23	RFE3 analog telemetry		
scatter_analog_tlm	Float (32-bit)	5200 x 30	Scatterometer analog telemetry			

Group	Variable	Type	Data Space Array Dimensions	Long Name	Units	Range
	scatter_discrete_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 8	Scatterometer discrete telemetry		
Navigation	att_ang	Float (64-bit)	937 x 3	Spacecraft roll, pitch, yaw	degrees	-180, 180
	att_flags	Integer (32-bit)	937	Attitude flags		
	att_time	Float (64-bit)	937	Time tag of attitude data	seconds	
	orb_pos	Float (64-bit)	125 x 3	Orbital position vector	meters	-7.1e+06, 7.1e+06
	orb_time	Float (64-bit)	125	Time tag of orbit vectors	seconds	
	orb_vel	Float (64-bit)	125 x 3	Orbital velocity vector	meters/sec	-7600, 7600
	quaternion	Float (64-bit)	937 x 4	ECI-to-spacecraft quaternion		-1, 1
Raw Aquarius Data	apdu_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 5	Aquarius Power Distribution Unit telemetry		
	atc_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 36	Active Thermal Control Unit telemetry		
	checksum	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	5200	Checksum		
	deploy_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 5	Antenna deployment telemetry		
	gps_time_tag	Integer (32-bit)	5200	Block GPS time tag	seconds	
	icds_status	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 12	ICDS processing status		
	icds_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 24	ICDS engineering telemetry		
	pad	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 35	Pad		
	radiom_cnd	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	1300 x 4 x 12 x 3 x 4	Radiometer CND Looks		
	radiom_header	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	1300 x 4	Radiometer block header		
	radiom_lavg	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	1300 x 4 x 8 x 3 x 4	Radiometer Long Accumulations		
	radiom_nrt_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 4 x 10	Radiometer non-real-time telemetry		
	radiom_rt_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1300 x 4 x 50	Radiometer real-time telemetry		
	radiom_signals	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	1300 x 4 x 12 x 5 x 3 x 4	Radiometer Antenna Looks		
	scatter_dc	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	5200 x 2	Scatterometer DC data		
	scatter_headers	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 8	Scatterometer subcycle headers		
	scatter_loop	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	5200 x 3 x 6	Scatterometer Loopback Measurements		
	scatter_pwr	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	5200 x 8 x 3 x 6	Scatterometer Power		
	scatter_rfi	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 4	Scatterometer RFI flags for H-pol		
	scatter_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 37	Scatterometer telemetry		
	start_synch	Integer (32-bit)	5200	Start-synch word	dummy	
	temp_tlm	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	5200 x 70	External Temperature Sensors telemetry		

Group	Variable	Type	Data Space Array Dimensions	Long Name	Units	Range
	time_tag_offset	Integer (32-bit)	5200	Block time offset from GPS	62.5 nanosec units	
SAC-D Telemetry	sacd_hkt	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	1040 x 4000	SAC-D raw housekeeping telemetry blocks		

4.3 Level-2 File Organization & Description

The filename for the Level-2 Aquarius product conforms to standards previously described and illustrated by: **Q2015001000100.L2_SCI_V5.0**. In addition to global file metadata, Level-2 files contain data for a range of measured variables organized in five categorical groups: *Aquarius Data*, *Aquarius Flags*, *Block Attributes*, *Converted Telemetry*, and *Navigation*. These are described in detail in the sections below. Group data objects hold data for each block (1.44 second Aquarius instrument sampling interval) and Aquarius beam; these arrays are therefore typically dimensioned by the value of the global attributes *Number of Blocks* (e.g. 4083) and *Number of Beams* (3), in addition potentially to further dimensional variables in select cases. Tables 7-15 list and describe attributes associated both with global file metadata and each of the L2 Aquarius variable datasets by group. The source documentation on which this information is based is:

[Patt, F. et al. \(2017\). Aquarius Level-2 Data Product Version 5.0, October 2017. NASA/GSFC.](#)

4.3.1 Global Metadata

A complete listing and definition of global metadata fields associated with Aquarius Level-2 files is given in table 7 below. Attributes are presented by categorical groups. Representative attribute values are provided for illustration of content together with detailed descriptions of fields.

Table 7. Aquarius L2 Data File Global Metadata Attributes by Category.

Attribute_Name	Description/Value	Type	Array Size
<u>MISSION and DOCUMENTATION ATTRIBUTES</u>			
Title	Aquarius Level 2 Data	String(22)	Scalar
institution	NASA/GSFC OBPG	String(15)	Scalar
Mission_Characteristics	Nominal orbit: inclination = 98.0 (Sun-synchronous); node = 6 PM (ascending); eccentricity = <0.002; altitude = 657 km; ground speed = 6.825 km/sec	String(137)	Scalar
Sensor_Characteristics	Number of beams = 3; channels per receiver = 4; radiometer frequency = 1.413 GHz; scatterometer frequency = 1.26 GHz; bits per sample = 16; instantaneous radiometer field-of-view = 6.5 degrees; instantaneous scatterometer field-of-view = 4.9 degrees; science data block period = 1.44 sec	String(163)	Scalar
Creator_email	data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov	String(22)	Scalar
Creator_name	NASA/GSFC OBPG	String(22)	Scalar
Creator_url	http://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov	String(22)	Scalar
Publisher_email	data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov	String(22)	Scalar
Publisher_name	NASA/GSFC OBPG	String(22)	Scalar
Publisher_url	http://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov	String(22)	Scalar
platform	Platform name: Aquarius/SAC-D	String(60)	Scalar
instrument	Instrument names: Aquarius radiometer, Aquarius Scatterometer	String(60)	Scalar
keywords	Product keywords: SURFACE SALINITY, SALINITY, AQUARIUS, Jet Propulsion Laboratory, NASA, http://aquarius.nasa.gov/ , AQUARIUS SAC-D, Aquarius Scatterometer, Aquarius Radiometer	String(500)	Scalar
Keywords_vocabulary	Keyword vocabulary authority: NASA Global Change Master Directory (GCMD) Science Keywords	String(100)	Scalar
license	Applicable license policy: http://science.nasa.gov/earth-science/earth-science-data/data-information-policy/	String(100)	Scalar
project	Project/mission name: SAC-D Aquarius	String(100)	Scalar
source	Data source/provider: Aquarius Mission Data Processing System (ADPS)	String(100)	Scalar
<u>PROCESSING INFORMATION ATTRIBUTES</u>			
Cdm_data_type	Spatial data type: "swath"	String(5)	Scalar
Processing_level	Data product processing level: 2	Integer	Scalar
Product_version	Identifies the version of the products, e.g. V5.0.	String(7)	Scalar
date_created	Local time of generation of this product; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS.FFFZ.	String(100)	Scalar
Software_ID	Identifies version of the software used to create this product. (e.g. 2.00)	String(5)	Scalar
Processing_Version	Identifies the version of the products (e.g. V4.0)	String(7)	Scalar
Conventions	"CF-1.6"; Climate and Forecast (CF) metadata conventions used.	String(7)	Scalar
_lastModified	Same as "Processing Time" attribute above. (e.g. 2012076162214000)	String(17)	Scalar
Input_Files	The name of the Level-1A file (without path) from which the current product was created; stored in the product as part of its processing history. (e.g. Q2012001012500.L1A_SCI)	String(23)	Scalar
RAD_ANCILLARY_FILEn	The names of the ancillary data files (without path) used to process the radiometer data, where n = 1, 2, or 3. Depending on the timing of the Aquarius granule with respect to the ancillary data times, there may be either 2 or 3 sets of data with	String(248)	Scalar

Attribute_Name	Description/Value	Type	Array Size
<i>RAD Ancillary_File1</i>	corresponding instances of this attribute. This information is stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. y2012031000.h5:N2012069_SST_OIV2AV_24h.nc,N2012070_SST_OIV2AV_24h.nc,N201207000_QATM_NCEP_6h.h5,N201207000_QMET_NCEP_6h,N201207000_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,N201207100_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,N201206900_SALINITY_HYCOM_24h.h5,N201207000_SALINITY_HYCOM_24h.h5		
<i>RAD Ancillary_File2</i>	y2012031000.h5:N2012069_SST_OIV2AV_24h.nc,N2012070_SST_OIV2AV_24h.nc,N201207006_QATM_NCEP_6h.h5,N201207006_QMET_NCEP_6h,N201207000_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,N201207100_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,N201206900_SALINITY_HYCOM_24h.h5,N201207000_SALINITY_HYCOM_24h.h5	String(248)	Scalar
<i>RAD Ancillary_File3</i>	y2012031000.h5:N2012069_SST_OIV2AV_24h.nc,N2012070_SST_OIV2AV_24h.nc,N201207000_QATM_NCEP_6h.h5,N201207000_QMET_NCEP_6h,N201207000_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,N201207100_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,N201206900_SALINITY_HYCOM_24h.h5,N201207000_SALINITY_HYCOM_24h.h5	String(248)	Scalar
Scatterometer_Ancillary_Files	The names of the ancillary files (without path) used to process the scatterometer data; stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. SEAICEFILE1=N201207000_SEAICE_NCEP_24h.hdf,TECFILE1=N201207000_TEC_IGR_24h.h5,QMETFILE1=N201207000_QMET_NCEP_6h,QMETFILE2=N201207006_QMET_NCEP_6h	String(146)	Scalar
Radiometer_Calibration_Files	The names of the radiometer calibration coefficient files (without path) used to process the radiometer data; stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. coeff_loss_v4.txt,coeff_nl.txt	String(31)	Scalar
Radiometer_Data_Tables	The names of the radiometer look-up table files (without path) used to process the radiometer data; stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. land_tables.h5,gain_ice.h5,tausq.h5,ocean_reflectance.h5,mk_sss_algo_tables.h5,sun_tables.h5,sun_bak_tables.h5,galaxy_wind_tables_080111.h5,apc_matrix_090711.h5,...	String(174)	Scalar
Scatterometer_Coefficient_Files	The names of the scatterometer coefficient files (without path) used to process the scatterometer data; stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. atc_prt_convert_v4.txt,ext_temps_constants_convert_v4.txt,scat_temps_convert_v4.txt,radiometer_constants_convert_v4.txt,cmd_gn.dat	String(131)	Scalar
Scatterometer_Processing_Control	Additional scatterometer input and processing control parameters used to generate the product. Vertical bars or carriage return characters serve as parameter information delimiters. Stored in the product as part of its processing history. e.g. -limits /sdps/sdpsoper/Science/OCSSW/trunk/data/aquarius/scatterometer/L1B_limits fla_09-14-2011.txt -debug -1 -L2_filter_rfi -param_file /sdps/sdpsoper/Science/OCSSW/trunk/data/aquarius/scatterometer/params_10-10-2011.txt -dir_dat /sdps/sdpsoper/Science/OCSSW/trunk/data/aquarius/scatterometer -dir_out /data4/sdpsoper/vdc/vpu3/workbuf -dir_scratch /dev/shm/tmp_34996892 -apc_file /sdps/sdpsoper/Science/OCSSW/trunk/data/aquarius/scatterometer/L2_APC_matrix_theory_10-04-2011.txt -cal_level 3 -suppress_tlm_warnings -i /data4/sdpsoper/vdc/vpu3/workbuf/Q2012070005700.L1A_SCI	String(590)	Scalar
Delta_TND_H_coefficient	calibration coefficients applied to the Radiometer Ta H polarization for this orbit, computed from the exponential fits. The calculation and application of these coefficients is described in "Instrument calibration (post-launch): Radiometer calibration methodology", J. Piepmeier et al. e.g. 0.004769839, 0.0060151783, 0.0054100547	Float (32-bit)	3 (# of Beams)
Delta_TND_V_coefficient	calibration coefficient applied to the Radiometer Ta V polarization for this orbit, computed from the exponential fits (see above). e.g. 0.0057764184, 0.00512049, 0.0062645986	Float (32-bit)	3 (# of Beams)
Radiometer_Offset_Correction_	Offset corrections applied to the radiometer Ta values. These are the estimated residual instrumental errors in the antenna temperatures after the "Delta TND X coefficient" gain corrections are applied. The calculation and application of these coefficients is described in "Instrument calibration (post-launch): Radiometer calibration methodology", J. Piepmeier et al. The order is (1V, 1H, 2V, 2H, 3V, 3H). Set to -9999.0 if not used.	Float (32-bit)	6 (2 x # Beams)
Radiometer_Flag_Limits	Brief listing of limits used to set the radiometer quality flags (see Table 12). e.g. Fl: 15 7 Land: 0.005 0.02 Ice: 0.005 0.02 Wind: 7 15 Temp: 1 3 FluxD: 0.02 0.05 FluxR: 0.02 0.05 Glint: 0.02 0.05 Moon: 0.02 0.05 Gal: 0.02 0.05 RPY: 1 5 4 Flare: 5e-05 0.0001	String(178)	Scalar
Mean_Solar_1415_MHz_Flux	The noon-time value of solar flux. This is the average value of the stations of the Air Force Radio Solar Telescope Network (RSTN) reporting at 1.4 GHz (Learmonth, San Vito, Sagmore Hill, Palehua). The data are available at: http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/ftplib/lists/radio/rad.txt . These data are used to compute	Float (32-bit)	Scalar

Attribute_Name	Description/Value	Type	Array Size
	the contribution of the Sun (direct, reflected and glint) and associated flags. E.g. 91.56463		
	<u>DATE/TIME ATTRIBUTES</u>		
Node_Crossing_Time	UTC of ascending node crossing; concatenated digits for year, day-of-year, hours, minutes, seconds, and fraction of seconds in the format of YYYYDDHMMSSFFF. e.g. 2012001014930000	String(17)	Scalar
	<u>DATA CHARACTERISTICS</u>		
Number_of_Blocks	Number of Aquarius science blocks in the orbit at 1.44-second intervals. (= 4083)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Number_of_Beams	Number of antenna beams; order is inner, middle, outer. (= 3)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer_Polarizations	Number of polarizations in raw radiometer data; order is V, +45, -45, H. (= 4)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer_Subcycles	The number of 120 msec subcycles in a 1.44 second science block. (= 12)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Radiometer_Signals_per_Subcycle	Number of radiometer antenna signal measurements in a 120 msec subcycle; first 2 are 20 msec, last 3 are 10 msec. (= 5)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Scatterometer__Polarizations	Number of scatterometer receive polarizations; order is V, H; last dimension of the scat_rfi_flags array (= 2)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Scatterometer_Subcycles	The number of 180 msec subcycles in a 1.44 second science block. (= 8)	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
	<u>FILE METRICS</u>		
Percent_Water	Percent of data in this product not contaminated by land. e.g. 0.68622816	Float (32-bit)	Scalar
Percent_RFI	Percent of radiometer data with the RFI flag set, computed as the number of RFI-flagged 10-ms samples divided by the total samples; if SA1 exclusion is enabled, these samples are not counted as either RFI-flagged or total. e.g. 0	Float (32-bit)	Scalar
Nominal_Navigation	Indicates nominal pointing during the orbit; set to FALSE during maneuvers or anomalies. (=“TRUE” or “FALSE”)	String(6)	Scalar
Anomaly_Status_String	Indicates type of anomaly (if any) that occurred in this orbit; included only for orbits with anomalies.	String	Scalar
	<u>ORBIT COORDINATES</u>		
Orbit_Number	Orbit number from the start of the mission. e.g. 4024	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Orbit_Node_Longitude	Longitude of scene's orbit ascending node (longitude at equatorial crossing of PM-side node). e.g -109.2135	Float (32-bit)	Scalar
Cycle_Number	Number of the weekly cycle from the start of the mission. Cycle 1 started with the first orbit on 25 August 2011. Each cycle will contain 103 orbits. e.g. 29	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
Pass_Number	Pass (orbit) number within the weekly cycle (1 to 103). e.g. 31	Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
geospatial_lat_units	"degrees North"; units used for all latitude values in this product.	String	Scalar
geospatial_lon_units	"degrees East"; units used for all longitude values in this product.	String	Scalar

4.3.2 “Aquarius Data” Group Variables

Aquarius observational and ancillary data are stored in the **Aquarius Data** group object of the Aquarius Level-2, HDF5 product file. Table 8 lists L2 data variables belonging to this data group. The table provides a complete description of available parameters by category: Radiometer, Scatterometer, Ancillary Data, and SAC-D Microwave Radiometer MWR. For each parameter, the values of the attribute **Long Name**, **Description** and **Units** are given together with a summary of associated data structure attributes. Each data object has dimensions **Number of Blocks** x **Number of Beams**. (Blocks are defined in section 4.3.2).

New L2 variables with V5.0 are: *anc_SSS_hycom, anc_surface_temp_err, anc_surface_temp_SSS_sens, EIA_err, EIA_SSS_sens, IU_coupling_err, IU_coupling_SSS_sens, NEDT_3_err, NEDT_3_SSS_sens, NEDT_H_err, NEDT_H_SSS_sens, NEDT_V_err, NEDT_V_SSS_sens, rad_galact_Ta_err, rad_galact_Ta_SSS_sens, rad_geo_rot_ang, rad_moon_Ta_err, rad_moon_Ta_SSS_sens, rad_far_rot_ang, rad_pol_rot_ang, rad_TbV_ice_contam_err, rad_TbV_ice_contam_SSS_sens, rad_TbV_land_contam_err, rad_TbV_land_contam_SSS_sens, rad_wind_dir_rand_err, rad_wind_dir_rand_SSS_sens, rad_wind_speed_rand_err, rad_wind_speed_rand_SSS_sens, rad_wind_speed_syst_err, rad_wind_speed_syst_SSS_sens, RFI_level_err, RFI_level_SSS_sens, rim_anom, rim_anom1, rim_anom3, rim_anom5, rim_bf_irr, rim_irr, rim_pss, rim_sss, spiciness, SSS_matchup, SSS_unc, SSS_unc_EIA, SSS_unc_galact_Ta, SSS_unc_IU_coupling, SSS_unc_moon_Ta, SSS_unc_NEDT_3, SSS_unc_NEDT_H, SSS_unc_NEDT_V, SSS_unc_RFI_level, SSS_unc_surface_temp, SSS_unc_TbV_ice_contam, SSS_unc_TbV_land_contam, SSS_unc_wind_dir_rand, SSS_unc_wind_speed_rand, SSS_unc_wind_speed_syst, rim_status_flag*

All L2 variables from V4.0 are still present in V5.0 except “*rad_far_TaH*”. Also the variable “*anc_SSS*” is now replaced by 2 new ancillary SSS variables: “*anc_SSS_ARGO*”, and “*anc_SSS_HYCOM*”.

Please note that the values of ancillary variables are interpolated in space and time to the Aquarius beam footprints. Sources of ancillary datasets employed are cited in the associated variable descriptions below, and fully documented in Appendix 1.

Table 8. Description of Variables Associated with the “Aquarius Data” Group of Aquarius Level-2 Files. Variable listings are organized in blocks by the instrument type with which the parameter is associated (Radiometer, Scatterometer, MWR). Note that for compactness here, radiometer parameters having multiple polarizations are represented in the table within a single row as $X = \{V, H, 3\}$ or $\{V, H\}$ polarizations as may apply. Similarly for scatterometer parameters, but with $X = \{VV, HH, HV, VH\}$ or $\{V, H\}$ polarizations as may apply. In contrast, in the data files themselves each parameter polarization is represented as a distinct dataset variable. Variables not yet fully implemented but present in the current version of the L2 data files are indicated by *; such variables are assigned default Null values (-9999).

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
<i>RADIOMETER PARAMETERS</i>				
EIA_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Boresight Angle Error: Estimated random error in boresight Earth Incidence Angle.	degrees
EIA_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	SSS Sensitivity to Boresight Angle Error: Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to boresight Earth Incidence Angle random error.	PSU
IU_coupling_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Stokes Coupling Systematic Error: Estimated systematic error in computing first (I) and third (U) stokes coupling.	Kelvin
IU_coupling_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	SSS Sensitivity to Stokes Coupling Error: Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to IU coupling correction.	PSU

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
NEDT_X_err where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated radiometer Noise Equivalent Delta Temperature random error at polarization X.	Kelvin
NEDT_X_SSS_sens where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to radiometer Noise Equivalent Delta Temperature input at polarization X.	PSU
rad_TaX where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Ta X polarization: Radiometer antenna temperature at polarization X corrected for instrumental errors. This is the radiometer output (TOI), calibrated (counts to TA) and averaged to 1.44 sec blocks (same as rad_TaX0), with a gain adjustment (specified by Delta TND X coefficient) and offset correction (Radiometer Offset Correction) applied. (see ATBD, Section 3.2)	Kelvin
rad_TaX0 where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Ta X polarization (no exp drift): Radiometer antenna temperature at polarization X. This is the radiometer output (TOI), calibrated (counts to TA) and averaged to 1.44 sec blocks with no other processing.	Kelvin
rad_TfX where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Ta X polarization (rfi filtered): Radiometer antenna temperature at polarization X corrected for instrumental errors and RFI removal. This is the radiometer output (TOI), calibrated and averaged to 1.44 sec blocks (same as rad_TaX) but with RFI removed.	Kelvin
rad_TfX0 where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Ta X polarization (rfi filtered/no exp drift): Radiometer antenna temperature at polarization X after RFI removal. This is the radiometer output (TOI), calibrated (counts to TA) and averaged to 1.44 sec blocks (same as rad_TaX0) after RFI has been removed.	Kelvin
rad_toi_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer TOI Tb X polarization: Brightness temperature from the surface at the radiometer (i.e. top of the ionosphere, TOI) at polarization X. This is obtained from the radiometer antenna temperature after RFI removal, rad_TfX, by removing all non-surface comments (except the atmosphere) and then applying the antenna pattern correction, APC. (ATBD, Section 3.3, Equation 46.)	Kelvin
rad_toa_X where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer TOA Tb X polarization: Brightness temperature at the top of the atmosphere (TOA) at polarization X with a correction for land contamination. This is obtained from the radiometer brightness temperature, rad_toa_X_nolc, by applying an additional correction for contamination due to land appearing in the antenna sidelobes. This is not a correction for land in the mainbeam. (ATBD, Section 3.8, Equation 55)	Kelvin

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
rad_toa_X_nolc where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer TOA Tb X polarization (no land correction): Brightness temperature at the top of the atmosphere (TOA) at polarization X. This is obtained from the radiometer brightness temperature, rad_toi_X, by applying a correction for Faraday rotation. The Faraday rotation angle is obtained from rad_toi_X, using the ratio of the third and second Stokes parameters. (ATBD, Section 3.4, Equations 47-48).	Kelvin
rad_far_rot_ang	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Faraday Angle: Faraday rotation angle determined from the ratio of the third and second Stokes parameters using data in rad_toi_X. This is the angle used in converting from rad_toi_X to rad_toa_X_nolc (ATBD, Section 3.4, Equations 47-48).	degrees
rad_galact-Ta_dir_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Galactic Direct Corr X polar: Celestial background radiation at L-band impinging directly on the radiometer antenna. In nominal operation it enters via the antenna side lobes (ATBD Section 2.2.1).	Kelvin
rad_galact-Ta_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Galactic Error: Estimated systematic error in galactic effects. This value is derived for I/2.	Kelvin
rad_galact-Ta_ref_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Galactic Reflect Corr X polar: Celestial background radiation at L-band after reflection from the Earth surface. In nominal operation (i.e. pointing toward the surface) it enters primarily via the antenna mainbeam. A constant value of 3.0 K is removed and treated separately (ATBD Section 2.2.1).	Kelvin
rad_galact-Ta_ref_GO_X where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Galactic Reflect Radiation X polar: Celestial background radiation at L-band after reflection from the Earth surface, derived from geometric optics with no empirical adjustment. (ATBD Addendum III, Section 5).	Kelvin
rad_galact_dTa_X where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Galactice Reflect Corr X polar: Empirical adjustment to the correction for reflected celestial background radiation at L-band. (ATBD Addendum III, Section 5).	Kelvin
rad_solar-Ta_dir_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Solar Direct Corr X polar: Direct radiation from the Sun. Radiation from the Sun, arriving via line-of-sight from the Sun. This enters via the radiometer antenna sidelobes. The radiation is proportional to the mean solar flux (no flares). (ATBD Section 2.2.3)	Kelvin
rad_solar-Ta_ref_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Solar Reflect Corr X polar: Reflected radiation from the Sun. The radiation arrives after reflection from the Earth surface and enters through the antenna side lobes. The radiation is proportional to the mean solar flux (no flares). (ATBD Section 2.2.4)	Kelvin
rad_galact-Ta_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to galactic effects. This value is derived for I/2.	PSU

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
rad_geo_rot_ang	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to galactic effects. This value is derived for I/2.	degrees
rad_solar_Ta_bak_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Solar Back Scattered X polar: Sun glint. Radiation from the Sun which is scattered from the rough ocean surface toward the radiometer. This is only significant when the footprint of the main antenna beam is illuminated by the Sun. (ATBD Section 2.2.5)	Kelvin
rad_TbX where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Tb X polarization (no rough correction): Brightness temperature at the surface prior to making a correction for roughness. This is obtained from rad_toa_X after correction for attenuation and emission from the atmosphere (ATBD Section 3.5).	Kelvin
rad_TbV_ice_contam_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated systematic error in ocean surface Tb sea-ice contamination calculation.	Kelvin
rad_TbV_ice_contam_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to ocean surface Tb sea-ice contamination correction.	PSU
rad_TbV_land_contam_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated systematic error in ocean surface Tb land contamination calculation.	Kelvin
rad_TbV_land_contam_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to ocean surface Tb land contamination correction.	PSU
rad_TbX_nolc where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Earth surface Tb X polarization (no land correction): Brightness temperature at the surface prior to making a correction for roughness but without the correction for land in the antenna sidelobes. This is obtained from rad_toa_X_nolc after correction for attenuation and emission from the atmosphere (ATBD Section 3.5).	Kelvin
rad_TbX_rc where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Tb X polarization (roughness correction): Brightness temperature at the surface after making a correction for roughness. This is obtained from rad_TbX after correction for roughness (ATBD Section 3.6; Addendum, Section III).	Kelvin
rad_TbX_rc_nolc where X = {V, H} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Tb X polarization (roughness correction, no land correction): Brightness temperature at the surface after making a roughness correction but without making a correction for land in the sidelobes. This is obtained from rad_TbX_nolc after correction for roughness (ATBD Section 3.6; Addendum Section III).	Kelvin
rad_Tb_consistency	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Tb consistency check: Magnitude of the difference between the measured brightness temperature at the surface after all corrections (rad_TBX_rc) and the predicted values obtained using the derived SSS (not HYCOM) and a flat surface. The difference is squared, summed over both polarizations and the square root taken. However, the difference at V-pol is zero because rad_TbV_rc is used to derive the SSS. Hence, this is the magnitude of the difference at H-pol.	Kelvin

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
rad_Tb_consistency_nolc	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Tb consistency check (no land correction): Same as rad_Tb_consistency but using the measured values before land correction (i.e. using rad_TbX_nolc_rc).	Kelvin
rad_hh_wind_speed	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer hh Wind Speed Wind speed derived using the measured scatterometer sigma-0 and sigma-0 wind model function at HH-pol (ATBD Addendum III, Section 2). This is used as the wind during calibration (drift correction). It is also used as the wind in the correction for reflected galactic and solar radiation.	m/s
rad_hhh_wind_speed	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer hh Wind Speed Wind speed derived using the scatterometer sigma-0 at HH-pol and the radiometer Tb at H-pol (ATBD Addendum III, Section 2). This is used for the wind in the surface roughness correction for the final science product (ATBD Addendum III, Section 3).	m/s
rad_wind_dir_rand_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated random error in radiometer derived wind direction.	degrees
rad_wind_dir_rand_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to random error in wind direction.	PSU
rad_wind_speed_rand_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated random error in radiometer derived wind speed.	m/s
rad_wind_speed_rand_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to random error in wind speed.	PSU
rad_wind_speed_syst_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated systematic error in radiometer derived wind speed.	m/s
rad_wind_speed_syst_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to systematic error in wind speed.	PSU
RFI_level_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated systematic error in RFI level calculation.	PSU
RFI_level_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to RFI level.	PSU
rim_anom	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface salinity anomaly at the surface (0m) due to rain impact.	PSU
rim_anom1	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface salinity anomaly at 1m below surface due to rain impact.	PSU
rim_anom3	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface salinity anomaly at 3m below surface due to rain impact.	PSU
rim_anom5	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface salinity anomaly at 5m below surface due to rain impact.	PSU
rim_bf_irr	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Rain Beam Fill fraction for the Instantaneous Rain Rate, computed from rain impact model (RIM). Represents area weighted percentage of the beam that exceeds an IRR threshold (0.25 mm/hour).	%
rim_irr	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Instantaneous Rain Rate computed from RIM.	mm/h
rim_pss	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Probability of Salinity Stratification computed from RIM.	-
rim_sss	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	The sea surface salinity estimation based on HYCOM and RIM.	PSU

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
spiciness	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface spiciness (McDougall & Krzysik, 2015) derived from Aquarius SSS and ancillary SST using TEOS-10 equation of state (McDougall & Barker, 2011). As of GSW 3.05, it's now officially implemented in the GSW toolbox/TEOS-10 as gsw_spiciness0: http://www.teos-10.org/pubs/gsw/html/gsw_spiciness0.html	kg/m ³
SSS	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea Surface Salinity: Retrieved sea surface salinity. Uses only vertical polarization. Obtained from rad_TbV_rc (ATBD Section 3.6; Addendum Section IV).	PSU
SSS_matchup	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	ARGO Collocated Sea Surface Salinity: Argo salinity collocated with Aquarius footprints. Used for validation purposes not calibration.	PSU
SSS_nolc	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea Surface Salinity (no land correction): Retrieved sea surface salinity with no land sidelobe correction. Uses only vertical polarization. Obtained from rad_TbV_nolc_rc (ATBD Section 3.6; Addendum Section IV).	PSU
SSS_unc	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated uncertainty in SSS: Estimated total uncertainty in SSS including random and systematic components.	PSU
SSS_unc_ran	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated random component of uncertainty in SSS. Obtained from monthly uncertainty maps (ATBD, RSS Technical Report 061015).	PSU
SSS_unc_sys	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated systematic component of uncertainty in SSS . Obtained from monthly uncertainty maps (ATBD, RSS Technical Report 061015).	PSU
SSS_unc_EIA	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to boresight Earth Incidence Angle random error.	PSU
SSS_unc_galact_Ta	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to galactic effect systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_IU_coupling	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to IU coupling systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_moon_Ta	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to moon effect systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_NEDT_X	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to radiometer Noise Equivalent Delta Temperature random error at polarization X.	PSU
where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations				
SSS_unc_RFI_level	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to RFI level systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_surface_temp	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to sea surface temperature systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_TbV_ice_contam	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to ocean surface Tb sea-ice contamination systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_TbV_land_contam	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to ocean surface Tb land contamination systematic error.	PSU
SSS_unc_wind_dir_rand	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to wind direction random error.	PSU
SSS_unc_wind_speed_rand	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to wind speed random error.	PSU

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
SSS_unc_wind_speed_syst	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval uncertainty due to wind speed systematic error.	PSU
Density	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface density derived from Aquarius SSS and ancillary SST using TEOS-10 equation of state (McDougall & Barker, 2011).	kg/m ³
rad_dtb_sst_wspd_X where X = {V,H}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer SST bias emissivity correction (Addendum IV to ATBD, RSS Technical Report #061515).	Kelvin
rad_moon-Ta_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Lunar Error: Estimated systematic error in lunar effects. This value is derived for I/2.	Kelvin
rad_moon-Ta_ref_X where X = {V, H, 3} polarizations	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Lunar Reflect Corr X polar: Radiation from the Moon at polarization X after reflection from the Earth. This is important several times each month when the reflection occurs close to the footprint of the antenna main beam (ATBD Section 2.2.6).	Kelvin
rad_moon-Ta_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Lunar SSS Retrieval Sensitivity: Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to lunar effects. This value is derived for I/2.	PSU
rad_pol_rot_ang	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Polarization Rotation Angle.	degrees
rad_exp-TaX where X = {V, H, 3} polarization	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Ta X (expected): Model derived radiometer antenna temperature. The antenna temperature is obtained using the salinity field from the HYCOM model and working the retrieval algorithm in reverse (ATBD Section 3.7).	Kelvin
rad_exp-TaX_hhh where X = {V, H, 3} polarization	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Model derived radiometer antenna temperature using the derived wind speed (rad_hhh_wind_speed). The antenna temperature is obtained using the salinity field from the HYCOM model and working the retrieval algorithm in reverse (ATBD Section 3.7).	Kelvin
rad_exp-TbX	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Tb X (expected) : Predicted brightness at the surface using the HYCOM salinity field. The brightness temperature (ATBD, Equation 43-44) is computed for a smooth surface to which the roughness correction (ATBD, Addendum, Section III) is added.	Kelvin
rad_exp-TbX0	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer Tb X (expected smooth): Brightness temperature of an ideal surface (i.e. flat, with no waves) and with the salinity of the HYCOM reference ocean and Reynolds SST, but modified as described in Equations 43-44 of the ATBD.	Kelvin
<u>SCATTEROMETER PARAMETERS</u>				
scat_X_ant where X = {VV, HH, HV VH}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	TOI Scatterometer NRCS for X polarization: Estimated normalized radar cross-section (NRCS, or sigma-0) at the antenna (i.e., TOI, top of ionosphere) for each polarization. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	db

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
scat_X_toa where X = {VV, HH, HV VH}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	TOA Scatterometer NRCS for X polarization: Estimated normalized radar cross-section (NRCS, or sigma-0) at the top of the atmosphere (TOA), after Faraday rotation and cross-pol leakage corrections, for each polarization. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	db
scat_tot_toa	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	TOA Scatterometer (Total): Estimated normalized radar cross-section (NRCS, or sigma-0) for the total power received by the radar for each beam (the sum of the power in all four channels, which is independent of Faraday rotation). (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	db
scat_wind_speed	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Scatterometer Wind Speed: Estimated wind speed at the ocean surface. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	m/s
wind_uncertainty	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated wind speed error: Estimated uncertainty in wind speed at the ocean surface. This is currently a lower bound for the error, derived from the Kpc variance propagated through wind retrieval. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	m/s
scat_esurf_X where X = {V, H}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Excess surface scatterometer emissivity (X pol): Excess surface emissivity due to wind for V and H polarizations derived from scatterometer data and the radiometer model function. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	
scat_esurf_X_uncertainty where X = {V, H}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Uncertainty in surface emissivity (X-pol): Estimated uncertainty in excess surface emissivity for V and H pol. This is currently a lower bound for the error, derived from the Kpc variance propagated through wind retrieval. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	
Kpc_X_ant where X = {VV, HH, HV VH}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Kpc statistical uncertainty for ANT X NRCS: Statistical uncertainty for the antenna sigma-0 (Kpc = sqrt(var(sig-0))/sig-0). (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	
Kpc_X_toa	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Kpc statistical uncertainty for TOA X NRCS: Statistical uncertainty for the top-of-atmosphere sigma-0 (Kpc = sqrt(var(sig-0))/sig-0). Algorithm still TBD; current KPC_TOA output is preliminary. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	
Kpc_total	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Statistical uncertainty for total power NRCS: Statistical uncertainty for the total power sigma-0. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	
scat_X_exp where X = {VV, HH, HV VH}	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Expected Sigma0 for X polarization: Estimated normalized radar cross-section (NRCS, or sigma-0) at the surface for each polarization, predicted using a geophysical model based on the wind dataset over ocean only. Over land, this value defaults to -999. (Also defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	db

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
<u>ANCILLARY PARAMETERS</u>				
anc_wind_speed	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Ancillary Wind Speed 10m above surface: The wind speed from NCEP GFS GDAS at 10 m. Data is available from: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ . In the L2 algorithm this NCEP GDAS wind speed is multiplied by a factor of 1.03 in order to make it consistent with observations from buoys and microwave satellites (SSM/I, WindSat).	m/s
anc_wind_dir	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Ancillary Wind Direction 10m above surface: The wind direction over the ocean is obtained from the NCEP GFS GDAS 10 meter level. The direction conforms to the meteorological convention (i.e. the wind direction is the direction from which the wind is blowing). In the current algorithm for the roughness correction, the direction dependence is determined using this value (expressed as azimuthal angle relative to the look direction, celphi). Both radiometer and scatterometer observations are corrected for wind direction. (ATBD, Addendum I). Data is available from: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	degrees
anc_cwat	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Cloud Water: The total columnar liquid water above the viewed location. In the processing, it is used to calculate the integral along the slant path of the radiometer boresight. Approximately, this is the value obtained by dividing by cosine (celtht, see Table 14). The actual calculation is done slightly differently (see ATBD). The data are obtained from the NCEP GFS GDAS at: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	kg m-2
anc_subsurf_temp	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sub-surface Temperature: The subsurface temperature over the land is the NCEP GFS GDAS product for the layer (0-10 cm) because emission from this layer is most closely correlated with soil moisture. This field is not valid over the ocean. Data is obtained from: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	Kelvin
anc_surface_temp	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Surface Temperature: The surface temperature over the ocean is the NOAA OISST (Reynolds) product. Over land, the NCEP GFS GDAS product for the surface layer (0-10 cm) is used because emission from this layer is most closely correlated with soil moisture. Data is available from: ftp.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/cmb/sst/oisst_v4/YEARLY_FILES	Kelvin
anc_surface_temp_err	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated systematic error in ancillary sea surface temperature input.	Kelvin
anc_surface_temp_SSS_sens	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Estimated SSS retrieval sensitivity to ancillary sea surface temperature input.	PSU

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
anc_surface_pressure	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Surface Pressure: Atmospheric pressure is obtained from the NCEP GFS GDAS. The value at the surface at radiometer boresight is listed in this field (the vertical profile is used in the algorithm; ATBD, Section 2.3.2). Data is obtained from: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	Pascals
anc_SSS_HYCOM	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface salinity (HYCOM): The reference sea surface salinity used for computing rad_exp_TbX . It is obtained from the hybrid coordinate ocean model (HYCOM: http://hycom.org) with data assimilation, operated in support of US Navy operations and provided by the Florida State University Center for Ocean-Atmosphere Prediction Studies (FSU/COAPS).	PSU
anc_SSS_ARGO	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sea surface salinity (ARGO): Interpolated monthly Scripps Institution of Oceanography Argo salinity data (http://sio-argo.ucsd.edu/RG_Climatology.html). It is used whenever valid values are present in the calibration loop.	PSU
anc_swe	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Snow water equivalent: The snow water equivalent from NCEP GFS GDAS. Data is obtained from ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	Kg/m2
anc_swh	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Significant Wave height: The significant wave height data from NCEP, used for the radiometer Tb surface roughness correction. Data is obtained from: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/wave/prod/ .	m
anc_trans	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Atmospheric Transmittance: A measure of attenuation through the atmosphere. It is the parameter, $\tau(0,S)$, defined in equation 28-29 in the section 2.3.1 of the Level-2 ATBD. When $\tau(0,S) = 0$ the path is completely opaque.	
anc_Tb_up	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Upwelling atmospheric brightness temperature: A measure of the upwelling radiation from the atmosphere at L-band. It is expressed as the effective brightness temperature at the top of the atmosphere and defined by Equation 30 in Section 2.3.1 of the Level-2 ATBD.	Kelvin
anc_Tb_dw	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Downwelling atmospheric brightness temperature: A measure of the downwelling radiation from the atmosphere at L-band. It is expressed as the effective brightness temperature at the bottom of the atmosphere and defined by Equation 31 in Section 2.3.1 of the Level-2 ATBD.	Kelvin
anc_sm	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Soil Moisture: The soil moisture content when over land. This is obtained from the NCEP GFS GDAS operational data product at 1 degree resolution: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	

Parameter/Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Variable Long Name & Description	Units
rad_land_frac	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Fraction of land contamination (radiometer): The gain weighted land fraction: Integration over the radiometer footprint with 1 = land and 0 = non-land (water and sea ice) weighted by the antenna pattern. Computation is made using the GSFC ODPS (SeaWiFS) 1 km resolution land mask. "Land" includes ice/snow covered land.	
rad_ice_frac	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Fraction of ice contamination (radiometer): The gain weighted fraction of sea ice in the radiometer footprint. The Integration is over the radiometer footprint with 0 = water and 0 = land and 1 = sea ice weighted by the antenna pattern. Computation is made using the NCEP GFS GDAS ice product: ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/ .	
scat_land_frac	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Fraction of land contamination (scatterometer): The gain weighted fraction of land in the scatterometer footprint. The computation is made using the 2-way beam pattern and GSFC ODPS 1 km land mask. Land fractions should be less than 0.005, and preferably less than 0.001. See the "Scatterometer Science Processing Software (L1A_to_L2) User Manual" for additional information. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	
scat_ice_frac	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Fraction of ice contamination (scatterometer): The fraction of sea ice in the block-integrated footprint, ranging from 0.0 for no ice to 1.0 for complete ice coverage. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	

4.3.3 “Block Attributes” Group Variables

The following table lists and defines Level-2 data objects belonging to the group **Block Attributes**. A block is essentially the fundamental unit of data representation for the Aquarius L2 swath data. Each block represents a constant 1.44 second instrument sample interval along the Aquarius orbit. Since the orbit period is 97.86 minutes, the files can be either 97 or 98 minutes long. Since files are set to an integer number of minutes in length, the "Number of Blocks" can vary between files. There are 4083 blocks per 98 minute duration orbit and L2 file. Every block is associated with geolocation extent and time range parameters, and Aquarius geophysical data. Both within and between Groups, all data variable arrays are indexed consistently by block number, beam, and in select cases also by additional dimensional parameters (e.g. polarizations).

Table 9. Variables associated with the “Block Attributes” Group of Aquarius Level-2 files.

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description	Units
rad_samples	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4 (Blocks x Beams x Radiometer Polarizations)	Number of radiometer samples per average: The number of radiometer samples used per block, beam and polarization in the radiometer parameter averages in the Aquarius Data group. Samples that are flagged for RFI interference (see: rad_rfi_flags) are not used in the averages. Note that the 20-msec DPU averages are counted as 2 samples. The maximum is 84 with all samples and 60 with SA1 excluded.	
scat_samples	Unsigned Integer (16-bit)	4083 x 3 (Blocks x Beams)	Number of scatterometer samples per average: The number of scatterometer samples used per block and beam in the scatterometer parameter averages in the Aquarius Data group. Samples flagged for RFI interference (see: rad_rfi_flags) in either polarization are not used in the averages, so this value is not polarization-dependent. This is done to ensure that RFI detected on one polarization does not corrupt the corresponding sample of the other polarization.	
sec	Float (64-bit)	4083 (Blocks)	Block time, seconds of day: Mid-block times of Aquarius physical parameter values in seconds of day. valid_range = (0.d0,86399.999999d0)	seconds
secGPS	Float (64-bit)	4083 (Blocks)	Block time, GPS time: Block times of Aquarius physical parameter values in seconds since the GPS epoch (0 hours UTC on 6 January 1980).	seconds
solar xray flux	Float (32-bit)	4083 (Blocks)	Solar xray flux (0.1 - 0.8 nanometers): The peak value of X-ray flux during a solar flare. This is used to generate a flag to identify occurrence of a solar flare. It is a surrogate for the associated L-band flux which is not as readily available. This long wavelength (1-8 Ao) from the GOES satellite is used and is available at: http://www.swpc.noaa.gov/ftplib/lists/xray .	watts/m2

4.3.4 “Aquarius Flags” Group Variables

This section summarizes the organization of Aquarius quality flag data within Level-2 product files and describes the flag values that have been assigned. These quality flags represent the non-nominal data conditions that are detected for radiometer and scatterometer measurements for each block and beam. The bit convention is 0-base, with the LSB as bit 0. Beam and polarization order is specified in the set of “Data Characteristics” global file attributes (Table 7). Table 10 describes data objects belonging to the group “**Aquarius Flags**”. Table 11 summarizes metadata attributes associated with these data objects where present, and more specifically with the radiometer_flags and scatterometer_flags objects within the *Aquarius Flags* data group. Both the rationale for and a comprehensive description of Aquarius L2 quality flags and masks applied in processing since V3.0 is captured in the project technical document [AQ-014-PS-0006](#) and associated [memo](#). These are summarized for the radiometer and scatterometer respectively in Tables 12 and 13 below.

Table 10. Variables belonging to the Level-2 file group “Aquarius Flags”.

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description
rim_status_flag	Unsigned Integer (4-byte)	4083 x 3 (Blocks x Beams)	RIM Processing Status flag: Two bits flag for RIM computation. First bit in 1 indicates NOAA Climate Prediction Center Morphing Technique (CMORPH) is not available, second bit in 1 indicates CMORPH for IRR has been removed for low quality.
rad_rfi_flags	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4 x 12 (Blocks x Beams x Radiometer Polarizations x Radiometer Subcycles)	Radiometer RFI flags: Radio frequency interference flags for each radiometer measurement in the block. Bit 2 represents the CND RFI flag. Bits 3 - 7 represent the individual radiometer short accumulations (SA1 - SA5) during each subcycle in a block. Each bit is set to 1 if RFI was detected for that measurement. The MSB and LSB are zero fill. If SA1 is excluded, bit 3 is also zero fill.
radiometer_flags	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4 (Blocks x Beams x Max. Radiometer Flags)	Radiometer data quality flags: Each bit represents a data quality condition that was detected for that beam and block. For each flag condition, up to Max Radiometer Flags (last array dimension) individual flags are set per beam. Table 1 presents the condition associated with each flag, including the thresholds used; the meaning of the last dimension; the use as a flag or mask at Level-2, and the associated radiometer science data fields. Moderate and severe flags are mutually exclusive (e.g., the moderate flag is 0 if the severe flag is set). Any unused array elements are set to 0. This array has attributes that provide the names of the algorithms used in determining the setting of the flags. The algorithms associated with these names are described in “Flag Documentation”, D. M. Le Vine, and “Proposal for Flags and Masks Version 3.0”, D. M. Le Vine and T. Meissner. The use of the flags to exclude data from calibration analysis and Level-3 products is described in the notes.

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description
scat_rfi_flags	Unsigned Char (8-bit)	4083 x 3 x 2 (Blocks x Beams x Scatterometer polarizations)	Scatterometer RFI flags: Radio frequency interference flags for each scatterometer measurement in the block, as identified by either the RFI algorithm on board the Aquarius instrument or the ground-processing RFI detection algorithm. The 8 bits of each entry represent the RFI flags for the individual scatterometer subcycle sequences in each block. There is one bit per sequence per receive polarization, in the sequence order (LSB) sequence 1, sequence 2, ..., sequence 8 (MSB), where sequence 1 comes first in time and sequence 8 comes last in the block. The RX polarization order is V-pol, H-pol.
scatterometer_flags	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	4083 x 3 (Blocks x Beams)	Scatterometer data quality flags: Each bit represents a data quality condition that was detected for that beam and block. The algorithms associated with these flags and the use of the corresponding bits as masks or as flags are fully described in the Scatterometer Science Processing Software User Manual, AQ-485-0541, JPL D-51444.

Table 11. Attributes associated with members of “Aquarius Flags” L2 data group. In addition to long_name, valid_max/min attributes shared by all variables of this Group, the radiometer_flags and scatterometer_flags variables also possess a range of other attributes documented here.

Parameter/ Variable	Attribute	Value / Algorithm Name	Data Type	Array Size
radiometer_flags	Cold water	COLDWATER	String(10)	Scalar
	Direct solar flux contamination	FLUXD	String(6)	Scalar
	Galactic contamination	GALACTIC	String(9)	Scalar
	Land contamination	LAND	String(5)	Scalar
	Moon contamination	MOON	String(5)	Scalar
	Moon/Galaxy contamination	REFL_1STOKES	String(13)	Scalar
	Non-nominal navigation	NAV	String(4)	Scalar
	Pointing anomaly	POINTING	String(9)	Scalar
	RFI contamination	RFI	String(4)	Scalar
	RFI level	TFTADIFF	String(9)	Scalar
	RFI regional contamination	RFI_REGION	String(11)	Scalar
	Rain in main beam	RAIN	String(5)	Scalar
	Reflected solar flux contamination	FLUXR	String(6)	Scalar
	Roughness correction failure	ROUGH	String(6)	Scalar
	SA overflow	SAOVERFLOW	String(11)	Scalar
	Sea ice contamination	ICE	String(4)	Scalar
	Solar flare contamination	FLARE	String(6)	Scalar

	Sun glint	SUNGLINT	String(9)	Scalar
	Tb consistency	TBCONS	String(7)	Scalar
	Unusual brightness temperature	TEMP	String(5)	Scalar
	Wind/foam contamination	WIND	String(5)	Scalar
	long_name	Radiometer data quality flags	String(30)	Scalar
	valid_max	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
	valid_min	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
scatterometer_flags	Faraday rotation removal	FARADAY	String(8)	Scalar
	Negative TOA sigma0	NEGSIG	String(7)	Scalar
	Non-nominal attitude	BADATT	String(7)	Scalar
	RFI corruption of signal	RFI	String(4)	Scalar
	Rain in main beam	RAIN	String(5)	Scalar
	Faraday rotation removal	FARADAY	String(7)	Scalar
	long_name	Scatterometer data quality flags	String(33)	Scalar
	valid_max	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
	valid_min	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
rad_rfi_flags	long_name	Radiometer RFI flags	String(21)	Scalar
	valid_max	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
	valid_min	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
scat_rfi_flags	long_name	Scatterometer RFI flags	String(24)	Scalar
	valid_max	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar
	valid_min	0	Unsigned Integer (32-bit)	Scalar

Radiometer quality flag definitions for each bit associated with the *radiometer_flags* variable of the *Aquarius Flags* group within Level-2 files are given in table 12.

Table 12. Conditions indicated for the pixel associated with the setting of individual bits in *radiometer_flags* variable of the Level-2 “Aquarius Flags” group, along with the flag dimension and related radiometer data fields.

Bits Set =1	Condition Indicated	Last Flag Dimension	Flag/Mask	Radiometer Fields
0 (LSB)	RFI moderate contamination 7 <= samples < 15	Polarization (V, P, M, H)	F	rad_samples
1	RFI severe contamination samples < 7	V, P, M, H	F	rad_samples
2	Rain in main beam ¹ missing MWR data rain: rate > 0.25 mm/hr	missing data rain	F F	TBD
3	Land contamination moderate: 0.001<land frac≤0.01 severe: land frac > 0.01 mask: land frac>0.5	moderate severe mask	F F M	rad_land_frac
4	Sea ice contamination moderate: 0.001 < ice frac ≤ 0.01 severe: ice frac > 0.01 mask: ice frac > 0.5	moderate severe mask	F F M	rad_ice_frac
5	Wind/foam contamination moderate: 15 < wind speed ≤ 20 severe: wind speed > 20 wind speed non-convergence scatterometer flags 29 or 31 (severe RFI) set	moderate severe converge scat RFI	F F M M	anc_wind_speed rad_HH_wind_speed rad_hhh_wind_speed scatterometer_flags
6	Unusual brightness temperature moderate: 1.0<abs(Tf-Ta_exp) ≤3.0 severe: abs(Tf-Ta_exp)>3.0	V moderate V severe H moderate H severe	F	rad_TfV rad_exp-TaV rad_TfH rad_exp-TaH
7	Direct solar flux contamination moderate: 0.02<solar direct≤0.05 severe: solar direct>0.05	V moderate V severe H moderate H severe	F	rad_solar-Ta_dir_V rad_solar-Ta_dir_H
8	Reflected solar flux contamination moderate: 0.02<solar reflect≤0.05 severe: solar reflect >0.05	V moderate V severe H moderate H severe	F	rad_solar-Ta_ref_V rad_solar-Ta_ref_H
9	Sun glint moderate: 0.02<solar glint≤0.05 severe: solar glint>0.05	V moderate V severe H moderate	F	rad_solar-Ta_bak_V rad_solar-Ta_bak_H

		H severe		
10	Moon contamination ¹ moderate: 0.02<moon refl≤0.05 severe: moon refl >0.05	V moderate V severe H moderate H severe	F	rad_moon_Ta_ref_V rad_moon_Ta_ref_H
11	Galactic contamination ¹ moderate: 0.02<galactic≤0.05 severe: galactic>0.05	V moderate V severe H moderate H severe	F	rad_galact_Ta_ref_V rad_galact_Ta_ref_H
12	Non-nominal navigation abs(roll) > 1.0 abs(pitch) > 1.0 abs(yaw) > 5.0 clat, clon = -999	roll pitch yaw OOB	F F F M	att_ang beam_clat beam_clon
13	SA overflow Overflow bit set in NRT telemetry	overflow	M	radiom_nrt_tlm (L1A)
14	Roughness Correction roughness correction failure no SWH ²	Roughness SWH	F F	anc_swh
15	Solar flare contamination moderate: 5.e-5 < flux ≤ 1.e-4 severe: flux > 1.e-4	moderate severe	F	solar xray flux
16	Pointing Anomaly AOCS anomaly from database ACS mode ≠ 5	anomaly acs_mode	F F	acs_mode
17	Rad Tb consistency rad_Tb_consistency > 0.4 emissivity = NaN	Tb_cons emissivity	F M	rad_Tb_consistency
18	Surface Temperature moderate: 0C ≤ SST < 5C severe: SST < 0C	moderate severe	F M	anc_surface_temp
19	RFI Level Moderate: TF – TA > 0.30 or -1.0 ≤ TF – TA < -0.30 Severe: TF-TA < -1.0 or > 0.30	moderate severe	F F	rad_TaX rad_TfX
20	Non-nominal commanded state OpLUT ≠ 0		M	L1A:dpu_status_tlm (dpu_status_tlm is a field in the Level-1A product.)
21	Moon Reflected Radiation Moon moderate: 0.25<Ta_ref≤0.5 Moon severe: Ta_ref > 0.5 Galaxy Reflected Radiation Ta_ref > 5.6 or (Ta_ref > 3.6 and HH wind < 3.0)	moderate severe Severe Severe	F M M M	rad_moon_Ta_ref_H rad_moon_Ta_ref_V rad_galact_Ta_ref_H rad_galact_Ta_ref_V rad_hh_wind_speed

22	Land RFI (Thresholds are, 1-3V 339 K; 344 K; 350 K and 1-3H 327 K; 321 K; 315 K)	V H Spare Spare	F	rad_TfV rad_TfH
23	Excessive Asc/Desc difference due to contamination from undetected RFI; geographic zones specified as external file		M	RFI region map ³
24 - 31 (MSB)	Spares			

Footnotes:

¹ These flags have been superseded by flag 21, but are retained for consistency with earlier versions.

² SWH is not used in V5.0 roughness correction any more

³ Not a field in L2

Masks for Calibration: The following flags (identified by bit number) are used as masks to isolate a subset of the Aquarius L2 data to be used for calibration: 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 21, 23. In the case of flags 3, 4, 5, 6 and 18, 19, 21 data are masked whenever the flag level is moderate or severe. For additional information see [AQ-014-PS-0006](#) and the associated [memo](#).

Masks for L3: The masks used for calibration are also used for transferring data from L2 to L3. However, for L3 data are masked only if the level for flags 3, 4, 5, 18, 19, or 21 is severe, and flag produces a separate L3 product.

The scatterometer flagging scheme for each bit currently associated with the ***scatterometer_flags*** variable is summarized in table 13 and defined in more detail below.

Table 13. Conditions indicated for the pixel associated with the setting of individual bits in scatterometer_flags variable of the Level-2 “Aquarius Flags” group. These correspond to the algorithm names given by the attributes.

* indicates flag not currently implemented.

Bit Set = 1	Condition Indicated
(LSB) 0 – 10	Spares
11	Overall quality (1 = poor)
12	Negative power computed for TOI (antenna) HH sigma-0
13	Negative power computed for TOI (antenna) VH sigma-0
14	Negative power computed for TOI (antenna) VV sigma-0
15	Negative power computed for TOI (antenna) HV sigma-0
16	Unsuccessful Faraday rotation removal HH
17	Unsuccessful Faraday rotation removal VH
18	Unsuccessful Faraday rotation removal VV
19	Unsuccessful Faraday rotation removal HV
20	Non-nominal attitude (e.g., roll, pitch or yaw out of range)
21	Scatterometer beams off Earth
22	Negative power computed for TOA HH sigma-0
23	Negative power computed for TOA VH sigma-0
24	Negative power computed for TOA VV sigma-0
25	Negative power computed for TOA HV sigma-0
26	Rain in main beam (moderate) *
27	Rain in main beam (severe) *
28	RFI corruption of H-pol signal (moderate)
29	RFI corruption of H-pol signal (severe)
30	RFI corruption of V-pol signal (moderate)
31 (MSB)	RFI corruption of V-pol signal (severe)

4.3.5 “Navigation” Group Variables

The Level-2 data group “**Navigation**” includes the spacecraft orbit and attitude information, celestial object locations and the geolocation fields. Note that for the latter, there are separate variables for the radiometer, the scatterometer, and the MWR. Geolocation, spacecraft and celestial object attributes within the Navigation group are listed and defined in Table 14 below. These are grouped as “Geolocation Parameters” and “Non-Geolocation parameters” respectively. Most of the variable arrays are of dimension (**Number of Blocks** x **Number of Beams**). Arrays for “scat_latfoot” and “scat_lonfoot” variables are additionally dimensioned by the number of associated ellipsoid points per beam (=4). All geolocation fields are computed at the mid-block times represented by the **sec** variable of the **Block Attributes** group.

Table 14. Data variables belonging to the Level-2 file group “Navigation”.

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description	Units	Valid Range
<i>Geolocation Parameters</i>					
beam_clat	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Beam Center Latitude	degrees	-90, 90
beam_clon	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Beam Center Longitude	degrees	-180, 180
cellatfoot	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4	Geodetic Latitudes (3 dB)	degrees	-90, 90
cellonfoot	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4	East Longitudes (3 dB)	degrees	-180, 180
Celtht *	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Boresight Earth Incidence Angle	degrees	-180, 180
celphi	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Boresight Earth Azimuth Angle	degrees	-180, 180
sunglt	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sun Glint Angle	degrees	-180, 180
suntht	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sun Vector Earth Incidence Angle	degrees	-180, 180
sunphi	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Sun Vector Earth Azimuth Angle	degrees	-180, 180
moonglt	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Moon Glint Angle	degrees	-180, 180
glxlat	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Galaxy Declination (J2000)	degrees	-90, 90
glxlon	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Galaxy Right Ascension (J2000)	degrees	-180, 180
scat_beam_clat	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Scatterometer Beam Center Latitude: Center latitude of the beam footprints on the Earth’s surface for each beam and block. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	degrees	-90, 90

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description	Units	Valid Range
scat_beam_clon	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Scatterometer Beam Center Longitude: Center longitude of the beam footprints on the Earth's surface for each beam and block. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed.)	degrees	-180, 180
scat_latfoot	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4	Scatterometer Latitude Footprint: Latitudes of the -3dB points of the beam footprints on the Earth's surface, along and across the beam direction. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	degrees	-90, 90
scat_lonfoot	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3 x 4	Scatterometer Longitude Footprint: Longitudes of the -3dB points of the beam footprints on the Earth's surface, along and across the beam direction. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	degrees	-180, 180
scat_polarization_roll	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Polarization roll angle: Polarization roll angle for each beam, at start of the block. A positive roll angle represents a counterclockwise rotation of the instrument V/H vectors relative to the ellipsoidally-defined geometric beam vectors when looking down the boresite from the instrument to the ground. (Defaults to -999 if the value cannot be computed)	degrees	-180, 180
<u>Non-Geolocation Parameters</u>					
acs_mode	Integer (8-bit)	4083	ACS control mode: Spacecraft attitude control system (ACS) mode for each block (5 = science, 6 = propulsion, 3 = safehold, 12 = survival).	unitless	3, 5, 6, 12
att_ang	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Spacecraft roll, pitch, yaw: Spacecraft attitude Euler angles at mid-block times; relates spacecraft orientation to orbit reference frame.	degrees	-180, 180
moond	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Earth-to-Moon unit vector (eci): Moon vector in ECI coordinates at mid-block time.	unitless	-1, 1
orb_pos	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Orbital position vector: Orbit position vector at mid-block times; used to determine spacecraft position for geolocation.	m	-7.1e+06, 7.1e+06
orb_vel	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Orbital velocity vector: Orbit velocity vector at mid-block times; used to determine spacecraft position for geolocation.	m/s	-7600, 7600
scalt	Float (64-bit)	4083	Spacecraft altitude. Spacecraft orbit altitude.	m	650,000, 690,000

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description	Units	Valid Range
sclat	Float (64-bit)	4083	Spacecraft nadir point latitude: Latitude of the spacecraft orbit nadir point.	degrees	-90, 90
sclon	Float (64-bit)	4083	Spacecraft nadir point longitude: Longitude of the spacecraft orbit nadir point.	degrees	-180, 180
sund	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Earth-to-Sun unit vector (eci): Direct Sun vector in ECI coordinates at mid-block times.	unitless	-1, 1
sunr	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Sun reflection unit vector (eci): Reflected Sun vector in ECI coordinates at mid-block time.	unitless	-1, 1
Zang	Float (64-bit)	4083 x 3	Intra-Orbit Angle: Angle within orbit from South pole passage at mid-block times.	degrees	0, 360

Footnotes:

* Variables related to uncertainty in SSS retrieval

4.3.6 “Converted Telemetry” Group Variables

Data objects belonging to the group **Converted Telemetry** are listed and defined below. This group contains Aquarius temperatures in the **rad_caltemps** object, unpacked from raw telemetry and converted to physical units. This parameter holds the computed radiometer gain and offset values used to calibrate the antenna brightness temperatures (Table 15). All data objects in this table each have dimensions **Number of Blocks x Number of Beams**.

Table 15. Data variables belonging to the Level-2 file group “Converted Telemetry”.

Parameter/ Variable	Data Type	Data Space (Array Size)	Long Name & Description	Units
rad_caltemps	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 85	Radiometer calibration temperatures: Aquarius temperatures used to calibrate the instrument brightness temperatures.	
rad_ghh	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer HH gain	counts/Kelvin
rad_gmm	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer MM gain	counts/Kelvin
rad_gpp	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer PP gain	counts/Kelvin
rad_gvv	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer VV gain	counts/Kelvin
rad_oh	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer H offset	counts
rad_om	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer M offset	counts
rad_op	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer P offset	counts
rad_ov	Float (32-bit)	4083 x 3	Radiometer V offset	counts

List of **rad_caltemps** temperatures used calibrate to the antenna brightness temperatures shown in Table 15 above.

ET_FD1_TMP, ET_FD2_TMP, ET_FD3_TMP, ET_OMT1_H_PROBE_TMP, ET_OMT1_V_PROBE_TMP,
ET_OMT2_H_PROBE_TMP, ET_OMT2_V_PROBE_TMP, ET_OMT3_H_PROBE_TMP, ET_OMT3_V_PROBE_TMP,
ET_CPLR_1H_TMP, ET_CPLR_1V_TMP, ET_CPLR_2H_TMP, ET_CPLR_2V_TMP, ET_CPLR_3H_TMP, ET_CPLR_3V_TMP,
ET_DPLX_1H_TMP, ET_DPLX_1V_TMP, ET_DPLX_2H_TMP, ET_DPLX_2V_TMP, ET_DPLX_3H_TMP, ET_DPLX_3V_TMP,
RD_RFE1_HDL1TN, RD_RFE1_HDL1TP, RD_RFE1_VDL1TN, RD_RFE1_VDL1TP, RD_RFE2_HDL1TN, RD_RFE2_HDL1TP,
RD_RFE2_VDL1TN, RD_RFE2_VDL1TP, RD_RFE3_HDL1TN, RD_RFE3_HDL1TP, RD_RFE3_VDL1TN, RD_RFE3_VDL1TP,
ET_RFL1_TMP, ET_RFL2_TMP, ET_RFL3_TMP, ET_RFL4_TMP, ET_RFL5_TMP, ET_RFL6_TMP, ET_RFL7_TMP,
ET_RFL8_TMP, RD_RBE1_D_VT, RD_RBE1_D_PT, RD_RBE1_D_MT, RD_RBE1_D_HT, RD_RBE2_D_VT, RD_RBE2_D_PT,
RD_RBE2_D_MT, RD_RBE2_D_HT, RD_RBE3_D_VT, RD_RBE3_D_PT, RD_RBE3_D_MT, RD_RBE3_D_HT,
SC_LVPS_BOX_TEMP, SC_SSPA_RF_DCK_TMP, SC_SCG_TMP, SC_SBE_LNA_TMP, SC_SBE_TX_CHN_TMP,
SC_SBE_RX_CHN_TMP, SC_SFE_TX_LOAD_TMP, SC_SBE_STP_ATTEN_TMP, SC_SFE_LBK_ATTEN_TMP,
SC_SFE_LBK_SW_TMP, SC_SFE_BM_SW_TMP, ET_SFE_H1_COAX_TMP, ET_SFE_H2_COAX_TMP,
ET_SFE_H3_COAX_TMP, ET_SFE_V1_COAX_TMP, ET_SFE_V2_COAX_TMP, ET_SFE_V3_COAX_TMP, RD_RFE1_CNDNDT,
RD_RFE1_VNDTP, RD_RFE1_HNDTP, RD_RFE1_VNDTN, RD_RFE1_HNDTN, RD_RFE2_CNDNDT, RD_RFE2_VNDTP,
RD_RFE2_HNDTP, RD_RFE2_VNDTN, RD_RFE2_HNDTN, RD_RFE3_CNDNDT, RD_RFE3_VNDTP, RD_RFE3_HNDTP,
RD_RFE3_VNDTN, RD_RFE3_HNDTN.

Abbreviation Encodings:

“**ET**” means external, “**FD**” means feed horn, “**TMP**” means temperature reading, “**OMT**” means orthomode transducer, “**H**” or “**V**” is the polarization, “**CPLR**” means coupler, “**DPLX**” means diplexer, “**RFE**” means radiometer front end, “**HDL1TN**” means H-pol dicke load 1 temperature negative, “**VDL1TP**” means V-pol dick oad 1 temperature positive, “**RFL**” means reflector, “**RBE**” means radiometer back end, “**D_V[P,M,H]**” means detector temperature for V, P, M and H channels, “**SC**” means space craft, “**SC_SCG_TMP**” is the scatterometer chirp generator temperature, “**SBE**” means scatterometer backend, “**T[R]X_CHN**” means transmitter/receiver channel, “**SC_SBE_STP_ATTEN_TMP**” is the SBE step attenuator temperature, “**LBK**” means loopback, “**SW**” means switch, “**SFE**” means scatterometer front end, “**ND**” means noise diode, “**VNDTN**” means V-pol ND temperature negative.

See reference document “[AQU-REF-001505_comprehensive_ATBD_TAA.pdf](#)” for application of these temperatures in radiometer counts to Ta calibration.

4.4 Level-3 File Organization & Description

Level-3 Aquarius global mapped (L3m) data products are also provided in HDF5 file format, and are available for a range of geophysical parameters at 1 degree spatial resolution for a range of time intervals for the full temporal extent of the mission: daily, weekly, monthly, seasonal, annual, running 7-day and 28-day, monthly and seasonal climatology, and mission cumulative. L3m cumulative products are 1 degree gridded maps of mission series mean values for each parameter. The running 7-day (R7) dataset is based on a 7-day moving window of averaged daily data, yielding a series of daily data files for each parameter (SSS, Wind Speed, Density, ancillary-SST) over the course of the mission. Given the 7-day temporal repeat of Aquarius, each seventh R7 product is exactly equivalent to the standard 7-day L3m Aquarius data product centered on a given day. Similar considerations apply to the R28 dataset.

V5.0 L3m product parameters for each of the aforementioned time intervals include: sea surface salinity (SSS), rain-flagged SSS, density, spiciness, wind speed, and ancillary-SST products. The latter are based on the NCDC Reynolds OI-SST 0.25 degree spatial resolution, daily product used in Aquarius processing, but re-gridded here to 1 degree Lat/Lon. With the exception of spiciness and rain-flagged SSS that are new to V5.0, all other parameters were available already since V4.0. New as well to version 5.0 is the inclusion of random and systematic SSS uncertainty variables within the monthly SSS products.

As mentioned previously in section 3.4 and listed in table 2, there are additionally *ascending* and *descending* products for all L3m dataset parameters and time intervals. As was also the case for prior versions of the Aquarius L3m data, monthly smoothed SSS ascending, descending and combined products are available with V5.0 and complemented by a comparable set of new monthly smoothed rain-flagged SSS products. Thus for Aquarius version 5.0, there are 174 Level 3m products in total.

The source documentation on which the following L3 format information is based is:
[Aquarius Level-3 Standard Mapped Image Product Description \(Nov. 2017\), NASA/GSFC/OBPG.](#)

Documentation on quality flags applied to L2 data in the production of the L3 products is available [here](#) and also in the associated flagging [memo](#). No changes in the flagging regimen have occurred in V4.0 relative those adopted and documented previously for V3.0.

All L3m products are identical in structure with the exception of the monthly SSS products that in addition to the SSS variable includes also SSS_unc_ran and SSS_unc_sys variables in the data file. Each file contains a global level metadata portion, a 180x360 data array of type 32-bit Float (***I3m_data***) containing the geo-referenced measurement values in units of PSU, kg/m³, kg/m³ and m/s for SSS, density, spiciness and wind speed respectively. (Note that all ***I3m_data*** values are modulated by the defined scaling relationship with type, slope and offset parameters declared in the ***I3m_data*** metadata attributes of similar name). Additionally, a data structure with color palette information (***palette***: 3x256 of type Byte) is also present in the L3 files. Null geophysical data values in ***I3m_data*** are designated by the ***_FillValue*** attribute = -32767.0. The positional index for a given cell value within the 2-dimensional data array corresponds to the Longitude and Latitude of the Aquarius sea surface salinity or wind speed observation. Both the SSS, Rain-flagged SSS, Density, Spiciness and Wind Speed L3m product files have identical data and metadata structures. The filenames for these products conforms to standards previously described and illustrated by the following examples:

Q2012001.L3m_DAY_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg	(Daily Salinity)
Q20143442014350.L3m_7D_SCIA_V5.0.RAIN_MASK_SSS_1deg.hdf	(Weekly Rain-Flagged Salinity)
Q2014348.L3m_DAY_SCI_V5.0_spiciness_1deg.hdf	(Daily Spiciness)

Q20112132011243.L3m_MO_SCISM_V5.0_density_1deg	(Monthly Density, Smoothed)
Q20143442015006.L3m_R28_SCID_V5.0_scat_wind_speed_1deg	(28day-running Wind Speed, Descending)
Q20141722014263.L3m_SNSU_SCI_V5.0_anc_sst_1deg	(Seasonal, ancillary SST)

4.4.1 Level-3 Standard Mapped Image File Structure

This section describes the L3m standard mapped image (SMI) product lines and the attributes of the file-level metadata in particular since otherwise the organization of the data variables themselves is identical for all Aquarius L3m parameter products.

Global Metadata Attributes

Table 16 lists global metadata attributes of the L3m data files with representative values for the SSS product/parameter.

Table 16. Aquarius L3 Mapped Global Metadata Attributes and sample values.

Attribute	Data Type	L3m
Cdm_data_type	String	grid
Conventions	String	CF-1.6
Creator_email	String	data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov
Creator_name	String	NASA/GSFC/OBPG
Creator_url	String	http://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov
Data_Bins	Integer	30974
Data_Maximum	Float	38.3064
Data_Minimum	Float	27.7696
Date_created	String	2017-09-26T14:04:01.000Z
Easternmost_Longitude	Float	180
End_Orbit	Integer	19238
geospatial_lat_max	Float	90.0
geospatial_lat_min	Float	-90.0
geospatial_lat_resolution	Float	1.0
Geospatial_lat_units	String	deg
geospatial_lon_max	Float	180.0
geospatial_lon_min	Float	-180.0
geospatial_lon_resolution	Float	1.0
Geospatial_lon_units	String	deg
Grid_mapping_name	String	latitude_longitude
History	String	smigen par=Q20143352014365.L3m_MO_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg.param
Id	String	Q20143352014365.L3b_MO_SCI_V5.0.main/L3/Q20143352014365.L3b_MO_SCI_V5.0.main
identifier_product_doi	String	http://dx.doi.org
identifier_product_doi_authority	String	http://dx.doi.org
institution	String	NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Ocean Ecology Laboratory, Ocean Biology Processing Group
instrument	String	Aquarius
keywords	String	SURFACE SALINITY, SALINITY, AQUARIUS, ...

Attribute	Data Type	L3m
Keyword_vocabulary	String	NASA Global Change Master Directory (GCMD) Science Keyword
L2_Flag_Names	Byte	POINTING,NAV,LANDRED,ICERED,REFL_1STOKESMOONRED,REFL_1STOKESGAL,TFTADIFFRED,RFI_REGION,SAOVERFLOW,COLDWATERRED,WINDRED,TBCONS
_lastModified	String	2017-09-26T14:04:01.000Z
Latitude_Step	Float	1.0
Latitude_Units	String	Degrees_north
license	String	http://science.nasa.gov/earth-science/earth-science-data/data-information-policy
Longitude_Step	Float	1.0
Longitude_Units	String	Degrees_east
Map_Projection	String	Equidistant Cylindrical
Measure	String	Mean
Metadata_Conventions	String	Unidata Dataset Discovery v1.0
naming_authority	String	gov.nasa.gsfc.sci.oceandata
Northernmost_Latitude	Float	90
Number_of_Columns	Integer	360
Number_of_Lines	Integer	180
platform	String	SAC-D Aquarius
Processing_level	Integer	L3 Mapped
Processing_Version	String	V5.0
Product_Name	String	Q20143352014365.L3m_MO_SCI_V5.0_SSS_1deg
project	String	Ocean Biology Processing Group (NASA/GSFC/OBPG)
Publisher_email	String	data@oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov
Publisher_name	String	NASA/GSFC/OBPG
Publisher_url	String	http://oceandata.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov
SW_Point_Latitude	Float	-89.5
SW_Point_Longitude	Float	-179.5
Software_Name	String	smigen
Software_Version	String	5.20
Source	String	Q20143352014365.L3b_MO_SCI_V5.0.main
Southernmost_Latitude	Float	-90
spatialResolution	String	1.00 deg
standard_name_vocabulary	String	NetCDF Climate and Forecast (CF) Metadata Convention
Start_Orbit (_number)	Integer	19136
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Applied	String	No
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Maximum	Float	38 / 1012
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Minimum	Float	32 / 1030
Suggested_Image_Scaling_Type	String	LINEAR
sw_point_latitude	String	-89.5
sw_point_longitude	String	89.5
Temporal_range	String	7D
Time_coverage_end	String	2015-01-01T01:33:47.701Z
Time_coverage_start	String	2014-12-01T00:22:37.417Z
Title	String	Level-3 Standard Mapped Image
Westernmost_Longitude	Float	-180

L3m Variables and associated Metadata Attributes

For all but the L3m SSS and rain-flagged SSS monthly products, the Variables and associated variable-level metadata attributes are as follows:

```
float I3m_data(180, 360);
    :Scaling = "linear";
    :Scaling_Equation = "(Slope*I3m_data) + Intercept = Parameter value";
    :Slope = 1.0f; // float
    :Intercept = 0.0f; // float
    :_FillValue = -32767.0f; // float
    :scale_factor = 1.0f; // float
    :add_offset = 0.0f; // float

byte palette(3, 256);
    :_Unsigned = "true";
```

I3m_data is a 180x360 data array of type 32-bit Float containing the geo-referenced measurement values in units of PSU, kg/m³, kg/m³ and m/s for SSS, density, spiciness and wind speed respectively. Values are modulated by the defined scaling relationship with type, slope and offset parameters declared in the **I3m_data** metadata attributes of similar name. Null data values in **I3m_data** are designated by the **_FillValue** attribute = -32767.0

Additionally, a data variable with plotting color palette information (**palette**: 3x256 of type Byte) is also present in the L3 files.

In the L3m SSS and rain-flagged SSS, monthly, unsmoothed, products, **I3m_data** variable is renamed **SSS** and contains 2 additional variables, both 2D-arrays of comparable dimension to SSS (180x360) with the corresponding random and systematic SSS uncertainty component data (**SSS_ran_unc** and **SSS_sys_unc**) in units of PSU. The **palette** variable is also included.

```
float SSS(180, 360);
    :Scaling = "linear";
    :Scaling_Equation = "(Slope*I3m_data) + Intercept = Parameter value";
    :Slope = 1.0f; // float
    :Intercept = 0.0f; // float
    :_FillValue = -32767.0f; // float
    :scale_factor = 1.0f; // float
    :add_offset = 0.0f; // float

float SSS_ran_unc(180, 360);

float SSS_sys_unc(180, 360);

byte palette(3, 256);
    :_Unsigned = "true";
```


5 Aquarius Data Accuracy and Validation

The Aquarius mission requirement is that the global salinity residual mean square (RMS) error does not exceed 0.2 PSU on 150x150 km and monthly average. As of V4.0, the Aquarius dataset fully meets this standard, and can be considered “validated” in the sense also that data accuracy and errors have been carefully documented. Version 5.0 represents another significant advance over prior Aquarius datasets and further improvements in SSS retrieval accuracy. Possible remaining residual errors remain, however, and so users are urged to read the [Aquarius data validation analysis document](#) carefully to understand the accuracy limits and warnings about when and where residual errors could be misinterpreted as oceanographic signals, particularly in certain regions and on certain time scales. Users are also encouraged to make use of the SSS uncertainty estimate data (random and systematic components) included in the L2 and L3m monthly salinity files.

6 References

Salinity Remote Sensing General

Lagerloef, G. S. E.,

["Introduction to the Special Section: The Role of Surface Salinity on Upper Ocean Dynamics, Air-sea Interaction and Climate"](#),

[J. Geophys. Res., 107\(C12\), 8000, doi:10.1029/2002JC001669, 2002.](#)

[Lagerloef, G.S.E, C. Swift, and D. Le Vine. 1995. Sea surface salinity: The next remote sensing challenge. Oceanography 8\(2\):44–50](#)

Le Vine, D.; Koblinsky, C.; Pellerano, F.; Lagerloef, G.; Chao, Y.; Yueh, S.; Wilson, W.

["The Measurement of Salinity from Space: Sensor Concept"](#),

[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2001. IGARSS '01. IEEE 2001 International, vol.3, pp.1010-1012 vol.3, 2001.](#)

Wilson, W.J.; Yueh, S.H.; Li, F.K.; Dinardo, S.; Yi Chao; Koblinsky, C.; Lagerloef, G.; Howden, S.

["Ocean Surface Salinity Remote Sensing with the JPL Passive/Active L-/S-band \(PALS\) Microwave Instrument"](#).,

[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2001. IGARSS '01. IEEE 2001 International, vol.2, pp.937-939, July, 2001.](#)

Busalacchi A.J. and the Earth System Science Interdisciplinary Center (ESSIC) Salinity Team (EST)

["Salinity and El Nino Predictability"](#).

[U.S. CLIVAR Salinity Workshop Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, May 2006.](#)

Lagerloe G.S.E., Swift C.T. and Le Vine D.M.

["Sea Surface Salinity: The Next Remote Sensing Challenge"](#).

[Oceanography, Vol.8 No.2, 1995.](#)

Topliss B.J., Gower J.F.R., Helbig J.A., Isenor A. W. and Rubinstein I.

["Sea Surface Salinity from Space: A Canadian Perspective"](#).

[The Canadian Space Agency Earth and Environmental Applications Program Report, March 2002.](#)

Koblinsky C. J., Hildebrand P., Le Vine D., Pellerano F., Chao Y., Wilson W., Yueh S. and Lagerloef G.

["Sea surface salinity from space: Science goals and measurement approach"](#).

[Radio Science, VOL. 38, NO. 4, 8064, doi:10.1029/2001RS002584, 2003.](#)

Bingham F.M., Howden S.D. and Koblinsky C.J.

["Sea surface salinity measurements in the historical database"](#).

[Journal of Geophysical Research, VOL. 107, NO. C12, 8019, doi:10.1029/2000JC000767, 2002.](#)

Camps A., Vall-Ilossera M., Miranda J. and Font J.

["Sea Surface Brightness Temperature At L-band: Impact Of Surface Currents"](#).

[Proc. IGARSS, vol.5 pp. 3481-3484, Anchorage, Alaska, September, 2004.](#)

Reul N. and Chapron B.

["A simple algorithm for Sea Surface Salinity retrieval from L-Band Radiometric measurements at nadir"](#).

[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2003. IGARSS '03. Proceedings. 2003 IEEE International, vol.4, pp. 2783-2785 July 2003.](#)

Klein L.A. and Swift C.T.

["Improved Model for the Dielectric Constant of Sea Water at Microwave Frequencies".
Antennas and Propagation, IEEE Transactions on, vol. AP-25, no. 1, January 1977.](#)

Burrage D., Wesson J. and Miller J.

["Deriving Sea Surface Salinity and Density Variations From Satellite and Aircraft Microwave Radiometer Measurements: Application to Coastal Plumes Using STARRS".
IEEE Transactions on Geoscience and Remote Sensing, vol. 46, no. 3, March 2008.](#)

Remote Sensing

Gentemann C.L., Wentz F.J., Mears C.A. and Smith D.K.

["In Situ Validation of Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission Microwave Sea Surface Temperatures".
Journal of Geophysical Research, vol. 109, pp. C04021.1 - C04021.9, doi:10.1029/2003JC002092, 2004.](#)

Reynolds R.W. and Smith T.M.

["Improved Global Sea Surface Temperature Analyses Using Optimum Interpolation".
Journal of Climate, vol 7, pp. 929-948, June 1994.](#)

Maurer J. and Wick G.A.

["Infrared and Microwave Remote Sensing of Sea Surface Temperature".
University of Colorado at Boulder.](#)

Boain R.J.

["A-B-Cs of Sun-Synchronous Orbit Mission Design"
Presented at AAS/AIAA Space Flight Mechanics Conference, Maui, Hawaii, February 2004.](#)

Gasiewski A.J.

["A Technique for Measuring Vertically and Horizontally Polarized Microwave Brightness Temperatures Using Electronic Polarization-Basis Rotation"
Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 1990. IGARSS '90. 'Remote Sensing Science for the Nineties', 10th Annual International, pp.1569-1572, May 1990.](#)

Gaiser P.W.

["WindSat - Satellite-Based Polarimetric Microwave Radiometer"
Microwave Symposium Digest, 1999 IEEE MTT-S International, vol 1, pp. 403-406, June, 1999, Anaheim, CA.](#)

ESA's Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity (SMOS)

Font J., Lagerloef G.S.E., Le Vine D.M., Camps A. and Zanifé O.-Z.

["The Determination of Surface Salinity With the European SMOS Space Mission"
Geoscience and Remote Sensing, IEEE Transactions on, vol.42, no.10, pp. 2196-2205, October. 2004.](#)

Font, J.; Lagerloef, G.S.E.; Le Vine, D.M.; Camps, A.; Zanifé, O.-Z.

["The Determination of Surface Salinity with SMOS Recent Results and Main Issues"
Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2003. IGARSS '03. Proceedings. 2003 IEEE International, vol.1, pp.7-9, vol.1, July 2003.](#)

Sabia, R.; Camps, A.; Reul, N.; Vall-Ilossera, M.

["Impact on Sea Surface Salinity Retrieval of Multi-source Auxiliary Data within the SMOS mission"](#)
[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2005. IGARSS '05. Proceedings. 2005 IEEE International](#)
[, vol.1, pp.4 July 2005.](#)

Sabia R., Camps A., Vall-Ilossera M., Villarino R., Miranda J., Monerris A. and Zapata M.

["Sea Surface Salinity Retrieval within the ESA Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity \(SMOS\) Mission"](#)

Aquarius Details and Technical Papers

Meissner, T., F.J. Wentz, and David Le Vine (2017). Aquarius Salinity Retrieval Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document (ATBD) End of Mission Version
RSS Technical Report 120117, issued December 1, 2017

Wentz F.J. and LeVine D.

["Algorithm Theoretical Basis Document Aquarius Level-2 Radiometer Algorithm: Revision 1"](#)
[Aquarius RSS Technical Report 012208, Aquarius Ground Segment, Goddard Space Flight Center,](#)
[January 2008.](#)

Lilly J.M. and Lagerloef G.S.E.

["Aquarius Level 3 processing algorithm theoretical basis document. Version 0.9."](#)
[Aquarius Ground Segment, Goddard Space Flight Center, January 2008.](#)

Yueh, S.H.; Wilson, W.J.; Edelstein, W.; Farra, D.; Johnson, M.; Pellerano, F.; LeVine, D.; Hilderbrand, P.
["Aquarius Instrument Design For Sea Surface Salinity Measurements"](#)
[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2003. IGARSS '03. Proceedings. 2003 IEEE International,](#)
[vol.4, pp. 2795-2797 July 2003.](#)

Le Vine, D.M.; Lagerloef, G.S.E.; Yueh, S.; Pellerano, F.; Dinnat, E.; Wentz, F.

["Aquarius Mission Technical Overview"](#)
[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2006. IGARSS 2006. IEEE International Conference](#)
[on, pp.1678-1680, July 2006.](#)

[Aquarius Selected Instrument Concept](#)

[Aquarius Mission Page, Detailed information about the Aquarius Instrument.](#)

Le Vine, D.M.; Lagerloef, G.S.E.; Colomb, F.R.; Yueh, S.H.; Pellerano, F.A.

["Aquarius: An Instrument to Monitor Sea Surface Salinity From Space"](#)
[Geoscience and Remote Sensing, IEEE Transactions on, vol.45, no.7, pp.2040-2050, July 2007.](#)

Le Vine, D.M.; Pellerano, F.; Lagerloef, G.S.E.; Yueh, S. and Colomb, R.

["Aquarius: A Mission to Monitor Sea Surface Salinity from Space"](#)
[IEEE MicroRad, 2006 , pp.87-90, 2006.](#)

Le Vine, D.; Koblinsky C.; Pellerano F.; Lagerloef, G.; Chao, Y.; Yueh, S. and Wilson, W.

["A Sensor to Measure Salinity in the Open Ocean From Space."](#)
[International Journal of Remote Sensing, vol. 25, no. 7-8, pp. 1313-1318, April 2004.](#)

Le Vine, D.M.; Lagerloef, G.; Pellerano, F.; Colomb, F.R.

["The Aquarius/SAC-D Mission and Status of the Aquarius Instrument"](#)
[Microwave Radiometry and Remote Sensing of the Environment, MICRORAD 2008, pp.1-4, 11-14 March](#)
[2008.](#)

Lagerloef, G.S.E.; Chao, Y.; Colomb, F.R.

["Aquarius/SAC-D Ocean Salinity Mission Science Overview"](#)

[Geoscience and Remote Sensing Symposium, 2006. IGARSS 2006. IEEE International Conference on, pp.1675-1677, July 2006.](#)

Gunn, J.T.

["Aquarius Validation Data System Overview and Status"](#)

[Aquarius Algorithm Workshop 2007, Aquarius Ground Sement, Goddard Space Flight Center, AVDS Status.](#)

Gunn, J.T.

["Aquarius Sea Surface Salinity satellite mission validation using near real-time, in-situ oceanographic data"](#)

[1st Joint GOSUD/SAMOS Workshop, Boulder Colorado, 2006. Research Vessel Surface Meteorology Data Center, Center for Ocean-Atmospheric Prediction Studies, Florida State University.](#)

"Aquarius Level-1A Data Product Version 1.0"

[Aquarius Ground Sement, Goddard Space Flight Center, December 2008.](#)

"Aquarius Level 2 Data Product DRAFT"

[Aquarius Ground Sement, Goddard Space Flight Center, November 2008.](#)

DeCharon, A.; Lagerloef, G.

[The Earth Observer: Update on the Aquarius/SAC-D Mission](#)

[The Earth Observer July - August 2008 Volume 20, Issue 4, pp. 17-21.](#)

Additional links

- [Official NASA Aquarius Page](#)
- [Comision Nacional de Actividades Espaciales \(CONAE\)](#)
- [PO.DAAC Aquarius Page](#)
- [OBPG/GSFC http://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/Page](http://oceancolor.gsfc.nasa.gov/Page)
- [Earth & Space Research \(ESR\) Aquarius page](#)
- [Jet Propulsion Laboratory \(JPL\) Aquarius Page](#)
- [European Space Agency's \(ESA\) Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity \(SMOS\) Mission](#)
- [The Salinity Sea Ice Working Group \(SSIWG\)](#)
- [ARGO](#)

7 Acronyms & Abbreviations

Table 17. List of Abbreviations and Definitions Employed in the Aquarius User Guide Document.

Abbreviation	Definitions
ADPS	Aquarius Data Processing System
AGS	Aquarius Ground Segment
APC	Antenna Pattern Coefficients
BZIP	Basic Leucine Zipper
CONAE	Comision Nacional de Actividades Espaciales - Argentinian National Commission of Space Activities
db	Unit: Decibel
DMAS	PO.DAAC Data Management & Archive System
ESR	Earth and Space Research
GSFC	NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
GHz	Unit: gigahertz
HDF	Hierarchical Data Format
JPL	NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory (California Institute of Technology)
Kpc	Random component of scatterometer error ratio
LSB	Least significant bit
m	Unit: Meters
m/s	Unit: meters per second
MSB	Most significant bit
NASA	National Aeronautics and Space Administration
NRCS	Normalized radar cross-section
OBPG	Ocean Biological Processing Group at NASA/GSFC
PALS	Passive/Active L-/S-band microwave instrument developed at JPL
RMS	Residual mean square error statistic
RSS	Remote Sensing Systems
PO.DAAC	Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center at JPL
RFI	Radio Frequency Interference
SAC	Satelite de Aplicaciones Cientificas - Scientific Application Satellite
SSS	Sea Surface Salinity
Tb	Brightness temperature
TO:	Top of the Atmosphere
TOI	Top of the Ionosphere
T _h	Horizontal Polarization
T _v	Vertical Polarization
VV	Polarization channel: Vertical transmit, vertical receive
VH	Polarization channel: Vertical transmit, horizontal receive
HV	Polarization channel: Horizontal transmit, vertical receive
HH	Polarization channel: Horizontal transmit, horizontal receive

8 Appendix 1: Aquarius Ancillary Data

Ancillary data from the operational HYCOM model (<http://hycom.org/>) and NCEP (<http://www.ncep.noaa.gov/>) are employed in Aquarius processing and also included as outputs in the Aquarius Level-2 product that is produced (see Table 8, Ancillary variables above where data sources for each are cited). This section briefly summarizes ancillary data inputs used by ADPS.

HYCOM

HYCOM Source:

The version of HYCOM used by Aquarius is the GOFS 3.0 (<http://hycom.org/dataserver/glb-analysis/expt-90pt9>, [91.0](#), [91.1](#)) (for a list of current HYCOM dataset releases [see](#)). This operational, now-cast model run by the Naval research Lab (NRL) and Florida State University (FSU) assimilates available along track satellite altimeter observations, satellite and in situ sea surface temperature as well as in situ vertical temperature and salinity profiles from XBTs, ARGO floats, and moored buoys. For more details on GOFS 3.0, the reader is referred to [Metzger et al. \(2008, 2010\)](#) and [Chassignet et al. \(2009\)](#). The specific dataset being used for Aquarius is: “GLBa0.08/Expt 90.9”

HYCOM Data Access:

HYCOM GOFS 3.0 data is accessed by OBPB/GSFC via FTP from ftp://ftp.hycom.org/datasets/GLBa0.08/expt_90.9, [91.0](#), [91.1](#)

FSU also serve this dataset via OpenDAP/THREDDS:

http://tds.hycom.org/thredds/GLBa0.08/expt_90.9.html?dataset=GLBa0.08/expt_90.9, [91.0](#), [91.1](#)

The data on both their ftp and OpenDAP sites are the same. However, there may be differences depending on when the data are downloaded because near-real time files are supplanted by reanalysis products daily with a rolling 10 day window.

Processing of HYCOM Data:

The native resolution of the HYCOM GOFS 3.0 GLBa0.08/Expt 90.9 product has a grid spatial resolution of 1/12 degree. ADPS uses the near-surface fields from HYCOM and re-grids these to a 0.25x0.25 degree longitude-latitude grid for Aquarius processing. Re-gridding is based on bilinear interpolation of values from the 4 adjacent nearest neighbor cells. HYCOM has a hybrid density-depth vertical coordinate with 32 density layers and depth-level minimum thickness that ranges from 1 m to about 430 m (as described by the HYCOM input parameter name-list file ftp://ftp.hycom.org/datasets/GLBa0.08/expt_90.9/config/blkdat.input_90.9, [91.0](#), [91.1](#)).

In the HYCOM server, the output has also been mapped to the 33 standard Levitus depth levels.

Additionally, the Aquarius Level-2 product contains the ancillary data variable field “**anc_SSS**” based on the HYCOM inputs described above. HYCOM data this time are re-gridded to collocate with swath data blocks of the Aquarius L2 dataset.

NCEP

All [NOAA NCEP](#) ancillary data fields used in Aquarius are obtained from the NOAA National Operational Model Archive & Distribution System (NCEP GFS GDAS) at:

<ftp.ncep.noaa.gov/pub/data/nccf/com/gfs/prod/>.

Source details for each L2 ancillary variables based on NCEP (*anc_wind_speed*, *anc_wind_dir*, *anc_cwat*, *anc_subsurf_temp*, *anc_surface_temp*, *anc_surface_pressure*, *anc_swe*, *anc_trans*, *anc_Tb_up*, *anc_Tb_dw*, *anc_sm*) are given in Table 8 above.

9 Appendix 2: PO.DAAC Dataset Level Metadata

PO.DAAC maintains a searchable online catalog of datasets archived and accessible via the data portal at <http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/>. The following table summarizes the dataset-level metadata captured for Aquarius datasets at PO.DAAC that underlies this online catalog. Table describes metadata common to all archived datasets at PO.DAAC, including Aquarius products across dataset levels. The table 3 lists the various Aquarius data products maintained at PO.DAAC with dataset level metadata that are unique to each dataset.

Table 18. Dataset-level Metadata Captured for Each Archived Dataset and Discoverable via PO.DAAC's On-line Catalogue. Listed attributes are grouped categorically. Values are intended for illustration purposes and are not necessarily Aquarius dataset related.

Metadata Field	Value(s)
PROJECT RELATED	
short name	EOS
long name	Earth Observing System
Provider Related	
short name	JPL PODAAC
long name	Jet Propulsion Laboratory, Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center
resource	http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov
Source Related	
short name	AQUARIUS_SAC-D
long name	Aquarius SAC-D
type	SPACECRAFT (currently null)
orbit period	98
inclination angle	98
description	Aquarius SAC-D is a joint venture between NASA and Argentina's Space Agency CONAE. In addition to NASA's Aquarius instrument CONAE instruments include MWR (Microwave Radiometer), NIRST (New Infrared Sensor Technology), HSC (High Sensitivity Camera), TDP (Technological Demonstration Package) and DCS (Data Collection System). Italy's ASI is providing ROSA (Radio Occultation Sounder for Atmosphere) and France's CNES Carmen 1 which consists of ICARE (Cosmic radiation effects) and SODAD (micro particles and space debris).
CITATION RELATED	
title	Aquarius Sea Surface Salinity Products
creator	Frank Wentz, Simon Yueh, Gary Lagerloef
version	
publisher	Goddard Ocean Color Group, Gene Feldman, Joel Gales
series name	Aquarius Sea Surface Salinity Products
release place	Goddard Space Flight Center, 8800 Greenbelt Rd.; Greenbelt, Md., 20771
citation detail	Aquarius Sea Surface Salinity Products
online resource	http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/salinity/data.html

Metadata Field	Value(s)	
CONTACT RELATED		
Role	Technical Contact	
Name	User Services	
email	podaac@podaac.jpl.nasa.gov	
phone	(null)	
fax	(null)	
address	(null)	
COVERAGE RELATED		
north latitude	90	
south latitude	-90	
west longitude	-180	
east longitude	180	
DATA POLICY RELATED		
data class	ARCHIVE-DIST	
data format	HDF5	
compress type	BZIP2	
checksum type	MD5	
spatial type	NONE	
access constraint	NONE	
use constraint	NONE	
REGION RELATED		
region	Global	
ONLINE RESOURCE RELATED		
Resource	Thumbnail Image	Guide Document (x below is 1, 2 or 3)
path	/data/export/web/thumbnails	ftp://podaac-ftp.jpl.nasa.gov/allData/aquarius/Lx/docs/Aquarius_Lx.html ftp://saltmarsh.jpl.nasa.gov/docs/
type	Thumbnail	dataset guide
SENSOR RELATED	Thumbnail image for Website	describes the level x Aquarius data
Sensor Related		
short name	AQUARIUS_RADIOMETER	AQUARIUS_SCATTEROMETER
long name	Aquarius Radiometer	Aquarius Scatterometer
swath width	390	373

10 Appendix 3: Archival of Aquarius Evaluation Datasets

Prior to release of the first validated Aquarius dataset version (V2.0, Feb. 2013) all Aquarius datasets were considered **evaluation** products and were thus subject to a [registration/disclaimer](#) acknowledgement process. **Users are strongly encouraged to use the current validated Aquarius data** rather than prior evaluation versions. However, PO.DAAC still maintains all Aquarius datasets produced by the data provider and designated for PO.DAAC archival. All evaluation, public Aquarius versions are still accessible via the legacy registration ftp site (<ftp://saltmarsh.jpl.nasa.gov>) and the access page <http://podaac.jpl.nasa.gov/AquariusDataAccess> (Login simply involves users specifying the email address that they used previously during registration). PO.DAAC also maintains a separate access controlled site for the Aquarius Science Team, where all Aquarius Cal/Val datasets and interim evaluation versions not for public distribution are maintained. At the time of writing (November 2017), all pre-V4.0 Aquarius datasets have been retired, and V4.0 will be retired from access within 6 months of V5.0 public release.